ASK FOR INDO-BALM CURES ALL ACHES & PAINS KARNIK BROS. BOMBAY 4

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXIX NO. 171 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 19, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

GONDAL RASASHALA'S "SHISHU SANJIVAN" Cures AILMENTS PECULIAR to INFANTS... Gives HEALTH VAIDYA MAHESHWAR BROS., 411, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. Tel. 23367. Dispensary, Purshottam Palace Sicca Nazar, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay. Richey Road, Ahmedabad. (Ask for detailed catalogue).

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

Prince Konoye Stages Come-back

Japanese Emperor Approves New Cabinet

Maker Of Pact With Russia Left Out

Tokio's Foreign Policy Still In The Making!

TOKYO, July 18.

After a forty-eight-hour crisis Prince Konoye returned to office to-day at the head of a "Watch and Wait" Cabinet with reputed "moderates" in the key posts.

EXIT MATSUOKA

The chief change from the Cabinet that resigned on Wednesday is the disappearance of the energetic, talkative and much travelled Mr. Yosuke Matsuoka, who signed Japan's Neutrality Pact with Russia. He is replaced as Foreign Minister by Admiral Teijiro Toyoda, Minister of Commerce and Industry in the outgoing Cabinet and a one-time naval attache in London. Admiral Toyoda has never been associated with any extremist faction.

NEW CABINET PERSONNEL

In the new Japanese Cabinet Prince Konoye remains the Prime Minister and also the Minister of Justice:

Admiral Teijiro Toyoda becomes Foreign and Overseas Minister.

Mr. Harumichi, formerly Communications Minister in the 1939 Cabinet becomes Home Minister, and General Hideki Tojo War Minister.

Admiral Koshiro Oikawa remains MINISTER FOR NAVY.

Mr. Shozo Murata MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS and RAILWAYS.

Lieut.-Gen. Chakahiko Koizumi MINISTER FOR WELFARE.

Former Home Minister Baron Kiichiro Hiranuma, Lt.-Gen. Teichi Suzuki and Lt.-Gen. Hisuke Yanagawa MINISTERS WITHOUT PORTFOLIO. The latter was formerly Minister of Justice.

Gen. Suzuki retains the post of Governor of the Planning Board.

OTHER OFFICERS REMAIN

Other chief officials in the Cabinet remain in office. They are Secretary to the Cabinet Minister, Mr. Kenji Tomita Director of the Legislative Bureau Mr. Naokai Murase and President of the Board of Information Dr. Nobumi Ito.—

Emperor Approves

Prince Konoye submitted to the Throne the list of the new Cabinet Ministers, which the Emperor approved.

Simultaneously His Majesty rejected the resignations of those members of the outgoing Cabinet who have been appointed members of Prince Konoye's third Cabinet. The Emperor personally conducted the investiture of the new comers in the Phoenix Hall of the Palace.

STOCKS GO UP.

The popularity of Prince Konoye was reflected by the stock markets favourable response to his acceptance for the third time of the Premiership. Nearly all stocks registered gains from two to ten yen.

First Cabinet Meeting

Following the first Cabinet meeting, which lasted eighteen minutes. Prince Konoye issued a brief statement asserting that he was determined to bring about a fundamental renovation of the national structure for a "bold and swift" realization of the Government's fixed policies to deal with the increasingly grave world situation.

Simultaneously the War Minister, Lt.-Gen. Hidki Tojo, and the Navy Minister, Admiral Koshiro Oikawa, issued a joint statement pledging the fullest support to the war-time Cabinet and declaring that the basic policies of the nation will remain unaltered.

It is officially announced that the next meeting of the Cabinet is scheduled for July 22nd.

SEVEN ENEMY SHIPS SUNK

British Submarines Torpedo Supply Ship Escorted By Italian Destroyer

LONDON, July 18.

British submarines in the Mediterranean have achieved further successes against the enemy's sea communications, states an Admiralty communique.

A supply ship which was escorted by Italian destroyers and aircraft has been hit by torpedoes and probably sunk.

A convoy consisting of one schooner and three large caiques all of which were carrying German troops, people and ammunition have been intercepted and all the four ships sunk.

In addition to this a convoy of one schooner and two large caiques which were carrying German troops and military stores have been sunk.

Both the schooners and the five caiques were flying the German flag.—Reuter.

WILL TOKIO CHANGE ITS FOREIGN POLICY?

TOKYO, July 18.

It is still not known what the foreign policy of the new Japanese Government is going to be.

The Japanese Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs questioned on this point at a Press Conference to-day said: "I can't say anything."

Harry Hopkins Says

ANGLO-U. S. PRODUCTION WILL OVERWHELM AXIS

LONDON, July 18.

Mr. Harry Hopkins stated at the American Embassy in London to-day that he will be in Britain for a week or ten days to discuss with the British Government and the American Ambassador, Mr. Winant. The whole problem of supply to the United Kingdom and the Middle East. "We are launching the biggest merchant ship building programme ever undertaken by any country", Mr. Hopkins said. "We are going to build enough ships to bring the goods into the United Kingdom and into every theatre in the world. where the democracies are fighting Hitler".

MORE AND MORE SHIPS.

Mr. Hopkins added that the United States were building one million tons of merchant shipping this year, six million next year and substantially more than that in 1943. Next year's figure was nearly two million tons more than that built by America in the peak year of the last war.

On munitions Mr. Hopkins said: "We have launched a vast programme of aeroplane production, which is moving ahead very rapidly now. Great new factories are coming into production in the near future, particularly for heavy four-engined bombers, which can reach the eastern and most parts of Germany and knockout factories and sources of supply. We are convinced that between England and America we can build far more of these planes per month than Germany—and better ones".

Mr. Hopkins said that America was substantially increasing the production of tanks, anti-tank guns, A. A. guns and munitions and he was also going to discuss supplies required for civil defence, such as fire-fighting equipment.

"We are going to see that food is in those ships and that adequate amounts of cheese, dairy products, fats and pork products gets to Britain.

TO OVERWHELM FASCISTS.

As general comment on production in America, I would say that production is increasing every month. It is going to increase every month and it is going to be more extensive than any body realises. The whole production efforts of Britain and America must be to supply munitions of war sufficient to overwhelm the Fascist dictators. That is the only purpose—to whip these fellows".

Asked if America would protect the transit of her goods across the Atlantic, Mr. Hopkins said: "The President has said that our goods are going to arrive: All I can say is we are going to do it. We are going to protect these ships, but I cannot discuss details."

ASSURANCE TO OPPRESSED.

"I am convinced that between the British Empire and the United States and those other countries that are still free we can make mechanised equipment in vastly superior quantities to Hitler. All those oppressed peoples who may be worrying about how this war is coming out may realise that this war just cannot be lost."—Reuter.

Empress In Exile Yet

Empress of Abyssinia is seen here with Princess Tenagre, the Princesses Sybil and Ruth, and her youngest son Prince Sahle Selassie in their home in Eng land.

Viceroy's Cabinet

New Appointments Next Week?

LONDON, July 18.

It is understood here that the announcement about new appointments to the Viceroy's Executive Council is expected to be made early next week.—Reuter.

SIMLA CONFIRMS IT

A Simla message says:—

It is learned that an announcement regarding the expansion of the Viceroy's Executive Council will be made early next week.—United Press.

(SEE PAGE 6)

Strike Situation In Cawnpore Improves

CAWNPORE, July 18.

The strike situation in Cawnpore has further improved this morning, and the Cawnpore Cotton mills, the Atherton West mills, New Victoria mills and the Elgin mills, which were closed till yesterday have resumed work partially.

The Lalimli, Mir mills., Kakomi, and Cawnpore textile mills are still completely closed.

The Swadeshi mills and the group of mills are working with full complement and normal conditions are expected to be restored within the next few days.

STOP PRESS

MAISKY'S THANKS TO INDIAN STUDENTS

NEW DELHI, July 18.

The General Secretary of the All-India Students' Federation has received a cable from M. Maisky, Soviet Ambassador in London in which he has expressed gratitude for the pledge of support by the Indian students to the Soviet youth and students in their war against Fascism and says that it has been submitted to the proper quarter.—A. P.

BREAK THROUGH STALIN LINE WIDENED

LONDON, July 18.

Preceded by a fanfare and drum roll and followed by military marches, a German High Command "communique" broadcast to-night (Friday) claimed that the break throogh the strongly fortified Stalin Line between Mogilev and Vitebsk had been widened beyond Smolensk.

The "communique" continues that Smolensk itself stubbornly defended by the enemy had been taken on July 16. All attempts of the enemy to recapture this town have been frustrated.—Reuter.

AGRA DETENUS ON HUNGER-STRIKE

AGRA, July 18.

Out of some 200 detenus in the Agra Jail, about 6 are said to be on a hunger-strike alleging that their grievances have not been redressed despite representations to the Government.

A partial hartal was observed here to-day in this connection.—A. P.

(SEE PAGE 7)

Rajen Babu's Health

PATNA, July 18.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad was examined by doctors yesterday. He has got a slight setback in his health owing to recurrence of asthmatic trouble due to change of weather in Patna and mental strain. He is running nearly normal temperature. Visits and business correspondence have been strictly forbidden.—United Press.

Six Lakh German Casualties

London Says Situation On Russian Front Is "Confused"

Overseas Germans Call To Colours

LONDON, July 18.

The situation on the Eastern Front is still very confused but from information reaching London, it appears that the Germans are advancing in four main attacks, firstly, in the direction of Leningrad, secondly in the Smolensk direction, thirdly towards Kiev and fourthly in Bessarabia. A great deal of fighting is going on.

600,000 GERMAN CASUALTIES

Reuter's correspondent somewhere in Europe writes:—"I learn that heavy losses on the Russian front are causing discontent among workmen in some parts of Germany notably Baden where the rumoured destruction of the Constance Regiment has created a sensation.

A German source estimated that the German casualties at the end of the first fort-night of the Russian war were 600,000.

Decrease is reported in the industrial production in the Ruhr owing to R. A. F. damage and there is disinclination on the part of the already overstrained workers to continue work during raids.

GERMAN CLAIMS

"Vast operations on the Eastern Front are proceeding in our favour in all sectors" states a German "communique."

"Strategic key positions of Bessarabia are in our hands", says a German-Rumanian "communique" according to the official German News Agency. "The fight for the capture and mopping up of Korneschti and Massif is finished. Chotin, Soroka, Orhei and Kichinev have been occupied."

(SEE PAGE 7)

RUSSO-CZECHOSLOVAK PACT SIGNED

National Czech Units To Fight Hitler: British Envoy To Benes

LONDON, July 18.

A Russo-Czech agreement was signed at the Soviet Embassy in London to-day according to "Soviet War News."

The agreement has been reached "on the exchange of diplomatic representatives between the two Governments and on the common struggle against Hitlerite Germany."

The Convention printed both in Russian and Czechoslovakian, was signed by M. Maisky for the Soviets and M. Jan Masaryk, Foreign Minister for Czechoslovakia.

CZECH UNITS IN RUSSIA

The agreement also provides for the formation in Russia of National Czechoslovak Military Units under a commander appointed by the Czechoslovak Government in agreement with the Soviet Government. Czechoslovak military units in Russia will operate under the direction of the Military High Command of the Soviet Union.

The agreement comes into force immediately after its signature and is not subject to ratification

BR. ENVOY TO BENES

Reuter's diplomatic correspondent learns that the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Eden to-day received the Czechoslovak Foreign Minister M. Jan Masaryk and informed him of the decision of the British Government to accord full recognition to the Czechoslovak Government and of the decision of the King to be accredited by an Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to President Benes of the Czechoslovak Republic.

Mr. P. B. B. Nichols has been appointed British Minister in Czechoslovakia.

SOVIET AMBASSADOR AT BR. EMBASSY

ANKARA: The Soviet Ambassador to Berlin, M. Dekanosov who is returning to Moscow via Turkey, lunched at the British Embassy yesterday.

While in Turkey he has seen both the Foreign Minister M. Sarajoglu and the Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, M. Menemencoglu.

NAZI MISSION FROM RUSSIA

The German Mission on arrival here from Moscow said that they had been well-treated by the Russians and saw no signs of unrest, which had been alleged in some circles here.—Reuter.

KARACHI.—An order under the Foreigners' Act, directing Shrikant Manthi, a labour worker and Secretary of the Karachi Electric Supply Corporation Workmen's Union and the Karachi Press Workers' Union, to leave British India forthwith, was served on Wednesday night. Shrikant hails from Mysore State.—A. P.

D. F. M. FOR INDIA-BORN AIRMAN

LONDON, July 18.

Sergeant Reginald Albert Goode, born in India in 1911, receives the Distinguished Flying Medal in the latest list of R. A. F. awards.—Reuter.

Franco On The Fence

Goes All Out Against Russia And Makes Veiled Attack On Britain

MADRID, July 18.

Gen. Franco in the course of a speech heard by the full Diplomatic Corps including the U. S. Ambassador and the British Minister, gave a resume of the war up-to-date and made a virulent attack on Soviet Russia, which he said "had not wished to participate in the Allied front but was reserving herself for the final act."

Gen Franco aligned himself with the Totalitarian Powers in what he described as "the crusade begun against the Communist dictatorship, which has destroyed as a blow the artful campaign against Totalitarian countries."

CHARGE AGAINST STALIN

M. Stalin he described as an ally of democracy. "Our resolution, he said, to-day finds unexpected justification in the world. We renew our faith in the destinies of our country, which must be watched by our armies and the Falange closely and united.

In his speech Gen. Franco lengthily spoke of Spain's economic difficulties and said that yesterday they had had to import two million tons of cereals and added. "if we found friendly countries, such as Argentina, which aided the acquisition, they ought to know that others had tried to put obstacles in the way of provisioning our country."

Gen. Franco proceeded to state that at the worst moments of the crisis they had tried to import a hundred thousand tons already bought from North America, "but the efforts of our representatives failed, owing to the sudden disposition of that nation prohibiting export. When that country appeared to make Spain offers of help and collaboration, there was always behind them an attempt at political influencing incompatible with our sovereignty and our dignity as a free people."

SPANISH AMERICA

Gen. Franco said that he would like all corners of Spain to feel the restlessness of these moments in which the fate of Europe and Spain is being decided. Although they had no doubts of the result, "to those brotherly voices reaching us from Spanish America, anxious for the fate and future of our nation, we reply with faith and confidence in our

(Continued on page 7, col. 3)

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE". if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Muslim, Young, Educated and handsome wishes to correspond with a cultured Lady for marriage. Any nationality. Correspondence strictly confidential. M. C/o General Order Suppliers, "B" Block, Top Floor, Paltan Road, Fort, Bombay. (14829)

Wanted—Literate Bride from influential family of modern views for young Muslim Graduate officer from educated family. Memon preferred. Please correspond with Photo if any. Box No. 14825, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted educated bride of respectable family for foreign qualified doctor, Kshatriya by caste, aged 32 years, earning about Rs. 1,000 a month in U. P. No caste restrictions. Apply with details and photo to Box No. 14767, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted:—Matrics, Non-Matrics for sub-office establishments in Bombay Presidency. Apply Indo-Finance and Transportation Corporation, Delhi. (14826)

Situations vacant for Matric and B.A.'s on Rs. 30 and 50 p. m. Apply with reply postage to Industries (India) Ltd., Delhi. (14742)

Wanted a part time Drawing Teacher of either sex, who has passed Drawing Teacher's Examination. Apply to or see personally the Lady Superintendent, Indian Education Society's High School for Girls, Branch No. 1, Vasant Nivas, Dadar. (14821)

Wanted a Superintendent for the Health School, Poona. Medical women with a Diploma in Maternity and Child Welfare like the one given by the All-India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health, Calcutta, or Registered Nurses with Health Visitor's Diploma will be considered eligible for the post. Fluent knowledge of Marathi is essential. Starting salary according to qualifications and experience from Rs. 125/- to Rs. 250/-. Free furnished Quarters will be provided. Please apply to Box No. 5502, "Bombay Chronicle" before 20th August, 1941 stating qualifications and experience of organization and teaching with copies of recent testimonials and stating the salary expected. The applicant is expected to take charge of the appointment on 1st October, 1941.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted immediately an Overseer for Development work in a Suburb of Bombay. Hard working and experienced man should only apply, salary Rs. 40/- p. m. Apply Box No. 14830, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted immediately Gujrati knowing lady graduate or S. T. C. preferred for Sanskrit etc. Apply to Secretaries, Dhunji Devsey, Rashtriyashala, (Girls' High School), Ghatkopar. (14833)

Wanted tube well boring contractor for Bandra, 5" x 50' boring. Also R. C. C. Contractor for small Bungalow, Post Box 448, Bombay. (14828)

Wanted efficient Manager, experienced in financial investments advances and recoveries, able in office organization. Apply Box No. 14820, "Bombay Chronicle."

At Bombay, qualified Nurses or with hospital experience required Age under 40. Salary Rupees 40 to 75. Boarding and lodging arranged. Apply Relief Association, Jiji House, Ravelin Street, behind Excelsior Theatre, Fort, Bombay. (14764)

Wanted smart People to sell fancy ornaments of London New Gold and earn Rs. 85/- to Rs. 270/- p. m. Catalogue and Agency terms from London C. Company P. B. 27, Amritsar. (5534)

70. BUNGALOWS TO LET

Versowa near sea "Shanti-Niketan" storied furnished Bungalow with Telephone and Modern conveniences whole or in parts immediate occupation. Enquire Bhagwandas Ramdas 44443 or 86306. (14818)

72. TO LET IN SUBURBS

Santa Cruz, Besant Street, Ankleseria's westerly facing block 4 rooms Rs. 22/-. (14832)

81. GODOWNS WANTED

Wantel Leakproof Godowns, about 1500 square feet, floor space, Sewri, Mazagaon, or Dock area. Apply immediately Box No. 5618, "Bombay Chronicle."

191. MEDICAL ADLETS.

Businessman in touch with influential gentlemen could sell on commission basis Ayurvedic, Unani, Homoeopathic and Allopathic drugs of Indian manufacture. Apply sending catalogues, pamphlets and handbills. Post Box No. 638. (14807)

Antitap Ague specific is an effective economical, household remedy against Fevers, influenza, constipation, headache, vomitting, etc. (14749)

The Bombay, Chronic, ill Bomb or rather Balm for all Aches and pains is Amrutanjan. (5485)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS.

Matrics! become graduates (Punjab University) with 15 months' home-study. Particulars against 9p stamp. Dewan's, Bhadarkali, Lahore. (14792)

347. LOANS & MORTAGES

Immediate Loans on Personal Bond or mortgages. Big Loans also advanced! Bombay Loans Finance Corporation, Balaram House, Charni Road, Tram Junction. (14827)

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted—Organisers and Chief Agents for unrepresented areas on decent terms. Please apply to Managing Director, Aryan Provident Assurance Ltd. (Estd. 1929) 3 & 4, Hare Street, Calcutta. (14824)

466. NURSERIES & SEEDSMEN

Seeds and Plants—The Amin Nursery. Inside Crawford Market, Bombay. (14782)

549. FURNITURE FOR SALE

Quality furniture in modern style. Please visit Gujarat Furniture Works, 204, Charni Road, Girgaum, Bombay. 'Phone: 25498. (14787)

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

For Recovery of your Claims and Decrees due from Cawnpore, Lucknow, Allahabad Benares and other places in U. P., write to Post Box 526, Bombay Telephone No. 22848. (14819)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

THE POSTPONED CITY AND GUILDS EXAMINATIONS for the Baroda Centre will now be held from 2nd to 16th August, 1941. For the detailed programme apply to the PRINCIPAL, Kala Bhavan Technical Institute, Baroda. 5611.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE OFFICE of the Controller of Purchase, Indian Stores Department, Bombay will close in the Reserve Bank Building on the 19th July, 1941 and reopen in the first floor, Ahmedabad House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, on the 21st July, 1941.

There are no changes in the telephone numbers. (5612)

ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE RESIDENT MANAGER, THE CONCORD OF INDIA INSURANCE CO., LTD., has pleasure in announcing that Messrs. MADHAVLAL & CO., LTD., of Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, have been appointed our CHIEF AGENTS for underwriting Fire and Motor Car Insurance. (5609)

POWELLS LIMITED.

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS, POWELLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of POWELLS LTD will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Lamington Road, Bombay, at 6 o'clock (Standard Time) on the Nineteenth day of July, 1941, (to-day), when the sub-joined Resolution will be proposed as a special Resolution.

"In article 99 the word or figure 6 shall be substituted for the word or figure 9 and the word or figure 9 shall be substituted for the word or figure 12."

Dated, this 23rd day of June 1941.

Bombay.

By Order of the Board,
Y. R. VAIDYA,
Secretary. (5598)

THE WARDEN INSURANCE CO., LTD.

BOMBAY.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy No. 938 for Rs. 1,000/- issued by this Company on the life of Mr. ARJUNRAO BHAURAO POWAR, a duplicate Policy will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from this day.

K. S. RAMCHANDRA IYER,
General Secretary.

Bombay, dated 16-7-41. (5615)

FOR SALE

PRATT BUILDING AT THE JUNCTION OF HUGHES & HARVEY ROADS, CHAWPATTY.

The undersigned invites offers in sealed covers for the purchase of the above property bearing Municipal D Ward No. 2715 (1) and Street Nos. 23-25. The offers will be received upto the 5th August, 1941. The undersigned is not bound to accept the highest or any offer. For further particulars, apply to the undersigned.

B. K. DESAI,
Official Liquidator,
T. R. Pratt (Bombay) Ltd.
(in liquidation).

Manekji Wadia Building,
125, Esplanade Road,
Fort, Bombay.
7th July, 1941. (5523)

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SHAMJI MULJI, who has agreed to purchase the undermentioned property from Krishnanath Vishwanath Sawe, Jayant Vishwanath Sawe, Padmanath Vishwanath Sawe, Ramdatta Vishwanath Sawe and Laxmikant Vishwanath Sawe, has contracted to sell the same to our client free from all encumbrances. Any person having any claim in, to or upon the said property by way of sale, mortgage, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easements or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office, 98, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be treated as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY:

All That piece of freehold land with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Dubash Lane, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay admeasuring 312 Square Yards bearing Collector's Old No. 140, New No. K/1214, Old Survey No. 6, New Survey No. 9/7410, Cadastral Survey No. 632 of Girgaum Division and bearing Municipal D Ward No. 1833(3), Street No. 2B and bounded on the East by the property of Vinayakrao Dhundiraj Bivalkar, on the West by a road and beyond that by Plot No. 11A, on the North partly by the property of Mancherji Cawasji Davar and partly by the property of Vinayakrao Dhundiraj Bivalkar and on the South by Plot No. 14.

Dated this 18th day of July, 1941.

SHAH AND CHINUBHAI,
Purchaser's Attorneys. (5606)

HIGH COURT
O. O. C. J.

Suit No. 921 of 1941.

THE NEW CITIZEN BANK OF INDIA, LTD., & Ors. ... Plaintiffs
versus
MEYER NISSIM ..... Defendant

To,
MEYER NISSIM, Esq.,
the Defendant abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that this Hon'ble Court will be moved before His Lordship Mr. Justice Kania on Tuesday the 22nd instant at 11 A.M. (S.T.) on behalf of the plaintiffs for an order that the defendant do vote at the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Asian Assurance Co., Ltd., to be held on the 16th instant or any adjournment thereof in such manner as the plaintiffs direct him to do and that pending the hearing of this suit he be restrained by injunction from attending the said Annual General Meeting or any adjournment thereof and from having his votes recorded thereat in any manner contrary to the wishes and directions of the plaintiffs.

TAKE NOTICE also that leave has been obtained for service of this Notice of Motion before the service of the Summons as also for short-dated service thereof.

Dated this 17th day of July, 1941.

PEREIRA FAZALBHOY & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

NOTE:—The joint affidavit of Dattatraya Damodar Deshpande and others, dated the 16th instant will be used in support of this Notice of Motion. 5614

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE AT NAVSARI, BARODA STATE

IN THE MATTER OF THE WINDING UP BY COURT OF THE VYARA ELECTRICT INDUSTRIES LIMITED UNDER THE BARODA COMPANY ACT OF S. Y. 1975.

BE IT KNOWN TO ALL that VIRCHAND MEGHJI THOBHAN, of Bombay, a Shareholder has filed a petition to wind up by the Court the Vyara Electrict Industries, Ltd., a Company registered under the Baroda State Companies Act of S. Y. 1975, having its Registered Office at Vyara T. V. Rly.

The Court has fixed the 11th August, 1941 at 11-30 a.m. for hearing the petition, any creditor or contributory of the above said Company, who wishes to oppose the petition to wind up the said Company, by Court should be present either personally or through pleader at the hearing any creditor or contributory can obtain a copy of the petition on payment of the prescribed charge from the undersigned.

An application has also been made for the appointment of a provisional liquidator and it will also be heard on the 11th August 1941

K. J. MAJUMDAR,
R. J. MAJUMDAR,
Pleaders for the petitioner.

Navsari,
Dated 13th July, 1941. 5613.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RAICHAND JIVAJI, RATANCHAND JIVAJI, KAPURCHAND AIDANJI and Bai TOLI, wife of the said Kapurchand Aidanji have contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise howsoever, is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY:—ALL that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground, containing by admeasurement 7489 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house, standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under 'B' Ward Nos. 955-956 and Street Nos. 14, 15 to 18-20 (Old) and New Nos. 46-48, all which premises are situate at Kolsa Street, near Pydhonie in the City of Bombay and Registration district and Sub-District of Bombay and are bounded on the East by the said Kolsa Street, on the West by Sweepers passage, on the North by the property of the Vendor and on the South by the property of Noormahomed Jasaf and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1270 of Mandvi Division.

SECONDLY:—ALL that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground, containing by admeasurement 45.22 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house, standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under 'B' Ward No. 957 and Street Nos. 22-24 (Old) and New No. 44 all which premises are situate at Kolsa Street, near Pydhonie in the City of Bombay and Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay and are bounded on the East by the said Kolsa Street, on the West by the Sweepers passage, on the North by the property of Kassum Haji Umer and on the South by the property of Memon Tyeb Haji Ayub and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1269. Mandvi Division.

Dated this 17th day of July, 1941

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN,
Purchaser's Attorneys. (5607)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. NARAYAN MAHADEO SURVE of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 76, Tamarind Lane, Ali Chambers, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:—

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Sion Road, Matunga in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay in the Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 2009 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1/6 of Sion Division, and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under 16 'F' Ward Nos. 7859(3), 7859(1) and 7859(2) and Street Nos. 1426-B, 1426 and 1426A and bounded as follows: That is to say, on or towards the East partly by Railway land and partly by Sion Road, on or towards the West and South by land in the occupation of G. I. P. Railway, on or towards the North by the property of Municipal Corporation and which premises are now occupied by the Vendor.

Dated this 17th day of July, 1941.

CHOKSEY & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys. (5616)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BEHRAMJI FRAMJI GAZDAR, BURJORJI FRAMJI GAZDAR and DHUNJISHAW BHIKAJI RANA, the Administrators of the estate of RUTTONJI RUSTOMJI RANA, deceased, all of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client Mr. LAXMIDAS GORDHANDAS free from all incumbrances.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office Nos. 2-4 Oak Lane Medows Street, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension and Tax Tenure (cess whereof has been redeemed) with the building or structure standing thereon admeasuring eighty-eight (88) Square Yards of thereabouts, situate lying and being at Girgaum Road, Chira Bazar in the Bhuleshwar Division and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 561, Municipal Ward No. 7 (c) 2, Street No. 452 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the EAST by the public road called the Girgaum Road, on or towards the WEST by a vacant passage, on or towards the NORTH by the property of Jiwanchand H. Javeri and on or towards the SOUTH by the property of the Purchaser.

Dated this 18th day of July, 1941.

MEHTA LALJI & CO.
Purchaser's Attorneys.

5619

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.,

Government Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF DYNAMO, ENGINE, TRACTORS, WALKING CHARLIE, BALLOON RACER. ETC.,

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Thakordas Daru Hemany & Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Indian Industries Fair Ltd., the Pledgees and on account and at the risk of Mr. O. D. Harder, the Pledgor, sell by Public Auction on Monday the 28th day of July, 1941 at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at No. 72, Medows Street, Fort:—

Articles of Exhibition Museum including Two Fordson Tractors, one Dynamo 20 H. P. 440 Volts of G.E.C. Make, Dutz Engine with chassis are lying in the Vendors' Godowns, Dhobiwada Road, below Mahalaxmi Bridge.

And one Steel Globe, Walking Charlie (Game), one Baloon Racer (Game) and Sheets for a Tank and a wooden ladder (for dive Jump) are lying in Godown No. 25 B, Mancherji Palanji's Wadi, near Byculla Dairy Farm, Sussex Road.

Terms:—25 per cent deposit.

The above goods are lying in the aforesaid Godowns and will be on view from Saturday the 26th July, 1941.

GANDHI & CO.,

EASTERN AUCTION CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Dr. Dastoor Bungalow, Nalgaum Cross Road, Near Narielvala Fire Temple, DADAR (G. I. P. Rly.), of complete Bungalow furniture, H. M. V. Cabinet Gramophone, Singer Machine, Drawing Room Cabinet, Remington Portable Typewriter, Wrist Watches, Rajvanshi Zula, Rocking Horse, Musical Box, Chesterfield Sets, Ice Box, Hall Carpets, Wardrobes, Remington Typewriter, Harmonium, Bronze Figures, Wall Clock, Old Curios Vases and Figures, Dining Table and Chairs, etc. Property of an European Gentleman and others. On view.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF SCHOOL FURNITURE ETC.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver in Suit No. 2076 of 1940 (The Trust of India Assurance Co., Ltd., v/s Rao Bahadur R. G. Mundle and others), Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 24th July, 1941, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), at Dadar in the premises of New India School on Kohinoor Road on the way towards G. I. P. Station and close to the Imperial Bank of India's Dadar branch, school furniture such as:

A big lot of tables, big lots of ordinary and folding chairs, black boards, book cases and stands, stools, 1 set Montessori apparatus, carrom boards, gramophone, harmonium (hand), etc.

On view 2 days before the date of sale.

BENNETT & CO.,

TO-NIGHT & THIS WEEK
BOMBAY TALKIES' DELIGHTFUL MUSICAL EXTRAVAGANZA
KANGAN KANGAN
LEELA CHITNIS— ASHOK KUMAR
Daily At 4-30, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sat. Sun. Extra Shows at 2 p.m.
HINDMATA
VINCENT ROAD

BHAVNANI'S Social Drama
PREM NAGAR
BIMLA KUMARI— HUSNA BANU
TO-NIGHT & THIS WEEK
Daily at: 4-30, 7 & 10 p.m.
Sat. Sun. Matinees at 2 p.m.
APOLLO SURYA CINEMA
Tata Mill—Vincent Road

SECOND WEEK!
RANJIT'S Social Hit!
PARDESI
Romantic Story of a Maiden's Sacrifice for Love
MOTILAL, KHURSHID
SNEHPRABHA
Daily: 4; 6-45; 9-45 p.m.
Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-15 p.m.
CHITRA
Vincent Road.—Dadar
Free list Entirely Suspended

Coming Soon—
TO CONQUER THE HEARTS OF MILLIONS
MINERVA'S
MILLION RUPEE MOTION PICTURE
SIKANDAR
—DIRECTION—
SOHRAB MODI
A GOLD-LEAF FROM ANCIENT HISTORY AWAITED BY MILLIONS OF MINERVA FANS, SIKANDAR IS SOON COMING TO THE SILVER SCREEN.
With A Staggering Cast of Hundreds
Supported By Thousands.

5th Week
WADIAS' GLORIOUS HISTORICAL
MANTHAN
(Justice of Vikram)
RADHARANI, RAJKUMARI
SARDAR MANSUR
AT
IMPERIAL
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Mat. at 1 p.m. on Sat. & Sun.
ZENANA SHOW
at 1 p.m. on WEDNESDAY

EVERYONE IS HUMMING THE TUNES FROM
DALSUKH PANCHOLI'S
"KHAZANCHI"
THE MOST POPULAR MUSICAL OF 1941
Starring:
RAMOLA, ISMAIL, MANORAMA, NARANG
9 SONGS
IN ITS
16th WEEK
AT KRISHNA
Daily 4, 7 & 10 p. m.
SAT, SUN. & HOLIDAYS
MATINEE AT 1-30 P. M.
SUN. MORNING SHOW 9-30 A.M.

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YOUR OPPORTUNITY

Never before has a man of Professor Sekhar's professional ability has consented to place his services at the disposal of the public for such a nominal fee. Send your Date of Birth with 5 QUESTIONS regarding your future and he will send you simple, direct, correct, unambiguous replies, the accuracy of which will amaze you greatly. Fee Re. 1/4 by M. O. Postage extra if by V. P. If you are not perfectly satisfied, even this sma'l fee will be refunded. Read what
The Honourable Minister
Of C. P. 1934 wrote:—"You have answered some specific questions put to you. So far the answers turned out alright." You too will have similar satisfaction.
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With your answers I will also send FREE a general forecast upon your Finance, Profession, Home, Health, Love, Luck, Marriage, etc., covering the next 12 months. Take advantage of this Great Offer, at once.
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ELLORE,
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A Specific for Diabetes. Eliminates sugar most admirably and reduces specific gravity as well as number times of urination. With suitable vehicles, thickens vital fluid and cures impotency
MANAGING PROPRIETOR
MOTHURAMOHAN MUKHOPADHYAYA CHAKRAVARTY, B.A.
—:Proprietors:
Mothuramohan, Phanindra Mohan & late Lalmohan Mukhopadhyaya Chakravarty.

THE BANK OF INDIA, Limited.
ESTABLISHED: 1906
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 2,00,00,000
Capital Paid up ..... Rs 1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs 1,15,50,000
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
INVEST IN GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEFENCE LOANS
The Bank of India, Ltd. Head Office, Bombay, and Branches will assist its clients desiring to invest.
A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

ON THE AIR

SATURDAY, JULY 19.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)
5 p.m. Zohra Jan. 5-15 Vilayat Khan. 5-30 Sohan Singh. 5-50 Manohar: Geets. 6-15 M. Siddiq. 6-30 Mian ki Malhar on Vichitra Veena. 6-45 Zohra Jan. 7 Vilayat Khan. 7-15 Raftar-i-Zamana: Weekly review of current events in Hindustani. 7-30 Sohan Singh. 7-45 M. Siddiq. 8 Lest We Forget. July 19: Roosevelt declares American attitude to the War. 8-15 For Villagers only. 9-45 Gayak. 10 Beswa: Play in Hindustani. 10-25 Darbari Kanhra on Vichitra Veena.

Bombay I & II —Programmes

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
7-30 to 8-5 a.m. As in Delhi 2. 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Delhi 2. 8-40 News in Marathi. 8-50 News in Gujarati. 9 to 9-20 As in Delhi 2. 9-20 A. R. P. Talk. 12 noon to 12-57 p.m As in Delhi 2. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 to 1-30 As in Delhi 2. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 to 2 As in Delhi 2.
From 7-30 Bombay 2 will operate on 61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s).
5 p.m. Tomorrow. 5-5 Indian music. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Indian music. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani 6-10 Variety programme. 7 Lord Birdwood's talk to Mothers of Indian Soldiers. 7-15 Indian music. 7-25 Local news and announcements. 7-45 Indian music. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-20 Commercial news. 8-25 Indian music 8-30 Berlin ki Khabren: Talk. 8-45 Listeners' letters. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 10 to 10-45 As in Delhi 2.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).
370.4 metres (810 kc/s)
5 p.m Commentary on I.F.A. Football League match between League Champions and the Rest from the C.F.C Ground. 5-50 Commentary (Continued). 6-5 Commentary (Continued). 6-10 Four film songs. 6-25 For rural and industrial areas. 7-5 Instrumental duet. 7-20 Kamal Das Gupta. 7-30 Instrumental duet. 7-40 Panchadashi (Serial novel). 8 Pradosh Pratima. 9 Nina Vaness and A. Hara Sen. 10 Half an hour of Rhythm.

Madras I—Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)
4 p.m. For women in English. 4-30 Your programme. 5 Orchestral variety. 5-45 Sildar Padal. 6-5 S. R. Venkatesan: Recitation of compositions. 6-30 Instrumental variety. 7 Not so Intricate. 2: Pragmatism: Talk in Telugu. 7-10 Addanki Sriramamurti. 7-50 Karaikudi Sambasiva Iyer: Veena. 9-45 Topical talk relayed from B B C. 10 As in Madras 2.

Trichy Programme

396 metres (758 kc/s)
5 p.m. Instrumental overture. 5-15 Shrimati T. C. Sushcela. 6-5 Popular tunes. 7-15 Tala Vadya Katcheri. 7-50 As in Madras.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE
G. I. P. Railway.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6-00	22-00
Peshawar Express	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	8-45	18-15
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	9-20	20-30
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10-30	17-33
Punjab Mail	11-30	17-45
Nagpur Express	15-10	21-00
Poona Express	19-20	08-09
Allahabad Express	20-10	07-00
Poona Fast Passenger	21-45	12-09

B. B. & C. I. Railway
(Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.)

	Arr. H.M	Dep H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-05
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Kathiawar Mail	6-50	21-30
Frontier Mail	8 15	21-15
	(Mon)	(Sat)
The Flying Ranee, Surat	*9 48	15-10
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10-58	00-00
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)	00-00	18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	19-05	08-45

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday this train will run on Tuesday.

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below New York May 507 cent points at 331

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, July 17

Broach J/A highest 256 lowest 252 1/2 closing 253
Broach A/M highest 284 1/4 lowest 279 closing 279 1/4
Oomra July highest 227 1/2 lowest 222 closing 222
Oomra D/J highest 229 lowest 225 closing 225
Bengal July highest 158 1/2 lowest 156 1/2 closing 156 1/2
Bengal D/J highest 153 lowest 152 closing 152

LINSEED AND WHEAT.

Bombay, July 18

Linseed September	Rs. 6	2 6
Linseed May	8	15 3
Wheat September	4	10 0
Wheat January	4	14 9
Wheat May	6	7 9

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 17

T T London on :—	
New York	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
Madrid	40.50
Montreal	4.43/4.47
Berne	17.30/17.40
Stockholm	16.85/16.95

LONDON SEEDS

London, July 17

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe	21/10 1/2
Wheat Barletta Russo	20/10 1/2
Wheat South Australian	27/6

LONDON RUBBER

London, July 17

Smoked sheet standard ribbed per lb buyers 13 9/16d.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London, July 17

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	69 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£90
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£99 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£82
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£106 3/8
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	£105
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£114
Victory bonds 4 per cent	£112 5/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£8 15/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg)	£80
National Bank of India	31 1/2

Cautious Trading On N. Y. Cotton Exchange

IMMINENCE OF PRICE CONTROL

Long Liquidation Meets Trade Support And Covering

Bombay, July 18

Operators on the New York cotton market were cautious pending new developments. Prices declined on long liquidation but recovered on trade support and short covering.

The market was unsettled by the request of the Commodity Exchange Administration for higher margins and by the imminence of price control despite the expected strong farm bloc opposition.

The demand of the Commodity Exchange Administration for higher margins is a new feature while the question of the price control is being discussed for some time. Cotton Mills and representatives of farmers in the Congress are opposed to price control but the Washington administration is determined to have regulate prices and they have now prepared a plan to control prices and fix ceilings. This move is mainly aimed to check reckless speculation which can ultimately disorganise trade and dislocate economic life. With rising prices, the cost of living is increasing and naturally it may lead to inflation. Thus the Government has not only look to the interest of commodity prices but has a greater responsibility. If there was no Government loans, prices would not have been able to maintain the structure. Thus when it becomes the duty of the Government to save prices from a decline, in the same way some sort of control is needed to check rampant advances. Thus it appears that parity levels may be taken as ceilings. However in view of strong opposition it is difficult to form any opinion and let us await details of the Government plan.

NEW YORK MARKET

On Wednesday the New York cotton market opened steady. After early irregularity on correction of differences declined on Commission House liquidation, local and New Orleans selling, uncovering of stop-loss orders and less persistent Mill demand. Subsequently prices rallied on improved trade support and short covering. The present decline is more of a reactionary nature as weather over the cotton Belt is unfavourable

At the opening October was quoted 6 points down at 15.64 and under increased selling declined to 15.53 which was the lowest level. Thereafter there was trade buying and October advanced to 15.71 which was the highest level. The market finally closed at a net decline of 3 points to a rise of 6 points. Spot cotton prices declined 3 points at 16.32c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also quietly steady and closed at a decline of 3 points to a rise of 8 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 2 points at 15.42c per lb.

INCREASING COTTON CONSUMPTION

The 'Cotton Trade Journal' writes:—

At long last a great deal of attention is being directed toward increasing the consumption of cotton in this country and the point is being made that the mills themselves are not doing the research work that they should but, instead, seem to be relying upon the government and its laboratories to do all the work in this direction. The disconcerting fact has just been brought out in a study of textile concerns by a Federal government agency that, in an analysis of the expenses of 33 mill concerns it was found that only one-hundredth of one per cent of all money spent went into research. It would appear that, without straining themselves in the least, the mills could do ten times the research they now are doing and, of course, greatly benefit by it. This is an age of research and experimentation.

In the matter of research the cotton mill industry is far behind other industries. For instance, in the same Federal study mentioned above, it was brought out that in one hundred American enterprises outside of textiles, production men and research workers found 280 new products. It goes without saying that in this time of keen competition, and especially the competition which cotton is getting from synthetic fibers, every large mill should have its own research laboratory, well manned and well supplied with funds. The president of world-famed M.I.T., Dr. Karl Compton, pointed out the other day that right now research in every direction is more essential to any manufacturer than it ever was before. He made the point that if economic dislocation following the present war is to be avoided there is the greatest need for ever widening effort in the research field.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest (1-16 p.m.)	15.71+04
New York October lowest (11-23 a.m.)	15.53—17

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York. (16-7-41): Technical reaction. Weather continues unfavourable.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 17

October	15.67+03
December	15.80+02
January	15.82
March	15.88+04
May	15.85+06
Middling Spot	16.32—03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, July 17

October	15.67—03
December	15.88+05
January	15.89+06
March	15.98+08
May	15.96+07
Middling Spot	15.42+02

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 17

11 a.m. call. Noon call

July	15.47	15.35
October	15 57	15.58
December	15.79	15.69

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, July 17

Bales.
Day's receipts at all U S Ports 10,000

RAILWAY RETURNS

Messrs. Killick Nixon and Co have issued the following Audited Returns of Traffic of various railways for the month of April:—

	For April 1941.	Increase + or Decrease — when compared with April 1940.	Increase + or Decrease — when compared with corresponding period of previous year.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
			From 1-1-41 to 30-4-41.
Tapti Valley Rly.	3,42,170	+44,420	13,51,591 +1,90,603
Ahmedabad Prantej Rly.	1,08,596	— 5,581	4,71,629 + 77,970
			From 1st to 30th April '41.
Guzerat Railways	47,613	— 2,710	47,613 — 2,710
			From 1-10-40 to 30-4-41.
Central Prov. Rlys.	72,725	+ 6,875	4,60,120 + 69,304
Mandra Bhon Rly.	18,365	+ 2,235	1,31,686 + 25,980
Sialkot Narowal Rly.	46,665	+12,691	3,35,849 + 80,216

SPECULATORS RESIST ADVANCE IN COTTON PRICES

Good Demand From Mills

Bombay, July 17

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following weekly report:—

Until yesterday when there was a reaction of 20/30 points the New York market continued its upward trend and fresh new high levels for over ten years were recorded. Consumption in America goes on at a high rate, the total for last month being 875,000 bales, which was about the same daily rate as for the two previous months. On top of the low acreage figure published last week, the weather recently has not been too favourable for the growing crop, and the fear of damage this year from the boll weevil is growing to such an extent that it has been suggested that this may be as heavy as was the case in the year 1923. The damage to the crop in 1923 from this pest was estimated at 19.2 per cent, while the average damage for the last ten years is estimated at less than 10 per cent. Whatever the weather has in store for us, it is evident that the crop is now on the defensive and it is more than probable that the coming crop will be less than the prospective offtake. With such a position ahead it will be dangerous to take a bearish view of American cotton, but at the same time we should hesitate to look for much higher prices in New York for the market is now nearing a level at which the Government can exercise a corrective by the free sale of Government owned cotton in the Loan.

LOCAL SITUATION

In Bombay the position has been developing much as expected. With good quality becoming exhausted the basis for all such cotton has hardened still further. During the last week the demand from consumers has shown no sign of abating but as Indian Mills make sales of cloth further and further ahead we can look for the demand for actual cotton to become concentrated more on New Crop deliveries. As this business develops, the demand for cover must be felt in the hedge contract market, where the supply of contracts will be limited. We shall be very surprised if higher prices do not result. During the past week speculators have continued to resist the advance and rumour mongers have again been busy. It has seemed to us that the latter have again been paying too much attention to the lying propaganda emanating from Berlin.

Weather in many of India's cotton growing districts has not been too favourable as there has been too much rain, with the result that sowing of the new crop has been delayed. We think we can now safely say that most of our rain grown crops are going into the ground not less than one month behind the normal date, which is unfortunate as it must aggravate during the next few months what is already a tight position for actual cotton. This situation is being relieved somewhat by increased imports of Uganda, Sudan and Egyptian cottons, all of which are relatively reasonable in price as compared with longer stapled Indian varieties.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, July 18

Yesterday London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 1/2 at New York.

London silver prices were unchanged and both Spot and forward was quoted at 23 3/8d. New York Spot silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 3/16. London Bombay Spot and forward silver parity was Rs. 62-5-9. The local market was quiet with a restricted business.

Mysore gold of about 65,000 tolas was taken up at Rs. 42/6 by a local firm and the market was steady.

Quotations were as under:

GOLD

Ready	Rs. 42 3 9
Shravan	42 3 6
Bhadarva	42 4 0
Sovereigns	28 8 6

SILVER

Ready	63 0 0
Shravan	62 15 0
Bhadarva	62 14 0

LONDON SEEDS

London, July 17

Spot	23 3/8
Forward	23 3/8

LONDON GOLD

London, July 17

Gold Bars Fine per oz £8-8-0

BARTER COTTON ARRIVES AT LIVERPOOL

About 7,000 bales have arrived from United States of barter cotton and are being distributed in usual way.

PRECIOUS METALS

Bombay, July 18

The following are the weekly quotations for the precious metals:

Platinum 100 per cent Rs. 95 per tola Elephant Brand
Platinum 97 per cent Rs. 94 per tola Elephant Brand
Platinum 25 per cent Rs. 25 per tola Anchor Brand.
Palladium 100 per cent Rs. 60 per tola
Iridium 100 per cent Rs. 200 per tola
Osmium 100 per cent Rs. 70 per tola
Ruthenium 100 per cent Rs. 90 per tola
Rhodium 100 per cent Rs. 500 per tola

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, July 18

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:—
Ready Bond Rs. 13-6-0
Shipment September Rs. 9-6-0 F B H
Indian sugars ready:—
Ready (ordinary) Rs. 14-12-0 to 15-2-0
Ready (large grain) Rs. 15 4-0 to 15-12-0
Tone:—Steady.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, July 18

The general trend of the market continued bullish to-day bearing profit-taking reactions. Tata Deferreds opened around the previous closing level at 2065 and in the first instance advanced to 2085, while Tata Ordinaries which opened at 392-8 went ahead to 396. Later prices reacted on scattered selling Tata Deferreds declining to 2067-8 and Tata Ordinaries to 394. Towards the close again an improvement was noted, Tata Deferreds being finally quoted at 2070 and Tata Ordinaries at 394, Textile shares continued to rule steady to strong, with Bombay Dyeings ruling around 1127-8. Simplexes were done at 129 Indian Krons kept unchanged at 32-4.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (2067-8) 2065 85 67-8 75 70
Tata Ordinaries (392) 392-8 96 94 96 94
Tata Ordinary 394; Tata Deferred 2070; Indian Iron 32/4; Steel Corpn of Bengal 20/2; Bombay Dyeing 1125; Central India 335; Century 430; Gokak 215; Kohinoor 435; Simplex 128; Andhra Valley 1670; Tata Hydro 181/9; Tata Power 1640; Associated Cement 146; Belapur 215; Bombay Burma (old) 497/8.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 18.

2 3/4 per cent 1945/52 Loan	97-12
3 1/2 per cent G I P Notes	96/1
3 1/2 per cent 1941 Bonds	100-6
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan	99-14
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	103 0
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	109/15
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	104-1
3 per cent War Bonds	101/15
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	113-8
TAX FREE LOANS	
5 per cent 1945/55 Loan	111/9
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore	105-8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	126-8
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T	1947 108-12
4 per cent M Deb	1974 108/4
5 per cent M Deb	1956 116
6 per cent M Deb	1954 128/8
6 per cent K P T	1956 128/8

Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 18

Following a decline of 3 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 281/8 for Broach A/M delivery and declined to Rs 280/4 on scattered selling At this level there was increased buying and prices advanced to Rs. 284/4. The upward trend was checked. At this level operators were inclined to await developments in Japan Prices eased off to Rs. 283 and steadied at Rs. 283/8.

Thereafter the market was featureless but with renewed selling by professional operators prices declined to Rs. 280/4 and steadied at Rs. 280/12. There was some buying and prices improved to Rs. 281/8. Prices further improved to Rs. 282/4. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G BROACH—			
July/August	Rs.	256	0 6
April/May		281	8 0
FINE M G OOMRA—			
July		225	8 0
December/January		228	8 0
F G M G BENGAL—			
July		157	8 0
December/January		162	8 0

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay, July 18

Yarn No. 6 1/2s August 162 October 164 December 166
Yarn No. 10 1/2s August 205 October 207 December 209
Yarn No. 20 1/2s August 297 October 300 December 302
Yarn No. 40s August 450 October 453 December 456

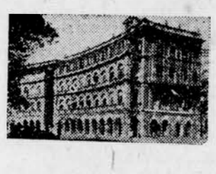
MONEY MARKET

Bombay, July 18

LONDON:—
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 7/32 Two months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 1/4 Three months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 9/32 Four months.
B. C. RATES:—
T T 1/5 29/32; D D 1/5 29/32
Banks selling T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/5 15/16
Banks buying T T 1/6d; D D 1/6 3/32
NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 333 1/4 D D Rs. 333 1/4
Banks buying T T Rs. 330; D D Rs. 328 1/2
Cross Rates Dol 4.02 1/2 3 1/2
MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 303; D D Rs. 303
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 3/4; D D Rs. 296 1/4
Cross Rates Dol 4.43/47
JAVA:—
Banks selling T T Gld 55 3/4; D D Gld 56
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/2; D D Gld 57 1/2
Cross Rates Gld 7.58/62
JAPAN:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 81 1/2; D D Rs. 81 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 77 1/4
Cross Rates Sh 1/2 1/2
BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2
Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40
STOCKHOLM:—
Banks selling T T K 123; D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128
Cross Rates K 16.85/95
SINGAPORE:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 158; D D Rs. 158
Banks buying T T Rs. 155; D D 155
Cross Rates Sh 2/4 5/32 7/32
HONGKONG:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 85 1/4; D D Rs. 84 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 81 1/2; D D Rs. 81 1/2
Cross Rates Sh 1/3 1/32
SHANGHAI:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 20; D D Rs. 19
Banks buying T T Rs. 17; D D Rs. 17
Cross Rates Sh 0/3 13/32
MEXICO:—
Banks selling T T Rs 67.27; D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04; D D Rs. 62.04
Cross Rates Pes 19.5 21.5
LISBON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom; D D Esc 7.35 nom.
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rates Esc 99.80 100.20
NEW YORK:—
Cross Rates Dol 4.03 1/2
Japan Banks buying 60 days 76 1/2
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £8-8-0 Ready.
New York Silver 34 3/4
London Silver 23 3/8 Ready; 23 3/8 Forward.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/4 per cent.
1 to 5 months 1/2 per cent.
6 months 3/4 per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—Easy.

DEVKARAN NANJEE BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE:
DEVKARAN NANJEE BUILDINGS,
Elphinstone Circle,
Fort, Bombay.



BRANCHES AT:
KALBADEVI,
SANDHURST BRIDGE
THAKURDWAR
and MANDVI

CURRENT Accounts: Interest allowed AT ½ PER CENT. per annum.

SAVINGS BANK Accounts: Interest allowed AT 2 PER CENT. per annum. Withdrawals by cheques.

FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained from time to time.

The Bank grants ACCOMMODATION on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank's 10, 20, 50, 100 and 250 Tola SMALL SILVER BARS available from the Bank's Offices and other leading Banks and Dealers all over India.

DENABANK 6-year and 3-year CASH CERTIFICATES yielding 3½ per cent and 2¾ per cent. respectively, available in denominations of Rs. 10 to Rs. 5,000.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED

Narrow Price Movement On Stock Exchange

OPERATORS TAKE TO SIDE LINES

Burmas And Cements Steady

Bombay, July 18

The local share bazar was fairly steady with moderate buying and the tone was very steady. It appears that professional element is inclined to await developments in Japan and attention was diverted to side lines and Associated Cement shares were in keen demand on expectations of a higher dividend. In the meantime buying enthusiasm is fully maintained in Cotton Mill shares.

Fractional declines were general while gains were rare on Wall Street where the continuance of indefinite war news Japanese Cabinet shuffle and revival of tax doubts remain handicaps. The session closed steady and in view of smallness of volume the reaction did not alarm but extreme caution was the governing feature U S Steel shares closed 1/2 down at 57 1/8 and Anaconda Copper Mining shares were 1/4 down at 28 1/4 dollars.

The local market opened at Rs. 2092 for Tata Steel Defds and advanced to Rs. 2110 when the improvement was checked by long liquidation and price declined to Rs. 2097/8 and advanced to Rs. 2110 and steadied at Rs. 2105. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 395 and after advancing to Rs. 398 steadied with moderate business. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1177 and steadily improved to Rs. 1185. Bombay Burmas were in demand at Rs. 522 and Associated Cement shares were being done at Rs. 148/8. Towards the close there was scattered selling and prices reacted and Steel Defds were quoted at Rs. 2095. The tone was quietly steady.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, July 18

Bombay Dyeing (1180) 1177 1180 1177 1185 1177 1175 1176
Century (451) 451 452 450
Central India (354) 355 360 356 359 355 357 356
Kohinoor (463) 463 462 465 462 461/8
New Great (247/8) 249 251 247 249 248 247/8
Simplex (143) 142 143 141 140
Swadeshi (340) 340 341 340 344 341
Associated Cement (147/4) 147/8 148/12 148
Andhra (1650) 1650
Tram Ord (132/12) 132/12
Tata Hydro (178) 178
Tata Power (1660) 1660
T Steel Defd (2095) 2092 2110 2105 2096 2107 2095
T Steel Ord (394/8) 395 398 397
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (155/12) 155/12
Bellapur (223) 224 225 223
B Steam (329) 330
B Burma (516/4) 521 522 518 523 515

TEXTILES

Bombay, July 18

100 Ahmd. Advance	307	8
250 BOMBAY DYEINY	1176	4
100 CENTURY	450	0
100 CENTRAL INDIA	356	0
100 COLABA	198	0
100 Coorla	120	0
250 David	295	0
250 Dawn	390	0
1 E. D. Sassoon Defd.	2	0
100 FINLAY	209	8
100 GOKAK	234	0
1000 Hindustan	2210	0
100 Indore	132	0
100 Khatau	170	0
KOHINOOR	461	8
250 LAXMI	560	0
100 MORARJI	278	0
250 Model	155	0
50 Mysore	120	8
100 NEW GREAT	247	8
100 Osmanshahi	102	8
100 Phoenix	310	0
25 Sassoon Silk	8/	0
1000 Sholapur	3500	0
50 Simplex	140	0
100 SWADESHI	341	0
100 SWAN	205	0
500 Vishnu	1337	8
1000 Western	1335	0

BANKS

50-100 Baroda	111	12
25-50 Central	45	8
500 Imperial	1585	0
125-500 Imp. Contry.	390	0
50-100 India	146	8
100 Reserve Bank	106	12
5 Union	6	8 0

CEMENTS

100 ASSOCIATED	148	0

INSURANCE

100 Empire	662	8
15-10 Jupiter	14	13
20 Mercantile	66	0
15-75 New India	45	8
200 Oriental	4215	0
15-50 Vulcan	9	8

ELECTRIC

100 Ahm. Old	182	0
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY	1650	0
10 Ajmer	12	4
50 BOMBAY TRAM	132	12
100 Bombay Suburban	187	12
0 Broach	13	4
00 Karach.	213	2
100 Poona	247	8
100 Surat	182	8
100 TATA HYDRO	178	0
1000 TATA POWER	16 0	0

RAILWAYS

500 Ahmedabad Prantij	8:0	0
100 C. Province	10:	8
100 Dhonn Baramati	104	4
100 Gujarat	103	0
100 Mandra Bhon	103	0
100 Pachora Jamner	66	0
100 Sara Sirajgunj	105	0
500 Tapti Valley	6:0	

MININGS

5 Burma	4	10
250 Indian Copper	2	3 6
10 Indian Iron and Steel	32	4
10 SHIVRAJPUR K.D.	32	8
50 TATA STEEL DEF		0
75 TATA STEEL ORD.		0
10 Steel Corporation		1

MISCELLANEOUS

100 ALCOCK	560	0
10 Air Services	2	8
50 BELAPUR SUGAR	223	0
200 Bombay Safe Dep.	650	0
250 BOMBAY STEAM	330	0
125 B. Burma	515	0
50 Burma Cont.	181	4
8sh. Br. B. Petrol	3 10	0
50 BOMBAY TELEPHONE	26	0
100 IND. BLEACHING	136	0
50 Ind Invest Trust	45	0
100 Indian Radio Def.	600	0
100 India Radio Ord.	582	8
100 Port Canning	88	0
30 PREMIER CON	57	0
15 Scindia	21	12
25 Tata Oil	43	12
100 Wimco	19:	

PREFERENCE

7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1568	12
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	318	12
7 p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.)	76	8
5 p.c. Central India (T.F.)	640	0
6 1/4 p.c. Prem Const. 1st	118	4
6 1/4 p.c. Prem Const 2nd	112	8
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	158	2
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1600	0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	221	4
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	155	12
7 p.c. Vishnu	737	8

DEBENTURES

3 3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	101	4
6 p.c. Adhra Valley	101	4
4 p.c. Andhra Valley Deb.	105	0
4 p.c. Bom. Telephone	50	4
5 p.c. Sholapur	71	6

BOMBAY PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, July 18

The local market was erratic at the opening and price fluctuations were wide. Groundnuts August opened at Rs. 34/4 and advanced to Rs. 35/2 and steadied at Rs. 34/14. February opened at Rs 38/2 and after declining to Rs. 38/1 advanced to Rs. 39/3 and steadied at Rs. 39. Castorseeds September were erratic at Rs. 39 and May were placed at Rs. 41 but later on were being done at Rs. 37/8 and at Rs. 40/8. Cottonseeds September opened at Rs. 22/15 and advanced to Rs. 23/6 and January opened at Rs. 23 and advanced to Rs. 24/8. Linseed May opened at Rs. 6/1/9 and advanced to Rs. 6/2/9 but later steadied at Rs. 6/2/3. May was quoted at Rs. 9. Wheat September opened at Rs. 4/9/0 and improved to Rs. 5/9/6. January was done at Rs. 4/14/6 and May was quoted at Rs. 6/7. Ready groundnuts were done at Rs. 7/1 and Goa delivery was done at Rs. 6/15/6. Linseed ready Bold was done at Rs 8/2/6 and small seeds at Rs. 7/15. Delhi wheat picci were done at Rs 6/3/6 and Karachi Bangla was done at Rs. 6/2/6. The market is moving up owing to absence of rains over groundnuts growing districts. It is said that the British food ministry has ceased buying linseed.

BANK OF ENGLAND WEEKLY RETURNS

London, July 17

	This week
Total bullion	£2,000,000
Public deposits	28,900,000
(a) Other deposits	158,300,000
Government securities	142,800,000
(b) Other securities	31,100,000
Notes and coins	31,100,000
Notes in circulation	650,900

NEW YORK COTTON FOURTEEN POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICE.

OCTOBER

New York: July 18.

Previous closing	15.67
To-day's opening	15.54
Difference	—3
To-day's closing	15.81
Difference	+14

BROACH EXPECTATION.

Broach July/August	Rs. 258/8
Broach April/May	Rs. 284/0

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York: July 18.

On the New York Cotton Exchange to-day October futures opened 3 points down at 15.64. The market is nervous and uncertain and a declining tendency is noticeable. Japanese and price-ceiling uncertainties are depressing the sentiment but weather might probably prove a sustaining factor.

The following are opening ranges:—

July (15.55/55) 15.64/62
October (15.66/64) 15.75/72
December (15.76/76) 15.83/83

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London: July 18.

Castorseeds unquoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta July/August (£18 15/16) £18 15/16
Linseed La Plata August (£12 1/2) £12 1/2
Groundnut Coromandal Coast July/August (£18) £18

JUTES

Dundee July/August (£50) £50 nominal
Lightning July/August (£46) £46 nominal

RUBBER

Spot (13 1/2d paid and buyers) 13 7/16d buyers
Forward November (13 1/2d value) 13 1/2d value

LONDON METALS

Tin (£257 1/2 buyers, £257 3/4 sellers. steady) £258 1/2 buyers, £259 sellers. Steadier.
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 8 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES.

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York: July 18.

Previous closing	4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London: July 18.

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON GOLD

London: July 18.

London Gold (£8/8/0) £8/8/0

LONDON SILVER

London: July 18.

Spot (23 3/8d) 23 3/8d nil
Forward (23 3/8d) 23 7/16d —1/16

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 31/32) 1-5 31/32
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.33) 30.33
London on Shanghai (0-3 3/32 to 0-3 13/32) 0-3 5/32 to 0-3 15/32
London on Kobe (1-2 to 1-2 1/2) 1-2 to 1-2 1/2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent.
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent
6 months (1 1/2 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS.

London: July 18.

There was no trading during the night session.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London: July 18.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 3/4.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London: July 18.

London Stock Exchange was subdued today.

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London: July 18.

6 per cent 1958/68 (£104 1/4) £104 1/4

BRITISH FUNDS

3 1/2 per cent Consols (£82) £82
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£106 3/8) £106 3/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 5/8) £99 5/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£114) £114
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105, £105
New York Loan (£101 1/4) £101 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£112 5/8) £112 5/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (13-6) 13-4 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (33-3) 32-6
Electric Music Industry (11-9) 11-6
Princhin Johnson (21-4 1/2) 21-3
Imperial Chemicals (31-10 1/2) 31-7 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (53-9) 53-9
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates (£57) £57
Dunde, Rubber (35-0) 34-10 1/2
Unilever Ordinary (24-6) 24-9
Ford Motors (20-1 1/2) 20-4 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£60½) £60 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary (84-4 1/2) 84-9
Carreas 'A' (£4 3/8) £4 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (103-1 1/2) 103-9
P and O Def (24-10 1/2) 24-10 1/2
Distillers (65-3) 65-3
Bredfords Dye (5-0) 5-0
British Celanese (4-9) 4-9
J and P Coates (33-7 1/2) 33-7 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (31-0) 30-10 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (3-1 1/2) 3-1 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (15-9) 15-9
Inter Nickel (dol 39 3/4) dol 39 3/4
Indian Iron (50-0) 50-0

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-9) 18-9
Donaro Tea (28-1 1/2) 28-1 1/2
Empire of India (20-0) 20-0

JUTE

Barnagore (£7) £7

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo-Dutch Rubber (16-3) 16-3
Gula Kelampong (15-0) 15-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (27-6) 27-7 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (18-9) 18-9
Burma Corporation (6-9) 6-9
Rio Tintos (£5 1/2) £5 1/2
East Rand Properties (40-7 1/2) 40-7 1/2
Rand Mines (£6 7/8) £6 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown (£10 3/8) £10 1/4
Associated Portland Cement (55-7 1/2) 55-0
Trinidad Leasehold (63-1 1/2) 63-1 1/2
Snb Nigel (£7) £7
Spring Mines Split Shares (21-3) 21-3
Union Corporation (£6 7/8) £6 7/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (29-4 1/2) 29-4 1/2
Anglo-India (38-1 1/2) 35-0
Burma Oil (53-9) 53-9
Mexican Eagle (7-9) 8-0
Shell Transport (45-7 1/2) 45-7 1/2
Royal Dutch (£18 1/2) £18 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£35 3/4) £35 3/4
London Midland Ordinary (£13 5/8) £13 5/8
London North Eastern Def (£1 5/8) £1 5/8
London Southern Defd (£11 3/4) £11 5/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£124) £124
London Transport (£37) £37

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York: July 18.

The New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

General Motors (dol 38 3/8) dol 38 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 28 1/4) unquoted.
U S Steel Common (dol 57 3/8) unquoted
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

BOMBAY METALS.

Bombay, July 18

Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 82 0 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 84 0 0

Tone:—Dull.

N. Y. K. LINE

BOMBAY-JAPAN VIA PORTS

Steamers.	Arrive. Bombay	Leave Bombay
TOYOOKA MARU	7 Aug.	17 Aug.
†*HAKONE MARU	8 Aug.	18 Aug.
OKITU MARU	26 Aug	8 Sept
GENOA MARU	15 Sept.	25 Sept.

*Passenger steamer.
†Also calling at Manila.
Other Passenger Services are:—Hongkong-S'Frisco via Japan and Honolulu Japan-Seattle via Vancouver, Japan Australia, Japan-South America (west coast).

NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA

United India Bldg., Sir Phirozsha Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.
Phone No, 22041. Telegrams: 'YUSEN.'

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

Madras: July 18.

The market has continued to be fully steady to firm. Plantings and Textiles were buoyant and transactions were of a broadened nature. Securities were steady. In Miscellaneous issues Sugars and Electrics were neglected, elsewhere the trend was cheerful.

Transactions reported from 12 noon yesterday to 12 noon to-day were:—

Maduray 40, Sitarams 71, 70/12, Balasubramania ord 50, Vasantha 126/8, 127, Lakshmi 70, Pankajas 112, Coimbatore Cotton 115/8, Coimbatore Spinning 60/8, 61, Palani Andavar ordy 51, Mysore Spin 7/14, Mettur Industries 192, 197 c-d, C R Balanoor ordy 10, Cochin Malabar ord 8/1, 8/2 c-d, Chembras 3/14 c-d, 3/13/6, 3/14, 3/14/6, Midlands, 5/11, 5/12, 5/13, 5/14, Cottanad ord 6/1, Travancore Rubbers 8/8, Fringfords 7/7, 7/8, Tropicals 20/4 c-d, Ayers Manis Pref 93, 4 1/2 per cent South Madras Electrics Debentures 101/8 s l, Cochin Powers 8/13, Mysore Sugar 53/12, 54, Andhra Cement ordy 82, 84, 85, Mettur Chemical 10/2, 10/4, Mysore Chemical 17/12, A V Thomas 18/8, Spencer 9/6 ex-d, Indian Steel Rolling ord 7/1, Indian Steel Rolling Pref 11/4.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi: July 18.

Cotton: Sind July 17, Janry 19/0/3; Punjab July 15/12/6, Janry 15/11; American July 32/7/6, Janry 31/13. Steady.

Wheat: July 32/11/6, Sept. 33/6/3, Novr. 34/3/6. Steady.

Gram: July 30/2/3, Sept. 30/13, Novr. 31/9/3.

Toria: July 40/9/9, Septr. 40/3/9, Novr. 40/6/3.

Cottonseed: July 18/14/3, Septr. 19/4/3, Janry 20/10/3.

COTTON ROOM RATES.

Bombay, July 18

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P		165	163	161	158
M G Punjab		166	163	161	158
M G Rajputana		174	172	170	167
M G Oomra No. 3	234	231	228	225	
M G C P No. 1	262	259	256	253	
M G C P No. 2	242	239	236	233	
M G Broach No. 2		263	260	257	254
M G Punjab-Ameri		318	315	312	309
M G Surat		393	390	387	384
M G Rajpipla		388	385	382	379
M G Navsari		401	398	395	392

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F P Bales	1940-41	1939-40
Receipts to date 17-7-41	4336000	7729000
Receipts yesterday 17-7-41	10000	3000
Export to date 17-7-41	1029000	6331000
Stock at Ports 11-7-41	3270000	2526000
Stock at Interior Towns 11-7-41	2324000	2030000
Stock at Liverpool 11-7-41	.....	.....
Visible Supply 11-7-41	.....	.....
Quantity in sight 11-7-41	12017000	13737000
Quantity out of sight 11-7-41	.....	.....

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS

Bombay: July 18.

1147 pkgs dyestuffs, 100 dms hydrosulphite of soda, 1140 bags powdered Glucose, 162 c/s steel strip, 30 B/bls sodium aluminium sulphate, 420 dms Glucose, 800 kegs coal tar dyes, 29 c/s radio sets, 118 c/s bedstead and furniture tubing, 59 bris trisodium phosphate, 479 coils copper wire, 202 pcs steel plates, 74 pkgs machinery and parts, 36 c/s plain cardboard, 56 pkgs auto parts, 388 bls printing paper, 431 dms sulphide of soda, 425 kegs wire nails, 224 c/s end milk powder, 96 boxes steel nuts, 643 bls newspapers, 500 dms chicory, 555 bls wood pulp, 101 boxes steel head rivets, 110 dms fused zinc chloride, 342 bdls unglazed news print, 93 bxe steel tubes, 722 bdls news print sheets 80 pkgs harmless drugs, 120 pkgs motor truck chassis, 176 dms caustic soda solids, 290 bdls welded galv steel pipe, 50 pcs welded galv steel pipe, 97 bags wax, 39 c/s insecticide, 104 c/s tin alloy, 37 bags metal 349 pkgs paint, 89 c/s hardware, 60 dms Safoline, 60 c/s cardamoms, 50 bags calcium carbonate, 300 bls Palmira fibre, 200 crates insulators, 374 bags boiler composition, 194 bls cotton waste, 144 pkgs lead pipes, 37 c/s wax planks, 35 c/s mango chutney, 90 bags dewdarwood, 394 bls cotton yarn, 76 bags kalajeera, 46 bags majetha-wood, 34800 pcs firebricks, 196 bdls firebricks 96 packages soaps, 201 bales Manila rope, 94 cases toilet goods, 292 pkgs yellow rope, 906 bls Manila board, 280 bls strawboard, 40 bags bidi leaves, 100 pkgs white glazed half pipes 386 bls grey lined board, 28 c/s printed books, 35 coils rat line 179 casks tallow, 130 bags borax, 35 dms soap powder, 98 c/s enamelware, 89 c/s stationery, 30 coils spun yarn, 70 bdls blue match paper, 394 H/cases sulphate of iron, 208 cases cone yarn, 147 kegs red lead.

EXPORTS

Bombay: July 18.

4074 bags castor seed Ralli Bros Ltd; 11799 bags linseed Ralli Bros Ltd; 6667 bgs groundnuts Ralli Bros Ltd; 10664 bags grdnut kernals The Oilseeds Trading Co Ltd; 125 bls raw cotton Bhaidas Mawji and Co Ltd; 26 bls raw lamb skins Grindlay and Co Ltd; 201 bls hemp raw D Anandji; 189 bags gum Ebrahim Mavji and Co; 256 bls cotton twist waste Barot Bros and Co; 50 bls art silk waste Barot Bros and Co; 43 dms magnesium chloride The Pioneer Magnesia Works Ltd; 50 bls cotton yarn dyed Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 27 bls cotton pcsgoods Chinoobhai and Bros; 13 bags gum Imperial Chemical Industries (India) Ltd; 3636 bags linseed bold Vaid Bros Ltd; 3000 bls raw cotton T M Kaisha Ltd.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Calcutta: July 18.

The Stock Exchange generally ruled steady. Coals, Cottons, Jutes, Teas and the popular Miscellaneous issues continued steady and active. Government Securities were unchanged. Speculative Engineering issues opened slightly easier but steadied up again with the progress of the day.

The following are closing quotations:—

Govt. Securities: 3 per cent Govt Paper 82/6 s lot, 3 per cent loan 1951/54 99/13 s lot 3 per cent Defence Bonds 1946 102/2 s lots, 3 per cent loan 1963/65 95/2/6, 3 1/2 per cent Govt Paper 95/15, 5 per cent loan 1945/55 111/7 s lot, 3 per cent U P loan 1961/66 95/6, 4 per cent Punjab Bonds 1948 105/14 s lot, 3 per cent Punjab Bonds 1952 99/3.

Banks: Imperial fully paid 1600 c-div, Reserve Bank 104 ex-div.

Railways: Jbaraset Basrhat Railway 43.

Cottons: Basanti ord 3/4, Pref 4/10, Benares Cotton and Silk 3/7, Bengal Nagpur 15/12, Cawnpore Textiles 8/3, Dunbar 235, Elgin Mills 23/6, Kesoram 8/2, New Victoria ord 3/4, Pref 6/2.

Coals: Amalgamated 25/8, Bhalgora 5/4, Bhulanbararee 12/2, Bokaro and Ramgur 15/5, Bengal 354 ex-div, Bengal Bhatdee 2/12 Borrea 15/4, Burra Dhemo 4/5, Equitable 35/6, North Damuda 5/13, Parasea 1/3, Pure Sitalpur 11/8, Samla 2/1, Satpukuria and Asansol 1/4, Talcher 1/10.

Jutes: Agarpara 31/5, Alliance 292, Anglo-India 352 s lot, Auckland 182, Bengal Jute 16/8, Birla 29/8, Chevtot 206, Chitavalsah 12/8, Clive 24/10, Craig 2/2, Empire 26/12 s lot, Ft. Gloster 5, Ft. William 250, Ganges 296/8, Gourepore pref 155, Hastings pref 137/8, Howrah 53/12, Hukumchand 12/5, Pref 140 s lot, India 352, Kamarhatty 513, Kanknarrah 424, Kinnison 595 s odd lot, Lothian 256, Meghna 46/8, Naskarpara 18/10 s lot, National 23/5, Nellimarla 10/4, Nuddea 65/12 Orient 206/8, Presidency 5/9, Ramashwara 6/7, Reliance 58/4.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 4/9, Indian Copper 2/3, Dalmia Cement ord 13/12 Defd 2/12, Pref 118, Alkali and Chemical ord 18/12, Pref 123/8 s lot, Bengal Aerating Gas 64, Frank Ross 5/8, Muttra Elec 8/4, Braithwaite 9/6, Burn and Co ord 403, Hukumchand Steel ord 14/1, Indian Iron and Steel 32/1, Indian Steel and Wire Products Defd 36/12, Kumardhubi Eng Pref 137, Marshalls 2/4, National Iron and Steel 9/6, Steel Corporation ord 19/15, Pref 120 s lot, Hooghly Flour 11/12, Aluminium Corporation pref 103/8, Bararee Coke 24, Britannia Biscuits 10/2, B I Corporation ord 4/9, Calcutta Silk ord 14/3, Pref 115/8, Calcutta Trams pref 12/12, Dunlop Rubber ord 41/4, Indian Cables 23/4 ct, Ganges Rope 261/8 s lot, Kalimpong Ropeway 10, Rohtas Industries ord 22/8, Pref 156, Indo-Burma Petroleum pref 120/8, Tide Water Oil 15/12, Spences Hotel 1/12, Spencer and Co 'B' pref 9/14, Orient Paper ord 13/5 c-div, Old pref 110/8 s lot c-div, Sree Gopal Paper 12/2, Star Paper 11/11 Titaghur Paper ord 18/12, Midnapore Zemindary 72/8, Assam Saws 3/8, Bengal-Assam Steamship ord 255, Fraser and Co 9 ct.

Sugar: Balrampore 8/6, Buland 17/12, Carew and Co ord 10/13, New Savan 9/8, Purnea 7/6, Purtabpore ord 8/4 s lots.

Tea: Bishnauth 27/4, Central Cachar 61/10 Dhunseri pref 3/8, Duffla ghur 12/4 ex-div, Gielle 10/10, Hantapara 387, Hasimara 45, Hattikhira 20, Huldibari 21/12, Jutilbari 16/1, North-Western Cachar 227, Oodlabari-22/12, Tezpore 14/4.

Debentures: 5 1/2 per cent 1939/47 Dalmia Cement Debs 105, 5 per cent 1938/48 Star Paper Debs 103/12.—A. P.

PEPPER & GINGER

Bombay, July 18

Pepper ready per candy	91 0 0
Pepper Bhadarva Sudi 15 per candy	93 0 0
Pepper Maha Sudi 15 per candy	98 0 0
Ginger ready bleached	30 0 0
Ginger Maha Sudi 15	30 8 0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, July 18

Bengal Fine	160-63
Berar	226-29
C. P. 1	251-51
C. P. 2	231-34
Khandesh	194-209
Muglai	204-11
Broach	250-55
Punjab S. G. 289 F	375-95
Punjab R. G. 289 F	250-50
Punjab R. G. 4 F	295-305

TEJI-MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, July 18

Wheat September	0 4 0
Wheat January	0 8 3
Wheat May	0 12 6
Linseed September	0 8 0
Linseed May	1 3 0
Groundnut August	1 12 0
Groundnut February	5 12 0
Castorseed September	3 0 0
Castorseed May	6 0 0
Cottonseed September	1 4 0
Cottonseed January	2 12 0
Silver 1st settlement	0 8 0
Silver 2nd settlement	1 0 0
Gold 1st settlement	0 4 0
Gold 2nd settlement	0 8 0

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS.

Bombay, July 18

Groundnuts August—	
Opening	Rs. 34 4 0
Highest	35 4 0
Lowest	34 0 0
Closing	34 15 0
Groundnuts February—	
Opening	38 3 0
Highest	39 6 0
Lowest	38 0 0
Closing	38 15 0
Cottonseeds September—	
Opening	22 14 6
Highest	23 6 6
Lowest	22 12 6
Closing	22 15 6
Cottonseeds January—	
Opening	24 5 6
Highest	24 14 0
Lowest	24 4 0
Closing	24 8 0
Castorseeds September—	
Opening	35 14 0
Highest	38 4 0
Lowest	35 14 0
Closing	36 14 0
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	38 4 0
Highest	41 4 0
Lowest	38 4 0
Closing	40 4 0

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, July 18

	To-day.	Total
Broach J/A	2250	9450
Bengal July	nil.	555
Oomra July	200	3750

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, July 18

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales.

	Yesterday.	This year	Last year
Khandesh	.....	100,436	5,579
Central India	.....	145,080	109,361
Barsi and Nagar	.....	123,894	114,112
Hyderabad/Gaorani	.....	49,562	47,970
Berar	703	375,985	318,603
Central Provinces	.....	76,658	76,962
Total Oomras	703	871,615	722,593
Dholeras	10	97,555	89,297
N W Provinces	.....	1,537	36,048
Rajputana	.....	6,634	35,228
Sind-Punjab	1,127	549,278	356,635
Broach	.....	297,684	408,133
Coompta & Dharwar	857	132,041	49,760
Westerns-Northerns	.....	100,513	35,671
Cocoanada	.....	239	86
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	609	11,903	1,392
Total	3,306	2,069,626	1,734,793
Arrived by road to 10th July 1941	.....	331,133	339,387

TRADE AND FINANCE

Improvement In Long-Dated Bonds

INDUSTRIAL SHARES FIRM

Bullion Market Featureless

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

Bombay, July 18.

GILT-EDGED

A steady tone characterised the local gilt-edged market during the week and there was a small improvement in prices, particularly of long-dated bonds. 3-1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper, however, remained in the vicinity of Rs 96 all through the week, while its counterpart in London was stabilised at £99-3/4. Closing a fraction lower at £99-1/2. 2-3/4 per cent, 1948-52 loan improved from Rs. 97-10 to Rs. 97-12, whilst 3 per cent. 1941 bonds remained static at Rs. 100-5, 3 per cent. 1946 New Defence Bonds at Rs. 102 and 3 per cent. 1951-54 loans at Rs. 99-14. 3 per cent. 1963-65 loan was quoted at Rs. 95 and 4 per cent. 1943 bonds at Rs. 104-1, 3-1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan found buyers at Rs. 103 and 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan at Rs. 110 as compared with the opening level of Rs. 102-13 and Rs. 109/8 respectively. 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 loan showed little or no change around Rs. 113-8, whilst 5 per cent 1945-55 (tax free) loan continued listless at Rs. 111-10.

MONEY

Money being in abundance, there was no quotable change in the short-term money market which remained essentially easy. Call money continued to be quoted at 1/4 per cent. and three to six months' money around 1 per cent. The Treasury Bill discount rate declined fractionally from Rs. 0-13-9 to Rs. 0-13-8 per cent. per annum. The Government of India sold only Rs. 8.75 lacs worth of intermediates during the week.

The weekly statement of the Reserve Bank of India, compiled upto 11th July 1941, reveals a trifling fall of Rs. 7.09 lacs in the active note circulation and the total note issue has contracted by Rs. 23.89 lacs. On the Assets side, while there is no change in Gold Coin and Bullion held by the Bank, Sterling Securities have increased by Rs. 2.85 crores. Rupee Securities show a corresponding fall. The Rupee Coin held by the Bank is down by Rs. 23.89 lacs The ratio of the total of Assets to Liabilities has gone up by 1.025 per cent, being 57.047 per cent. In the Banking Department, Government Deposits show an increase of Rs. 16.48 lacs, while Bankers' Deposits register a substantial decline of Rs. 4 crores. The item of 'Other Deposits' is up by Rs 9.68 lacs. Balances held abroad have receded by Rs. 3.47 crores and Loans and Advances to Governments have also declined by Rs. 3.88 crores.

The statement of affairs of the Imperial Bank of India, for the week ended 11th July 1941, registers a drop of Rs. 80.60 lacs in all kinds of Deposits. Investments record a rise of Rs. 2.59 crores, while Advances show a setback of Rs. 117.03 lacs The Bank's holding of Cash is depleted to the extent of Rs. 2.73 crores.

EXCHANGE

In absence of any sizable exports, the rupee/sterling exchange market was both dull and quiet and rates were unchanged. Some remittance inquiry was in evidence. For interbank business, sellers of spot T. T. on London quoted 1s. 5-31/32d. and buyers 1s. 6d Merchant rates fixed by the Exchange Banks' Association were unchanged as under:—

Sellers—T. T. for spot delivery and upto six months 1s. 5-15/16d.

Buyers—T. T. for spot delivery and upto six months 1s. 6d.

In the New York market, there was no change in the quotation for sterling at 403.50 cents throughout the week. The Shanghai dollar was unchanged at 3-3/16d. The yen, too, lay pegged at the long familiar rate of 1s. 2-1/2d.

GOLD

Judging from price movements, there was greater activity in the gold market as compared to the previous week. The ease noticeable at the close of the last week persisted during the earlier part of this week and the price of ready gold declined to as low as Rs. 42-2-3 on Saturday, but later recovered and went up to Rs. 42-4-6. Towards the close, however, the rate again eased off to Rs. 42-2-9. August settlement was quoted half an anna over spot, while gold to be delivered in the September settlement commanded a similar premium over August. Sovereigns were neglected in the main and the price varied between Rs. 28-7-6 and Rs. 28-8-6 per coin in sympathy with the rise and fall in the price of gold. Floating stocks in the market are estimated to be about 200,000 tolas; arrivals from up-country average about 7,000 tolas a day; while the average daily offtake is believed to be about 4,000 tolas. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 42-4-6 and Rs. 42-2-3 for spot Rs. 42-4-6 and Rs. 42-2-6 for July settlement, Rs. 42-5-3 and Rs. 42-3 for August settlement and Rs 42-5-9 and Rs. 42-4-3 for September settlement.

SILVER

The silver section of the local bullion market was steadier than gold. The price of spot silver went up by stages from Rs. 62-14-0 at the opening to Rs. 63-0-6 at the close. In view of some spot demand the special source is reported to have supplied a few hundred bars to the market around the prevailing price. August settlement stood one anna under spot, while silver to be delivered in the September settlement was quoted at a similar discount under August. In the London market also there was greater activity. Cash silver, which had slid down to 23-1/4d., moved up to 23-3/8d. during the week. Two months' forward delivery silver was quoted at a premium of 1/16d, on Monday, but remained even with cash for the rest of the week. Production sources satisfied a small trade demand. Stocks of the metal in the local market are put at around 10,000 bars. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 63-0-6 and Rs. 62-14 for spot, Rs. 63 and Rs. 62-13-6 for July settlement, Rs. 62-15-6 and Rs. 62-12 for August settlement and Rs. 62-14-6 and Rs. 62-13-6 for September settlement

SHARES

Prices on the local share market moved within a comparatively narrow range for the most part although a firm tone was manifest towards the close and prices finished at about the highest of the week.

In the steel section, Tata, Iron and Steel Deferreds, after hovering around Rs. 2,080 till Wednesday, moved up to Rs. 2,110, but closed slightly lower at Rs. 2,095 on profittaking whilst ordinaries advanced from Rs. 380 to Rs. 397 at the finish. In the cotton mill section, Bombay Dyeings were almost static around Rs 1,167-8. Centuries around Rs. 443 and Kohinoors around Rs. 460, but finished a little steadier at Rs. 1,176-4. Rs. 450 and Rs. 461-8 respectively. Central Indias gained about 16 points to Rs. 356, and Colabas were marked up from Rs 192 to Rs. 198, whilst New Greats stood at Rs. 247-8. Trading in this section was comparatively more restricted during this week. Among Hydro-electrics, there was little or no change in quotations; Andhra Valleys were quoted around Rs. 1,670 and Tata Powers around Rs. 2,660, whilst there was some investment inquiry in Bombay Trams around Rs. 134-12 and in Tata Hydros at Rs. 181-8 Bank shares were completely neglected with little or no business passing; Bank of Indias remained listless around Rs. 146-8 and Central Banks around Rs. 45-10. Imperial Bank Fully Paids were quoted at Rs. 1,585 and Partly Paids around Rs. 390. Reserve Banks were steadier at Rs. 106-12 at the finish. In the miscellaneous bloc, Associated Cements ruled firm on reports of an increase in the price of cement varying from Re. 1 to Rs. 10 per ton depending on distances and the quotation for these shares improved from Rs. 144-12 to Rs. 148 at the close. Belapurs were neglected at Rs. 223, Bombay Burmas were steady at Rs. 515, Scindia Steams at Rs. 21-12 and New Indias at Rs. 45-8xd.

CALCUTTA

The self-same steady conditions continued to prevail in the Jute section of the Calcutta share market. Price movements, however, were narrow, whilst business was on a restricted scale.

Bombay Suburban Badminton

FRIDAY'S RESULTS

Miss F. Talyarkhan and Mrs. Manekshah beat Miss G. Chinoy and Miss Lhana. R. Pereira walk-over I.N. Laljee. R.A. Shroff beat A.A. Shakoor 15/5, 12/15, 15/9. C.K. Menon and Miss Valles beat H.J.R. Talyarkhan and Miss Ibara 15/12, 15/2.

ISLAM GYM.: C.K. Menon beat G. Pereira 15/3, 15/2. D. Miranda beat F.N. Mehta 15/8, 15/7. Miss K. Daruwalla walk-over Miss V.D. Desai. Mrs. Moroban walk-over Miss Mistry. Miss F. Vachha and Miss P. D'Lima beat Miss Manekshaw and Miss A. V. Ullal 15/8, 15/10. V.N. Iyer and Miss Tilli beat N.I. Pereira and Miss P. D'Lima 8/15, 17/15, 15/10. K. R. Lotwala and A.V. Ullal 15/1, 15/0.

F.P. Soares and Miss Daruwalla v. A.P Abnis and Miss P. D'Lima. J.O. Golsalves v. L. Gomes not decided.

FIXTURES FOR TO-DAY (SATURDAY)

PARSI GYM. COURT: Miss F. Taleyarkhan v. Miss E. Bocarro at 5-30 p.m.

BANDRA GYM. COURT: J.T. Ferreira v. F.N. Mehta or D. Miranda at 4 p.m. L. R. Agaskar or A.A. Maulvi v. R.A. Shroff or A.A.. Shakoor at 4-20 p.m. I.N. Laljee or R. Pereira v. G. Pereira or C.K. Menon at 4-40 p.m. Mrs. Maneckshaw v. Miss K. Daruwalla at 5 p.m. Mrs. Noguer and Mrs. Samson v. Mrs. Kania and Miss Dadyburjor at 5-20 p.m. A.V. Ullal or B.R. Agaskar v. K.P. Kesari or C. Gomes at 5-40 p.m. Mrs. Gupte and Miss K. Daruwalla v. Mrs. Manohar and Partner at 6 p.m. K.R. Lotwala and Partner v. D. Miranda and Miss X at 6-20 p.m. C. S. Gopal v. L. Gomes or O. Gonsalves at 6-40 p.m. Vithal Mehta and Manker v. C.K. Menon and S. Dhurandhar at 7 p.m. K.R. Lotwalla and A.V.. Ullal v. L.R. Agaskar and B.R. Agaskar at 7-20 p.m. B.D. Dhall and Partner v. R. Pereira and Miss E. Curzai at 7-40 p.m.

FIXTURES FOR TO-MORROW (SUNDAY)

BANDRA GYM. COURT: J.T. Pereira v. F.N. Mehta or D. Miranda at 7-30 a.m. C. Gomes and R. Pereira v. J.S. Rutnagar and M. Patel at 7-50 a.m D. Samson v D.A. Ferreira or A.P. Abreo at 8-10 a.m. R. V Gupte or Ramaswamy v. Srinivasan or J.P Pereira at 8-20 a.m. Ed. D'Silva or R. Fernandes v. J.T. Ferreira or F.N. Mehta or D. Miranda at 8-40 a.m D. Samson or D.A Ferreira or A.P. Abreo v. M.N. Desai or B. D. Dhalla at 5-45 p.m. D. Miranda and J. P. Pereira v. F.P. Suares and F.N. Suares at 6 p.m. Miss P. D'Lima v. Miss J. Mistry or Mrs. Manohar at 6-20 p.m. J. Agnel and L.I. Pereira v. C. Gomes and R. Pereira at 6-40 p.m. Mrs. Noguer v. Miss Taleyarkhan or Miss E. Bocarro at 7 p.m. K. R. Lotwalla and A.V. Ullal or L.R. Agaskar and B.R. Agaskar v. G.K. Karekate and R.S. Beltamgadi at 7-20 p.m. R.N. Ganga and D. G Mugwa v. F.P. Suares and F.N. Suares at 7-40 p.m.

SATIRANJAN MEMORIAL SHIELD (Opening Fixture): To-day (Saturday) St. Xavier's College 'A' v. B.B. and C.I. Rly. 'B' at 5-30 p.m.

BENGAL CLUB CUP LEAGUE (Championship Round): To-morrow (Sunday) Y.M.C.A. v. Tata Sports at 4-30 p.m. and Bengal Club v. Jagannath Fishermen's XI 5-30 p.m.

I. F. A. Shield Matches

CALCUTTA, July 18.

The following are the results of matches played in the first round of the I. F. A. Shield Tournament to-day:—Wari Club (Dacca) two; Rajshahi Sporting Association one; Maharana Club (Gauhati) one; Cooch-Behar XI nil; E. B. Railway one; Habiganj Town Club nil; Aryans (Holders) three; Ananda Sporting (Gaya) nil; Police two; Multan District Association nil; Dalhousie four; Gauhati F. C. one; Howrah District Association one; Tropical School nil.—A. P.

MADRAS, July 18.

The Tilak-Moti United Club, Madras, is sending a team to Calcutta to-night to compete in the I. F. A. Shield Tournament.—A. P.

BOMBAY YARN & SILK MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

Bombay: July 18.

Mercerised (per 10 lbs)		Ready Delivery.	July Del.	August Del.
No. 64/2 Grey	Nissin	25/14/0	25/15/0	26/3/0
No. 84/2 Grey	Nissin	29/12/0	30/ 2/0	30/8/0
No. 80/2 Any	.....	2/ 9/6	2/ 9/9	2/10/0
No. 60/2 Any	.....	2/ 5/6	2/ 6/9	2/ 7/0
No. 150-A Any	.....	1/11/0	1/11/0	.....

DELAY IN FULFILMENT OF WAR ORDERS

Breaches Cause Shortage Of Coal And Cotton

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 18.

It is understood that the local mill industry is experiencing shortage of coal and cotton due to breaches on Railway lines. Consequently, the Mill authorities have informed the Government that because of difficulties experienced in getting coal and cotton, fulfilment of war orders is liable to some delay.

To-day when the goods trains detained on the way because of Railway breaches puffed in Ahmedabad station after about fortnight, fruits and vegetables had perished causing considerable loss to merchants.

DIGESTIC RENNIES KILL * * STOMACH PAIN IN 80 SECONDS

NORMAL TIMINGS

For NATIONAL STUDIOS' LAUGH-LINED CO

Bombay & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Ashad Vad 11, 1997
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Akhar 23, 1360
Parsi: Behman 18, 1310
Hightide: 9-05; 19-56
Lowtide: 1-52; 14-31
Sunrise: 6h. 11m.
Sunset: 7h. 19m.

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY: For visiting Balkan-ji-Bari Centre the members of the Society will meet to-morrow (Sunday) at 8-15 a.m. at Vile-Parle Rly. Station.

"ROBIN HOOD" AT OPERA HOUSE: Filmed entirely in technicolour "The Adventures of Robin Hood" starring the dashing Errol Flynn will be shown at the Royal Opera House on Sunday, at 10 a.m.

GOKHALE THANKS VOTERS: Mr. B.N. Gokhale begs to offer his sincere thanks to Registered Graduate voters who supported his candidature at the recent election to the Senate of the Bombay University from the Registered Graduates' Constituency.

MULOCK LIBRARY, THANA: A general meeting of the members of the institution will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 6-30 a.m. for re-election of the following office-bearers: 2 Secretaries and one Treasurer.

MUSLIM STUDENTS UNION: A conversational meeting will be held in the Union Hall to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. to meet the President of the Union, Khan Bahadur H. S. Mahomed who will give a talk on "Semitic Civilization and Its Ruin."

EX-SOLDIER IN CHANDAN

BOMBAY, July 18.

A man from across the frontier and known for his "Hated Men" roles, W. M. Khan is, perhaps, the only Indian film star who has witnessed the horrid realities of war—he was one of the thousands of Indians who glorified the name of their motherland in 1918.

W. M. KHAN

Khan has seen life in all its aspects and the experience he has thus gained has enabled him to infuse life in the character he interprets in "Chandan", Ashok Pictures' surging social.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Confessions of a Nazi Spy" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Lady from Cheyenne" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Ziegfeld Girl" Daily at 3-15, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Lady Hamilton" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"This Thing Called Love" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Narad-Naradi" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Asra" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
ROXY—"Naya Sansar" Daily at 3-30, 6-45 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 12-30 noon.
WEST END—"Charano-ki-Dasi" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
MINERVA—"Lagan" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-15 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Manthan" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Shadi" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Amrit" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-15 p.m.
APOLLO—"Premnagar" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee at 2 p.m.
HINDMATA—"Kangan" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee at 2 p.m.
CHITRA—"Pardesi" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee at 1-15 p.m.
EDWARD—"Chitralekha" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee at 1-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Chitralekha" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee at 1-15 p.m.

FELLOWSHIP UNION: The annual general gathering of the Fellowship Union will be held at the Fellowship School premises to-morrow (Sunday) at 8-30 a.m. Mr. S. U. Shukla will preside.

BOMBAY BRAHMO SAMAJ: Prof. Ranjgiri Ramamurthy of Wilson College, will conduct Divine Service to-morrow (Sunday) at the Samaj, Mazagaon, at 7-30 a.m.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC: The weekly concert of the school will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at the new premises of the School, near Kennedy Bridge, opp. Opera House.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS: The Secretary of the B.N.G writes: There will be no study class on Sunday (to-morrow) and all the members are expected to be present in mufti at the Congress House at 7 a.m. to attend parade

GITA CLASS: Swami Sambuddhananda of the Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will conduct the weekly class on Bhagawat Geeta at the Mission Library Hall, Khar Road, to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m.

VEDANTA PHILOSOPHY: Swami Sambuddhananda of the Ramakrishna Mission Khar, will deliver a public lecture on Vedanta Philosophy (Brahma Sutras) at Batliboi's Accountancy Institute, Prescot Road, Fort, to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.)

Dinner party given in honour of H.H. the Raja Saheb of Nagod on Thursday at Presidency Radio Club by his friends and admirers.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN).

The public of Bandra will thank the authorities of the B.B. and C.I Railway for their prompt action in keeping the gate near the third class booking office open throughout the day.

This, it will be noticed, has saved a lot of inconvenience.

Another important problem is the taxi-stand in front of the railway station. This taxi-stand is on railway land and there are suggestions that the railway authorities should line the place as is done near many stations in Bombay. This would keep the taxis in a regular line rather than being stationed everywhere blocking the roadway.

RANE'S MUSEUM

Many may have visited Juhu, our suburban pleasure resort, but I think, few are aware that in the very heart of Juhu, there is a museum that has a varied collection some of them more interesting than even the museum's in our city.

The entire place is full of interest and if you are ailing of any disease you may even find a cure.

In Aid Of Malabar C. & F. Relief

The South Indian Association, Bombay, will hold a Variety Programme in aid of the Malabar Cyclone and Flood Relief Fund as under:—

MUSIC: Vocal, Kumar Gandharva, Sri Mati Gangabai Subramaniam. Violin, Miss Chellam. Orchestra: Pupils of Prof. Deodhar's School of Indian Music.

DANCE: (1) Navinya Kalalaya with Mohanlal, Malati and Rohini Wagle: (a) Snake Charmer's Dance, Duet. (b) Kite Dance, Duet. (c) Trithal, Solo. (2) Baby Anjani. (3) Kolattam (Garba) by South Indian Association Girls.

SELECTED SCENES: Tamil: Ramachandran, Shankar-Raman and Party. Malayalam: Bombay Malayalee Amateur Dramatic Society.

A Tableau also will be held.

The function will be held at South Indian Education Society's School Hall, Brahmanwada Rd., Matunga, on Sunday, the 20th inst. at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) when Seth Pranlal Devkaran Nanjee will preside.

KATHA UPANISHAD: Swami Sambuddhananda, Sri Ramakrishna Asiram, Padar, will deliver a public lecture on Upanishad at 5-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) in 54, Portuguese Church Street, Tambe Hall, Dadar (B.B. and C.I. Rly.)

A.R.P. IN SUBURBS: Mrs. Kamala V. Nimbkar will be "At Home" to the Khar Division A.R.P. personnel, at the C.K.P. Hall, Khar, to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m.

PLUCKED ADVOCATES' MEETING: There will be held a meeting of the unsuccessful 2nd LL.B. students (old course) at Harvey Road, to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. All interested persons are requested to be present.

SREE SANKARA MUTT, MATUNGA: Vedanta Vibhushana Venkatarama Sastrigal will conduct the religious discourse on "Sree Sankara Vijayam" between 5 and 6-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) and to-morrow (Sunday), the 20th inst.

ALL-INDIA COW CONFERENCE: The All-India Cow Conference will be held in Bombay in the last week of October. All those who are interested in this Conference can send their suggestions to the Secretary, Pt. Gopal Prasad Chaturvedi, 42, Dadyseth Agyari Lane, Bombay 2.

GOMANTAK HINDU VIDYARTHI MANDAL: The 18th annual general meeting of the Mandal will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. (S.T.) in Orient High School, Kelewadi, to consider the annual report, balance sheets, etc., and to elect new Managing Committee for the ensuing year.

SECONDARY TEACHERS' TRAINING INSTITUTE: Under the auspices of the Institute Mr. M. P. Sabnis, B.A., S.T.C.D., Principal of the Training College for Men, Dhulia, will give a talk on "Teaching Methods" in the lecture Hall of the Institute to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m.

STOCK EXCHANGE EMPLOYEES' THRIFT SOCIETY: The first general meeting of the Bombay Stock Exchange Thrift Society, Ltd., will be held to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. in the Share Bazar Hall. The Government Auditor, Mr. H. P. Vakil, will attend the meeting. Mr. K. R. P. Shroff will preside.

B.P ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCN.: The old students of Prof. Wadia's classes will meet in the Association's Rooms today (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. To-day's other classes will meet as usual. Prof. Dandekar will begin his lectures on "History of Indian Philosophy" from 29th July in the University, South Wing, at 5-30 p.m.

PATHARE PRABHU SOCIAL SAMAJ: Under the special lecture series Capt. Khan Bahadur N J. Vazifdar, L.M. and S., F.C.S. (Lond.), F.C.P.S., J.P., will deliver a lecture on "How Much Can You Trust Your Doctor?" to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the N. D. Prabhu Seminary Hall, Bhai Jivanji Lane, Thakurdwar, Bombay. Dr. S. N. Navalkar L.M. and S. will preside.

"WAR AND WIDER VISION": Under the auspices of the Blavatsky Lodge, T.S., Capt. R. Balfour Clarke will lecture in English at the Besant Hall of the Lodge at French Bridge, Chowpatty to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) on "The War and Wider Vision."

KARACHI.—The chief officer of Karachi Municipal Corporation who is the city's chief air warden is being deputed by the Government to undergo training in A. R. P. methods at the Calcutta School.—A. P.

MONSOON CONTINUES WEAK

Widespread Rainfall In Assam, Konkan And Malabar

POONA: July 18.

The monsoon continued weak. Rainfall has been widespread in Assam, Konkan and Malabar and local in Bengal, West United Provinces, East and North Punjab, while a few falls have occurred in Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Southwest Punjab, North-West Frontier Province and Southeast Madras.

The principal amounts of rainfall are:—Cherrapunji 4 inches; Jalpaiguri 3, Hazaribagh and Murree 1 1/2 inches each; Shillong Dibrugarh, Mangalore and Mahableshwar 1 each, Silchar, Berhampore, Lahore and Sialkot 3/4th of an inch each.

Forecast until the 19th evening: Rainfall will be widespread along and near the Western Himalayas, in North Bengal, Assam, Malabar and Kanara. Elsewhere no marked change in weather is anticipated.—A. P.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA: July 18.

All-India weather upto 8 hrs on Friday with shade temperature maximum and minimum, rainfall for the past 24 hrs, since June 1 and departure from the normal is as under:—

Stations.	Maximum	Minimum	Rainfall For past 24 hrs.	Since June 1	Departure from normal
Chittagong	79	70	0.5	45.5	+12.5
Calcutta	93	82	0.0	26.7	+ 7.4
Cuttack	92	79	0.1	27.4	+10.6
Patna	90	80	0.0	7.3	— 7.8
Gorakhpur	89	78	T	16.4	+ 1.8
Benares	91	79	0.0	8.6	— 2.3
Allahabad	92	79	0.0	5.5	.....
Cawnpore	96	79	0.0	5.7	— 2.9
Lucknow	95	80	0.0	7.9	— 2.8
Agra	99	88	0.0	5.1	— 2.9
Dehra Dun	86	71	3.2	19.8	— 3.5
Delhi	101	86	0.0	3.2	— 4.9
Ludhiana	99	77	0.1	8.5	+ 1.0
Lahore	100	76	0.9	5.5	+ 0.7
Rawalpindi	98	70	0.4	7.1	+ 1.0
Lyallpur	101	77	0.0	8.5	+ 5.6
Srinagar	84	63	0.0	3.0	+ 0.2
Peshawar	98	81	0.0	0.0	— 1.0
Rangoon	87	80	0.1	39.8	+ 9.9
Jubbulpore	87	77	0.0	15.0	— 2.1
Nagpur	87	77	0.0	24.1	+ 5.7
BOMBAY	87	78	0.2	21.3	—13.6
Ratnagiri	86	79	0.0	33.8	—15.3
Ahmednagar	87	70	0.0	2.4	— 4.7
Poona	84	70	T	15.2	+ 6.5
Sholapur	95	75	0.0	3.1	— 4.2
Hyderabad Dn.	92	75	0.0	4.3	— 4.0
Bangalore	87	66	0.0	4.0	— 1.3
Mysore	84	66	0.0	5.2	+ 0.6
Madras	100	81	0.0	4.6	+ 0.6
Shillong	75	60	0.9	13.1	+ 5.0
Darjeeling	66	59	0.3	24.7	—20.6
Simla	69	57	0.2	15.0	— 1.6
Pachmarhi	74	65	0.1	25.8	+ 3.3
Bhavnagar	94	75	0.0	24.3	+16.7
Jacobabad	105	84	0.0	0.0	— 0.7
Hyderabad Sind	93	81	T	5.1	+ 3.9
Karachi	84	80	0.0	1.7	— 0.7
Jaipur	93	80	0.0	4.2	— 2.9
Ajmer	90	78	0.0	3.6	— 2.9
Rajkot	91	77	0.0	19.2	+ 8.7
Ahmedabad	91	79	0.0	37.7	+27.0
Bhopal	85	75	0.0	8.5	.....
Amraoti	87	75	0.0	13.9	+ 1.9
Indore	83	72	0.0	10.7	— 0.8
Marmagoa	85	77	0.1	30.9	.....
Mussooree	69	60	0.4	21.8	+ 4.0
Mahableshwar	67	61	0.9	116.3	+18.5
Baroda	88	78	0.0	30.8	.....
Belgaum	78	68	T	32.6	+15.5
Bijapur	90	70	0.0	1.6	— 3.0
Ootacamund	64	51	0.1	17.0	+ 5.5
Jodhpur	89	78	0.0	2.4	— 1.1
Gwalior	97	84	0.0	2.6	.....

T indicates rainfall from 1 to 4 cents.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 18-7-1941.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +.041 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 82.3 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.8 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 87.4 degrees (2.3 above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 78.3 degrees (2.0 above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 77 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. WSW

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 17 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 184 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 29 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq 10) 8

Rain in 24 hours 0.22 inches.

Total rainfall during the month 13.16 inches.

Total rainfall during the year 21.32 inches.

Weather remark: Rain.

Earthquake report: An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 1,500 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 5h. 9m. I.S.T. on Friday, 18th July 1941.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 18-7-41

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 84.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.03 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.82 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Editors' Conference

Meeting At Taj Mahal Hotel

BOMBAY, July 18.

The Standing Committee of the Editors' Conference will meet in the Princes' Room of the Taj Mahal Hotel at 11 a.m. on July 23.

A luncheon will be given to the members of the Committee by the States' People Ltd. on July 23.

The proprietors of the "Bombay Chronicle," "Bombay Sentinel" and "Bombay Samachar" have also invited them to a luncheon on July 24.

A reception will be accorded to the members by the Journalists' Association at 6 p.m. on July 24. —United Press.

DELHI EDITORS LEAVE FOR BOMBAY

NEW DELHI, July 18.

Mr. J. N. Sahani, convener of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference informs the Associated Press that almost all members of the Standing Committee of the Conference are expected to attend the meeting commencing in Bombay on July 23.

Mr. Sahani, Mr. Devdas Gandhi ("Hindustan Times"), and Mr. Purshottam Sondhi ("Tribune") are leaving for Bombay to-morrow morning.—A.P.

Indian Merchants' Chamber Electoral Roll

Pursuant to the Government of Bombay Notification, and the Indian Merchants' Chamber Office Circular to members dated 2nd July the First publication of the Electoral Roll for the Indian Merchants' Chamber Constituency of the Indian Legislative Assembly (Central) has been made on Thursday, the 17th inst at the office of the Chamber. The voters in the Constituency are hereby informed that claims and objections, if any, in respect of the Roll should be made in writing, in four copies, as specified in Regulation 3(2) and (3), Part II of the Legislative Assembly (Bombay) Electoral Regulations to the Chief Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Bombay, on or before the 27th inst.

The Second publication of the Roll will be made on 1st October 1941.

4 LAKHS TO EQUIP MOTORISED BATTALION

The Secretary, Bombay War Gifts Fund, writes:—

The Bombay War Gifts Fund recently forwarded to His Excellency the Viceroy a sum of Rs. 4 lakhs for the provision of Armoured Carriers.

The contributors to the Fund will be glad to know that the Chairman has now been informed that the amount will be used to equip a Motorised Battalion of the Bombay Grenadiers.

RECEPTION TO SIR B. RAMA RAU

"Condition Of Indians In South Africa Has Not Deteriorated"

Sir B. Rama Rau and Lady Rama Rau were given an "at home" by the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association at the Cricket Club of India, Bombay, on Friday evening. A large and distinguished gathering was present on the occasion.

Welcoming the guests Sir Chimanlal Setalvad referred to the tenure of Sir Banegal's office as Agent to the Government of India in South Africa, during which he and Lady Rama Rau had done their best to ameliorate the condition of Indians there.

Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas who spoke next, paid tribute to the tact with which Sir Banegal tackled some of the extremely difficult aspects of the Indian problem in South Africa.

Sir Banegal Rama Rao thereafter recounting his experiences and difficulties during his five years' stay in South Africa said that whatever may have been the criticism he could satisfactorily state that the condition of Indians there had not in any way deteriorated during that period.

Owing to the European War the Indian problem was shelved for the present, and a spirit of comradeship was noticeable which he hoped would continue even after the war.

This Peace And Freedom
— THEY STROVE FOR IT!
Lovers, Singers, Reporters...
...Soldiers of Peace and Truth

RENUKA DEVI
and ASHOK KUMAR in
Naya Sansar
BOMBAY TALKIES' Film-triumph
TIMINGS
Daily at 3-30, 6-45 and 10 p.m.;
Sat., Sunday & Thursday next (Amas.) Matinee at 12-30 noon
17th Week at the ROXY

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.... AND ONLY HUMANISM COULD BRING ABOUT THIS MIRACLE!!
NAVYUG'S Stirring Human Drama
FILMED AGAINST THE FASCINATING PANORAMA OF PALM-GROVES
'AMRIT'
Story: V. S. KHANDEKAR
Direction: WINAYAK
Camera: PANDURANG NAIK
Starring: MEENAXEE, LALITA PAWAR, BABY DEVI, BABURAO PENDHARKAR, SALVI, DAMUANNA MALWANKAR, MASTER VITHAL & WINAYAK
5th Week of Full Houses CENTRAL
NOTE THE TIMINGS! Daily: MARATHI: 4, 9-45 p. m. HINDI: 7 p. m. Sat., Sun: MARATHI: 1-15, 9-45 p. m. HINDI: 4, 7 p. m.

EVEN STARS ACCLAIM DURGA KHOTE!

Dear Mrs. KHOTE,
This is a letter from a colleague written in appreciation of your brilliant performance in "Charano-Ki-Dasi".
I saw the Hindi version yesterday.
So perfect was the characterization that even though the pamphlet told me and so peculiar the art, I could not believe the moving figure before me was yourself. We do not see Mrs. Khote on the screen. We saw every bit of the tyrannical mother-in-law who always had "pan" in her mouth and her husband and son in the palm of her hand. Your voice, it was not the voice we had been familiar with, it was the voice of the dictator of the house
You are the greatest artist of the Indian screen.
With best wishes,
Yours sincerely,
(Sd.) SNEHAPRABHA PRADHAN.

Dear Mr. ATRE,
I found your Maiden Picture Charano-Ki-Dasi to be a delightful entertainment. The picture runs very evenly and smoothly and songs particulaly fit in with the soothing mood of the picture.
Specially, Mrs. Durga Khote's work, I appreciated very much. The Sweet-Mannered, Sweet-Voiced Mrs. Khote shows a new phase of versatility in this picture. She plays her role with such an ease of movement and gesture that she looks every inch the tyrannical mother-in-law she portrays.
Yours sincerely,
(Sd.) LEELA CHITNIS.

Screen Play: PRINCIPAL ATRE
Direction: G. JAGIRDAR
Music: A. MAINKAR
Hindi Dialogues: PANDIT ANANDKUMAR

ATRE PICTURES' 'Highly Acclaimed Hit
Charano-ki-Dasi
HINDI PAYACHI DASI (Marathi)
5th WEEK OF FAME!
New West End
NOTE THE TIMINGS!
Daily: Marathi: 4-30, 7-15 p.m. Hindi: 10 p.m.
Sat., Sun.: Marathi: 2, 7-15 p.m. Hindi: 4-30, 10 p.m.
Starring: DURGA KHOTE, VANMALA, JAGIRDAR, KUSUM, DESHPANDE, AVINASH.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 19, 1941.

THEY WILL HAVE THEIR WAY

Things are changing fast in the world but, apparently, Mr Amery is not. Probably for the dozenth time he has said in the Commons that he has nothing new to say about India. It does not matter much to him that the war is coming nearer and nearer to India and that the best friends of Government demand a truly National Government to evoke war effort on a national scale. But Mr Amery is supremely unconcerned. He has nothing to add to what he was pleased to say before. If any other Minister had talked in that strain, he would not have remained a Minister for more than a few hours. But India is different and Mr. Amery's place is safe, as is also that of Lord Linlithgow. They are virtual dictators who differ from other dictators, in that they talk a lot about democracy. They feel that their dictatorship is safe so long as Gandhiji is determined not to embarrass Government.

Danger To Empire

It is not clear whether the people of Britain are satisfied with the ways of Mr. Amery or the real situation in India. Probably he and the Censor have taken care to hide it from them. Speaking at the India Summer School at Oxford on Friday, Mr. Arthur Moore likened India to "a sleeping giant in the face of mortal danger" But is Mr. Amery himself awake to the mortal danger to the Empire as well as to India? Or does he feel that it is best for the giant to be sleeping till the danger to the Empire is past? As regards India, will it make much difference, as things are, if she awakes only to find herself bound hand and foot and listening to appeals to break other countries' fetters? Mr. Moore is less complacent about India's war effort, and while acknowledging her achievements in the war, he pertinently asks: "But what is India's share in the war effort compared with China's struggle against Japan or compared with what Australia with its seven millions has done in Libya and Syria to defend India itself?" Mr. Moore realises the reason for the difference between India on the one hand and China and Australia on the other and says: "It is for us to make it plain that she can have the status (of a Dominion) now without delay. Let us show to India and all the world that we are not merely fighting to save old freedoms but to create new ones, not merely to save an old world, but to build a better world." So far, however, all that has been made plain is that India is asked to fight for the freedom of other nations.

No Advance

Though Mr. Amery has been studiously silent on the Indian situation, it is clear that certain things are being done behind the curtain. But they do not seem to amount to anything more than a rehash of the old offer of August last. That offer meant an enlargement of the Viceroy's Council with the addition of a few representatives of parties in the country. But as all the important parties, have spurned the offer, it seems to be now proposed to get some non-descripts in the Council and yet palm it off as a representative body, nor will the new members have any more powers than the present members have. It is no constitutional advance at all. On the contrary certain persons who now help the Government but occasionally become mild critics of Government will now help Government as their servants or as members of Government committees and their criticism will be less in evidence. That may satisfy Government but will not mislead the public. The people rightly insist that their own fetters are broken before they attempt to break the fetters of other peoples. And they will have their way.

An Axis Threat

Mr. Martin Agronsky, the well-known American radio commentator in Ankara, learns authoritatively that the Italians have, during the past few weeks, concentrated 10,000 troops on the Greek island of Samos, only a few miles off Turkey's southern Aegean Coast. He also reports that German re-inforcements are expected in the Greek Aegean island by the middle of August. If these reports are true, then taken in conjunction with military activities in Bulgaria, they do constitute an open threat to Turkey. Why is Germany holding out this threat openly so soon after signing a Neutrality Pact? The suggestion that an actual attack will be launched in a few weeks' time is based on the assumption of a Russian collapse. But that is a large assumption. Inspite of reverses there is no ground to fear that the Red Army will not continue to hold on for months even though it may suffer more defeats in the meantime.

But although the actual danger is not imminent it is well for the Turks to be ready for eventualities. It is also, we agree, elementary wisdom on the part of the British not to be complacent as regards the possibility of attempted Axis push through Turkey. But what is necessary in this connection is not defensive preparations in Syria and Iraq so much as an immediate offensive in Libya. The fight will be hard and even grievous because it is the Germans and their Panzer strength that will have to be dealt with. But the British are free from other distractions in the Middle East, have got enough men and have, let us hope, received enough material and supplies from America and Britain for the big job. If the Axis is expelled from Libya, an Italo-German adventure through Turkey will become more than twice as dangerous as it would otherwise be.

Podar Ayurvedic College

The Rambildas Anandilal Podar Ayurvedic College at Worli, opened by Mr. H. F. Knight Adviser to Government of Bombay, does mark an epoch in the progress of Ayurvedic medicine in the province of Bombay because, unlike many other Ayurvedic institutions, it has been so designed by its promoters and the Congress Government as to conserve, in the words of Mr. Knight, the best in the old Indian system and yet absorb into it all medical knowledge which can be proved to be true and useful, whether or not it coincides with Ayurvedic principles. To isolate Ayurved, as some of its champions would like to do, would be to arrest all progress in it and ultimately to kill it. It must grow with the growth of the medical science in the world. And we trust the Podar College will worthily serve this great purpose.

Frankly Speaking

Splendid Success

Wednesday last was one of the most successful days for the R. A. F. operating against the Germans from Britain. What is described as one of the heaviest daylight raids of the war was carried out at Rotterdam and met with remarkably splendid success. Besides inflicting destructive damage upon warehouses and a factory, British bombers are claimed to have put out of action either permanently or for a long time to come no fewer than 17 ships totalling between 90,000 and 100,000 tons and have severely damaged another 5 ships totalling about 40,000 tons. Other aircraft destroyed a tanker and another ship off Norway and attacked two vessels off France. This is exceptionally splendid success which, naturally, cannot be repeated often. But if the R. A. F. continue to take toll in appreciable measure, of German shipping, it will not be long before Nazi supplies to occupied countries through the sea become as difficult as they already are through rail.

Japanese Situation

The general consensus of world opinion has been that the resignation of the Japanese Cabinet was a prelude to aggressive action. It appears possible that Japan may yet surprise observers and again postpone her drive southwards. For, in addition to the fact that Prince Konoye remains the Premier, Saigon and Vichy both deny reports of Japanese demands on Indo-China. But the others are wisely taking no chances. And Prince Konoye would not, we trust, have failed to note, with an adequate amount of wholesome anxiety President Roosevelt's conferences with Mr. Sumner Welles and U.S.A. naval chiefs.

A Journalist's Detention

According to information received in Bombay Mr. Stephen S. Skup was arrested in Karachi on July 10 and has been detained under the Defence of India Act. Mr. Skup was the correspondent in Greece of the United Press of America and correspondent in Yugoslavia of the "New York Times". He was on his way back to America. He left Bombay early this month by a steamer bound for San Francisco. Mr. Skup is a well-known journalist and his detention without trial under the Defence of India Act will naturally cause surprise and resentment both here and in America. The Government of India must explain why such a drastic action has been taken against him.

An Opportunity

Miss Kapila Khandvala deserves to be congratulated on her election as Secretary of the Municipal Schools Committee, particularly in view of the strong opposition to her claims for the post from a number of critics. The huge majority of votes that she got shows that she owed her success not merely to the votes of the Congress Party but also to those of many outside that Party. We are sure that by her devotion to the cause of education she will worthily requite the trust imposed on her. That her post is no bed of roses is obvious. The recent extension of compulsory education to the whole city entails a heavy responsibility and calls for strenuous but tactful efforts in enforcing compulsion without undue reliance on coercive methods. We feel sure the first woman Secretary will acquit herself creditably in the discharge of her new and heavy responsibilities.

India And Defence Expenditure

When Britain decreed that India should be responsible for the defence of Iraq many did fear that this would prove a costly responsibility, and that India would be asked to share the cost on the plea that she would be as much benefited by this arrangement as Britain. We are glad to learn that at the interview between the Finance Member and the Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber on Thursday the former stated that no part of the burden of expenditure on Iraq would fall on India. The Finance Member is also understood to have assured the Committee of the Chamber that there need be no unnecessary fears about Defence expenditure generally as all relevant factors would be taken into consideration at the time of allocation between Britain and India. That, however, is not enough. What India wants is that her own accredited representatives should control the expenditure on defence.

VIENNA UNDER NAZIS

NEW YORK.—A report dealing with the situation among Viennese workers around the end of March has found its way, uncensored, to the Nofrontier News Service. The report states that although the food situation in Vienna is not really precarious, the economic condition of the Viennese workers—and obviously of all Austrians—has steadily declined since the outbreak of the war. Wage increases are, of course, strictly prohibited, although more work has to be done. Deductions from wages are constantly increasing. Earnings of about 40 marks a week are subject to a deduction of from 10 to 12 marks, or about 25 per cent, and often these deductions are higher. The time-honoured joke about preferring to give up one's wages in exchange for one's taxes is repeated in Vienna, but with little merriment. The workers have never agreed to the deduction on pay checks, although it was imposed on them immediately after the "Anschluss". Since that time excessive war taxes have been added to the many existing ones.

★

There is a scarcity of labour now because so many men have been called to the army. Skilled labourers and apprentices are particularly scarce, while at the same time skilled craftsmen who master a trade are forced to work in factories as unskilled helpers. This state of affairs does not help to improve the morale of the population.

Although open resistance is impossible, the factory workers do not favour the Nazi regime. They are not interested by the addresses which are constantly being broadcast over the radio, to which they are obliged to listen. In fact, the workers pay scarcely any attention to the Nazi propaganda and do not "swallow" the Nazi arguments. The "Factory Militia" or "shock troops" which were formed during the war are considered by the men as nothing more than "stool-pigeons", but they are effective. There are constant reports of arrests and disciplinary measures in the industrial plants. These "shock troops" are trained to break all resistance of the workers. A significant incident is reported from one of the big plants near Vienna: A worker who had lost a hand in the invasion of France applied for admission to the "Factory Militia". He was refused on the ground that he was unable to throw hand-grenades.

★

There is no war enthusiasm among the workers or the people of Vienna. It is a fair guess that a majority of Viennese labour desires Hitler's defeat. Deserters from the Austrian workers' ranks to the Nazis are very few. Generally the labourers and the former Social Democratic Party officials speak of the "good old times", and refer to the "Democratic Republic". Many business people would like to see those days return when Vienna was truly "labour's city".

No reports are allowed to leak out about any acts of resistance. A short time ago, however, during a soccer game in the Vienna Stadium, there was a great demonstration against the "Prussians", which is just another name for the Nazis. Political persecution goes on in spite of the alleged "unity" of the German people of which the Nazi leaders talk so much. The prison of the Viennese Criminal Court is overcrowded, and instead of the 800 or 1,000 inmates which can "normally" be "accommodated", 2,500 prisoners have been jammed inside its gates. Of course, the increase in crime and the decay of morals contribute heavily to this condition. (Nofrontier News Service.)

PUERTO RICO'S NEW SOCIAL LEGISLATION

By J. M. Toro-Nazario

San Juan.—Social justice for the Caribbean island which Uncle Sam took over from Spain at the end of the now-forgotten Spanish American War is attaining momentum, thanks largely to the support given by Governor Guy J. Swope, a Presidential appointee to the new legislation recently passed by the Popular Democratic Party. The Governor's support is essential in view of the fact that his veto, under Puerto Rico's peculiar set-up, is virtually insurmountable. A rejected bill, if again passed by both Houses, instead of taking effect, must go to the President of the United States, whose veto is final.

Among the new laws is one providing for an Authority on Lands, designed to put teeth into a statute passed by Congress forty-odd years ago limiting the amount of land a corporation may own to 500 acres. The legislature intended to extend the law to cover private individuals, but on examination of the Organic Act decided to limit the provisions to corporations. Regardless of this handicap, however, this new legislation is of vital concern to the natives, for their country is scarcely larger than the state of Rhode Island while its population equals that of half-a-dozen Middle Western states. Most of its Arable land is devoted to sugar cane —"the bitter sugar cane," as President of the Senate and head of the Popular Democratic Party Luis Munoz Marin aptly called it during his free-lance newspaper days twenty years ago.

★

It is difficult for outsiders to realize what this overwhelming monopoly of the national economy by sugar portends for Puerto Rico in a world of progressive economic nationalism and industrial development. The European war has brought the hard facts of this unescapable reality home to the Puerto Ricans, and there are those who are thinking ahead to the days to come after the war, with probable renewed over-production and chaos for the country. The new land law is aimed at forestalling this eventuality, but its enforcement is going to be no idle game. It might even precipitate a temporary bank scare, since financiers might hesitate to lend money to landless sugar mills. Again, the acreage limitation might be taken to the courts for a final test. Fortunately, the constitutionality of the limitation has been upheld by the United States Supreme Court, and fresh attempts against it will have to be directed on other grounds. The Puerto Rican Department of Justice is fighting in the courts to revoke the charters of corporations owning land in excess of the limit. So far there are five big sugar mills under legal fire.

The importance of this law tends to overshadow other important bills that have already gone into effect. One of these provides

(Continued on page 12, col. 5)

VICEROY'S CABINET

PUNJAB MUSLIMS' DEMANDS

(From Our Correspondent).

SIMLA, July 18.

New rumours are afloat regarding the reason for postponement of the Viceroy's statement.

It would appear the original cause was that the technical reason that Whitehall was unable to announce on Monday last its decision to appoint an Indian High Commissioner in the United States in pursuance of the reciprocal arrangement between the British Government and the United States but during the interval new factors have arisen, which have considerably complicated the position.

PUNJAB DEMANDS

According to to-day's reports definite demands have been made on behalf of the Punjab Muslims, which are already with the Secretary of State. The first is that a prominent Punjab Muslim like Sir Feroze Khan Noon should be included in the Cabinet. The second point raised is that portfolios offered to the new Muslim members viz, Law and Information, are not sufficiently important.

It is now being said that Sir Akbar Hydari is being thought of for the Information Portfolio and Civil Defence.

Representation made is to the effect that in order to strengthen their hands and enable them to justify their conduct before their community, particularly in the Punjab, they should not only be given three seats in new Cabinet but really first class portfolios.

The possibility of two more additions in order to satisfy this demand cannot be ruled out.

WHAT ABOUT "LEAGUE" PREMIERS?

In the meantime an intriguing position has also arisen regarding the proposed War Advisory Council. It would appear all four Provincial Premiers have accepted seats. Sir Sikandar and Mr. Fazlul Huq are both in the Working Committee of the Muslim League. It remains to be seen what Mr. Jinnah will do, but their contention is understood to be that owing to their official position they haveto be exempted.

Other names mentioned for the Council are Sir Maharaj Singh and Dr. B. R. Ambedkar

M. P.'s DISAPPOINTED OVER POSTPONEMENT

Will New Declaration Help Resolve Indian Deadlock?

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, July 17.

Much disappointment is felt in the Lobbies in the Commons where Members had prepared themselves to welcome a fresh statement from Mr. Amery on India's constitutional development. By now the possibility of a Government statement had become what may described as bazaar gossip, and since the last week-end there has been considerable speculation as to the nature of the new policy envisaged by Government. There has been, no doubt, about a certain feeling of optimism in the country—particularly at Oxford during the week-end when Indo-British gatherings were held, under the auspices of India Summer School, to listen to people like Sir George Schuster, Prof. Coupland, Prof. Hamill, ex-Principal of the Elphinstone College, Bombay, Dr. Sir Hari Singh Gour, Dewan Bahadur Ranganathan, Dr. Suhrawardy and other well-known persons, as it had been hoped that a new declaration may help to resolve the present constitutional deadlock.

WHAT WARS ARE FOUGHT FOR.

It has been suggested in recent speeches of the Premier and the events that led to the Anglo-Russian alliance could not have failed to impress the Indian mind that wars are being fought not only for destruction of Hitlerism and for preservation of democracy but also for extension of democracy where it has been absent. It is therefore conceivable that there will be a notable extension of Viceroy's Council immediately so as to stimulate the desire for closer co-operation in the Anglo-Russian war effort, in the circles which have hitherto withheld it in India.

The need is also felt for creation, forthwith, of a War Advisory Council as suggested in previous Governmental Declarations. What is being asked is whether these two bodies help Government in securing the maximum co-operation from India for which they are being created. Perhaps much depends on the personnel of these bodies, and it is felt that delay in making announcement may due to the fact that the authorities here and in India are insisting on selecting only those who sit on the bodies on the basis of merely serving India, irrespective of their party ties or political shibboleths. Indeed next week will provide answer to these questions.

Further Facilities Required On B. B. & C. I.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—The travelling public will surely appreciate the ready response given by Mr. Aldous, the General Traffic Manager, to some of the suggestions made by this writer. I have just returned from a flying visit to Bulsar, Gandevi, Navsari and Udvada and request Mr. Aldous to give the following facilities to the public.

(1) The shuttle train that was running between Bulsar and Daman in the morning and evening may be resumed without delay. By its discontinuance, about 75 students attending the High Schools at Bulsar and Pardi, and using this train are idling at home! Further, hundreds of businessmen and public going to Pardi and Bulsar Courts, and on business to Pardi, Bulsar and Daman or to Hospital and Dispensary at Bulsar or Daman are simply handicapped at present. We, therefore, urge on Mr. Aldous to resume this shuttle without further delay.

This writer has invariably noticed, that precious time of the travelling public is simply wasted for want of sufficient Hamals to handle the parcels. Those at the station being too few, a gang of at least six men should travel along with the train to handle these parcels. At night, some men are kept; but during the day, no extra hands are retained to expedite the work. Time thus saved will more than compensate the wages of extra men. Will Mr Aldous do the needful?

Baroda and Ahmedabad Passenger trains need not make long halts at big stations, nor should they be made to halt at suburban stations, except at Borivli and Virar. The service needs expedition in the interests of all concerned. Will Mr. Aldous do it?—Yours etc.

B. F. BHARUCHA.

America's Policy Of Expanding Export Control

WASHINGTON, July 18.

The United States is considering all possible steps for an expansion of the export control measures—to areas other than Latin-America, said Mr. Sumner Welles at a press conference to-day (Friday).—Reuter.

Br. Citizens Released

DAMASCUS, July 17.

The released British residents who were interned by the Vichy Government when the Allies entered Syria returned here this morning in a transport convoy. A number of persons detained on suspicion of doing intelligence work for the Allies have also been released.—Reuter.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"Even now with the Germans thrusting at Moscow and maturing their thrust to the Caucasus and to the oil wells not only of Baku but of Iraq and Iran, with Japan preparing to strike through Indo-China at Burma, Singapore and the Netherlands Indies, our India, which is a menaced country, containing 400 million people, a country full of brave men, rich in all materials needed for great industries to sustain modern armies and airforces is a sleeping giant in the face of mortal danger."

—"Our" Mr. Arthur Moore, Editor of the "Statesman".

* * * *

Replying to questions in the House of Commons Mr. Amery declared that he had nothing to add to the answer he gave a week ago.

This is a great relief.

* * * *

According to an American commentator in Ankara the garrison in the former Greek island of Samos—just off the Anatolian coast—is being reinforced by thousands of Italian troops.

It, therefore, need cause little anxiety to the Turks.

* * * *

Ankara report, dated Friday. "By to-night the British Imperial Forces will have occupied the entire length of Syria's northern border with Turkey."

Good.

But it is even more important that British Imperial Forces should have occupied the entire length of Cyrenaica's northern border with Mediterranean by August.

* * * *

A Reuter's despatch from Moscow says "it is now regarded as absolutely inevitable that the Nazis will be defeated ultimately, no matter what setbacks the Soviets receive in the meantime."

We are glad to note that Moscow opinion agrees with ours on both points.

* * * *

Prelude To Big Events? asks a headline apropos of the Japanese Cabinet's resignation.

Till Thursday at any rate this question was also causing personal anxiety to the ailing M. Matsuoka.

* * * *

A Vichy spokesman has denied rumours of any Franco-Japanese crisis over Indo-China.

What did Admiral Darlan pay to avert it?

* * * *

On Wednesday last R.A.F. bombers deprived Germany of over 100,000 tons of shipping.

But the Nazis will, we are sure, adequately avenge themselves for the loss by adding, say, another 200,000 "gross registered tons" to their week's success against Britain.

What, however, is intolerable about the R.A.F. attack is that they approached Rotterdam in V. formation.

* * * *

According to an American newspaper, "the Battle of Germany is the one battle which he never planned to fight."

And he won't either. He will disappear when the battle becomes unavoidable.

* * * *

The Moscow radio repeats the report that Reichsmarshal Goering is under domestic detention.

The situation is getting interesting.

* * * *

The boxer who knew practically every trick in the game finally met his match. In the third round he found himself on his back, listening to the referee counting over him.

"One", roared the referee, "two—three—four—five—six—seven."

The fighter reached up and grabbed the referee's wrist.

"I'm a little hard of hearing" he interrupted. "Would you mind repeating that?"

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

The who who lives by his wits is not always a high liver.

* * * *

Poets are born—and there doesn't seem to be any remedy for it.

* * *

It takes a subordinate to realize the inefficiency of a superior.

* * *

It's a wise worm that stays under cover and deprives the early bird of his breakfast

* * * *

If you go one mile on the wrong road you are two miles further away from your destination.

*

At the age of 16 a girl knows a lot more about men than a man at the age of 60 knows about women.

New Phase Of Punjab Satyagraha

Gandhiji Instructs 350 'Amicus Curiae' Released To Court Arrest Again

LAHORE, July 18.

A new phase of the Congress Satyagraha will be inaugurated in the Punjab on July 20 when about 350 Satyagrahis, who were recently released by the Punjab Government following a ruling of the Lahore High Court, will start courting arrest.

According to the instructions of Mahatma Gandhi, these Satyagrahis are expected to court arrest between July 20 and July 30 but some of them may be exempted on grounds of "ill health".

150 Quit Local Bodies

It is learned that about 150 resignations have so far been received in the office of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee from Congress members of local bodies in the Punjab. These will be forwarded to the authorities next week.—A. P.

CONGRESS DETENU RELEASED

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. Sunderlal Negum, a member of the "A" Ward Congress Committee, arrested and detained without trial in February, under the Defence of India Rules, was released from the Thana Jail, this morning.

Satyagrahis Released From Yeravda Jail

POONA, July 18.

Messrs. Kantilal Shah of Surat, Jagabhai Mogirabhai of Surat, Naran Bhai Chaturbhai of Kheda, Chaganbhai Virchandbhai of Broach and Ramachandra Gupta of Bellary, all of whom were Satyagrahi prisoners undergoing imprisonment in the Yerawada Jail were released yesterday after the expiry of their term.—A. P.

Satyagraha In Kaira To Be Revived

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 17.

After a prolonged lull the Satyagraha movement in Kaira District is going to be resumed with full vigour from Monday next, Sjt. Bhaktilakshmi Desai is offering Satyagraha for the third time on 21st July. Nearly 19 leading workers are going to offer Satyagraha before the end of the current month.

Satyagrahi From Suburb Sentenced

(From Our Correspondent)

KHAR, July 17.

Syt. Deochand Tukaram Kawali President of the Danda Congress Committee (Khar), who offered Satyagraha on Thursday morning at Danda village, was arrested and placed before the First Class Magistrate at Bandra.

He was sentenced to 3 months' simple imprisonment and was given 'C' Class.

HUNGER-STRIKE OF PALITANA WORKER

(From Our Correspondent).

BHAVNAGAR, July 18.

Palitana worker, Shambhubhai Trivedi Shambhushanker passed six days of his fast without water in jail. Day by day, his body has become emaciated.

Shambhubhai's wife Saralabhen who was recently released from prison has come here, and could not yet get permission to see her husband. Gandhiji has been informed of the situation.

Shambhu Shanker Trivedi, on the third day of his fast was put before the Palitana State Court with hand cuffs on Wednesday but refused taking part in court proceedings.

CONGRESSMEN JAILED

ALLAHABAD, July 18.

Mr. Siresh Saran Agarwal, a local Congress worker, has been sentenced under the Defence of India Rules to nine months' R. I. and a fine of Rs. 100 or in default, further three months' imprisonment.

Mr. Ram Sagar, a clerk of the local Congress office, has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment and fine of Rs. 25, or in default further six weeks' imprisonment.—A. P.

SATYAGRAHA IN CUTTACK

CUTTACK, July 18.

According to a statement issued from the office of the Provincial Congress Office, Cuttack, upto the end of June, 1941, 417 persons offered Satyagraha, of whom 386 were arrested and convicted.

Of the 260 Satyagrahis released after completion of their terms of imprisonment, 38, have offered Satyagraha for a second time.—A. P.

N. R. SARKAR SEES MAHATMA

WARDHAGANJ, July 18.

Mr. Naliniranjan Sarkar, ex Finance Minister of Bengal, who arrived here last evening had a long interview with Mahatma Gandhi.

In an interview to the press Mr. Sarkar said he had discussed with Gandhiji the political situation in India, with particular reference to Bengal, though, he added, other important matters were discussed.

Mr. Ghanshyamdas Birla was also present during the discussion.

Mr. Sarkar left for Bombay by evening mail.—United Press.

Release Of Smt. Maniben Parekh

GHATKOPAR: July 18.

Smti. Manibahen Parekh of Ghatkopar was released from Yeravda Jail to-day after completing her second sentence of four months. She has returned to Ghatkopar in good health. During her incarceration Smti. Mani Bahen Parekh has spun yarn on Yeravda Chakra weighing 10 lbs.

Halifax Apprehends No Clash With Tokio

But If Hitler Makes Peace Move, Britain Will Surely Reject It, He Says

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.

The British Ambassador, Lord Halifax, addressing the Commonwealth Club here declared that he saw no reason for any Anglo-Japanese clash, but Britain, he said, would not allow her interests in the Pacific to be ignored.

Lord Halifax also declared that a peace offer might be expected from Hitler and declared: "Whatever the terms, I say here and now they will be rejected."

Discussing the Far Eastern situation, Lord Halifax said that it was the settled policy of the British Government "and I have no doubt of the United States Government, to do all in their power to preserve peace in the Pacific. There is not the slightest desire on their part to pick a quarrel with Japan and, provided she is willing to approach questions which affect her in the Far East with due regard to the rights of other interested powers, I can not see why any difficulties need arise which might lead to a clash. But no one should make the mistake of thinking that under the pressure of the European struggle Britain would be prepared to allow her legitimate rights and interests in other parts of the world to be ignored or set aside.

"There are certain nations which cannot be intimidated or bullied to accepting action by other powers which might be against their own best interests."

HITLER'S NEXT MOVE?

As Hitler's campaign against Russia proceeds "We may expect, whatever its future, that he will turn to us with specious peace terms", Lord Halifax continued. Especially Hitler will announce his ambitions satisfied and that if he is allowed to do what he pleases in Europe he will leave Britain and the United States in peace.

"But no matter what terms are offered, I say here and now that they will not interest us, because the record of Hitler's lies is such that we are resolved never to pay the slightest attention in future to any assurance he may give. We are resolved never to consent to any peace terms he may offer, since we are convinced that the only object of any such offer will be to secure an armistice by which he could get himself into better shape, finally to destroy us.

We in Britain and the British Commonwealth of Nations have made our choice. We are all one in our determination that come what may we will never suffer Hitler to make himself master of Britain or the British Commonwealth."—Reuter.

HOW TO ASSESS FILM INCOME

South Indian Chamber Gives 12 To 24 Months Life To Each Film

MADRAS, July 18.

Problems relating to the assessment of income-tax on films were discussed by the representatives of the South Indian Film Chamber of Commerce with Mr. J. F. Sheehy, member in charge of income-tax, Central Board of Revenue.

The Chamber presented him with a memorandum in the course of which it pointed out that it was impossible to assess the worth or the earning capacity of a film until such time as the picture actually earned and it was impossible to estimate as to how many years a film was capable of yielding any realisation.

They submitted that the life of a film ordinarily extended from 12 to 24 months and that after that period the film should be considered to have no value. The Chamber prayed that the cost of unsuccessful films should be written off and a depreciation of at least 25 per cent. should be allowed on machinery used in the production and exhibition of cinematograph films.

Mr. Sheehy promised to give due consideration to their representations.—A. P.

TWELVE THOUSAND ON STRIKE

CALCUTTA, July 17.

As a result of an extension of the system of checking work, about 12,000 workers of the Anglo-India group of four mills in Jagatdal, within the Barrackpore Sub-division in the District of Twenty-four Parganas, struck work on the afternoon of July 15.

It is reported that the checking system was introduced sometime ago in one of the mills, and with a view to improving the standard of production, the management decided to extend the system to the other three mills. This was strongly resented by the workers, and the strike followed.—A. P.

MISS CRIPPS IN LAHORE

LAHORE, July 18.

Miss Cripps, daughter of Sir Stafford Cripps, accompanied by Mr. W. H. Young, arrived here this evening by the Karachi Mail "en route" to Bombay.

Miss Cripps avoided press photographers and declined to make any statement to the Press.

After spending a couple of hours at a local hotel, Miss Cripps and Mr. Young are leaving for Bombay by the Frontier Mail.

No other member of the party from the British Embassy in Moscow has arrived in Lahore.—A. P.

Party From Moscow

KARACHI, July 18.

The party from the British Embassy in Moscow, including Miss Cripps, who have arrived at Karachi consist of fourteen members.

Interviewed by the "Associated Press" they said it had been decided to evacuate British men and women from Moscow before the declaration of war on Russia by Germany. The party left Moscow on June 22 and they came to know about the outbreak of hostilities, while they were travelling by train. They refused to be drawn into discussion whither about the situation in Russia or the possibilities of the development of the war. Three members of the party have stayed behind at Tehran, while others arrived here by boat from Basra. The party is staying here at present.

The following members constitute the party: Mr. and Mrs. Warton, Mrs. Halawell and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Scott, Mrs. Hair and daughter, Mrs. Gent, Mrs. Aurich, Mrs. Carter, Mr. Bughshawe and Mrs. Berry.—A. P.

Franco On The Fence

(Continued from page 1)

strength ans restlessness which at the same time we feel for our destiny."

NO CHANGE IN POLICY?

Gen. Franco's speech was made on the eve of the fifth anniversary of the outbreak of the civil war. He dealt at length on the interval and external situation. In his speech he already showed that Spain's sympathies were with the Axis ans expressed the conviction that the Allies would lose, but did not announce any change in Spain's policy.

After mentioning events in the five years since the outbreak of the Civil War, he began his speech by the affirmation "for the first time in contemporary history we can say that Spain is master of her own fate." The strength of Spain, he added, was unity and their tasks had no use for "the Red materialist, the frivolous bourgeois or the foreignified aristocrat." He stigmatised "Conservative spirits dreaming of the restoration of caste privileges."

Gen. Franco's speech which was broadcast was made to the National Council of the Falange.—Reuter.

Task Before U. S. Troops In Iceland

WASHINGTON, July 18.

President Roosevelt will next week urge Congress to extend service for "selectees," Reservists and National Guardsmen.

Announcing at a Press Conference that he was sending a message to this effect to Congress, President Roosevelt added that he would not recommend that they should be authorised to serve outside the western Hemisphere.

IN ICELAND

On Iceland, President Roosevelt said that it was the United States' policy to defend that territory and to provide protection for the American garrison there. It was, therefore, "ABC" stuff to keep the sea lanes to Iceland open. The orders were to provide protection against attack or any threat of attack.

President Roosevelt added that no one could define a "threat of attack."—Reuter.

NO EXODUS OF BRITISH TROOPS FROM ICELAND

LOS ANGELES, July 18.

"There will be no wholesale exodus of British troops from Iceland at present," Lord Halifax the British Ambassador, told a press conference to-night.

Lord Halifax added, "British troops will only move out in the proportion to which the United States will send its soldiers to Iceland, and how long the process will take I cannot say."

At City Hall Lord Halifax told Mayor Bowron that United States' planes were helping England to win the war.—Reuter.

NO FRESH JAPANESE DEMANDS MADE ON INDO-CHINA?

Authorities Deny Foreign Press Report

SAIGON, July 18.

Military, naval and civil authorities deny all knowledge of any impending arrangement for allowing Japan to use naval and air bases in southern Indo-China, as suggested in foreign press comment, which is characterised as tendencious.

The possibility of such an accord in the immediate future appears to be precluded by the absence of the Governor-General and the majority of his staff on a short trip of inspection in Northern Cochin, China and Cambodia and the departure of General Aumita, head of the Japanese Mission, by plane to Tokyo.

The Governor-General confirmed this week in responsible quarters that Indo-China had not received any demands whatever from Japanese sources regarding the use of facilities outside Tongking.—Reuter.

ROOSEVELT TO CONFER WITH NAVAL CHIEFS

U. S. To Commission Two New Bases At New Foundland And Trinidad

WASHINGTON, July 18.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT CALLED A CONFERENCE OF HIS CHIEF NAVAL ADVISERS FOR LATE THURSDAY.

The men summoned by the President are Colonel Knox, Secretary for the Navy, Admiral Stark, Chief of Naval Operations, Rear-Admiral Earnest King, commanding the Atlantic Fleet and Rear-Admiral Richmond Turner, Chief of the War Plans Division of the Naval Operations Office.

Two full-fledged Naval operations bases are to be commissioned, one at Argentina (Newfoundland) and the other at Trinidad, the navy has announced. The bases will have maintenance and overhaul facilities for warships operating in the Atlantic.

585-MILLION DOLLAR PROGRAMME

The bill for 585-million dollar programme for additional ship building, ship repair and naval ordnance facilities has been passed by the House of Representatives and forwarded to the Senate.

Mr. Vinson, Chairman of the House Naval Committee, said that failure to pass the bill would "slow down our cruiser, battleship and airplane programme."

MAJORITY APPROVES OF PRESIDENT'S ACTION

Over 60 per cent of the population of the big United States cities and towns approve President Roosevelt's action of sending troops to Iceland, according to the latest gallup poll. Twenty per cent disapproved and 19 per cent were undecided.

MILITARY EXPENDITURE IN IRAQ

India Not To Share

BOMBAY, July 18.

The report that has appeared in a Bombay newspaper to the effect that the Hon. Sir Jeremy Raisman, Finance Member, Government of India, has told the committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, that the military expenditure in Iraq would be shared between Britain and India is entirely incorrect, according to an authoritative statement issued here. On the contrary, it is pointed out that the finance member stated that no part of the expenditure would fall upon India.—A. P.

GERMANS OVERSEAS CALLED TO COLOURS

The following cable has been received from London:—

Derek Patmore cabled to the "News Chronicle" from Ankara on July 16:—

The German Embassy here, I learn from a reliable source, is believed to have secret orders from Berlin to mobilise all Germans of military age now living in Turkey.

This is the first time that Germans living abroad have been called to the colours, showing the Russian campaign's drain already on the Nazi war machine.

Indeed, Germans living in Ankara, who sounded very sure and cheerful at the beginning of the Russian campaign, now after the Syrian fighting has ceased and the difficulties in Russia, are maintaining a morose silence.

HUNGARY'S PLIGHT

A traveller who arrived in Ankara from Budapest told me that Hungary has been drained of food for German troops, who passed through to the Russian front and that some Hungarian districts were without bread for eight days.

Several Nazi Aerodromes & Aircraft Destroyed

MOSCOW, July 18.

Following is the text of Soviet 'communique' issued by the Soviet Information Bureau early on Friday morning:—

"During July 17 our troops waged battles in the directions of Pskov-Porhov, Polotsk, Smolensk, Novgorod-Volynsk and on the sector of the Bessarabian front.

As the result of the fighting no important change took place in the disposition of our troops on the front.

During July 17, our Air Force operated against enemy motor mechanised troops and destroyed aircraft on aerodromes. During July 15 and 16, 98 German aircraft were destroyed. We lost 23.

The remainder of the 'communique' consists of the usual individual exploits.

Soviet troops are now trying to delay the German advance by attacks on German infantry troops, following armoured advance guards in the Kiev area, says the German Official News Agency early this morning.

The German claim to have occupied Smolensk, was repeated in a German Official News Agency message at 1 a.m. (G.M.T.) this morning.

The main blows of the German Air Force yesterday were directed against the railway line around Moscow, added the German radio.

BLOW TO HITLER.

The news that the Nazi Major-General Otto Lancelle has been killed in Russia will be a blow for Hitler with whom he has always been a favourite.

He was one of the men, it is pointed out in London, who planned the Munich Putsch in 1933 and has worked with Hitler ever since.

Lancelle was 56 and came of a family which emigrated to Germany during the French revolution.

Always opposed to Communism, he helped to quell the Communist movement in Munich after the collapse of the German armies. He refused to take the oath of allegiance to the Weimar Republic, preferring to retire from the army.

Later he became one of the founders of the Stalhelm, and when Hitler dissolved the organisation, he was given a command in the Storm Troopers. On the outbreak of the war with Poland he was promoted a Major-General.

The Commander of one of the Soviet operational air squadrons, Major Gruzden, writes in the newspaper, "Red Star:"

"Hitler has sent to the war in the east his best aircraft; in spite of this, our air force has shown superiority in air combats.

When our airmen contact the enemy, they do not let go until the latter are destroyed. When forward German aircraft come into contact with our fighters, they flee immediately.

The German Command in order to infuse courage in their airmen deprive them of parachutes. Often when German aircraft have numerical superiority they cannot draw any profit from it."

R. A. F. DESTROY NINE GERMAN AIRCRAFT

Enemy Planes Over East England: Sharp Attack On Hull

LONDON, July 18.

During the operations carried out late last night by R. A. F. fighters four more German aircraft were destroyed, making a total of nine for the day. British losses for the day were six fighters but the pilot of one is safe.

Cologne Bombed

Industrial areas in Cologne and elsewhere in the Rhineland were attacked by R.A.F. bombers on Thursday night, states an Air Ministry communique. Many bombs were seen to hit their targets and though the weather made it difficult to observe results, fires were seen.

Enemy Ship Sunk

A ship of about 4,000 tons was seen to be hit when other aircraft attacked shipping at Saint Nazaire. Attacks were made on enemy arodromes in occupied territory during offensive patrols by fighters. One aircraft is missing from these operations.

Patrols Over Tobruk And Libya

A number of British patrols made deep penetration into enemy positions south of Tobruk on Wednesday night, states a G.H.Q. 'communique.' Casualties were again inflicted on the enemy "whose nerves are evidently becoming frayed as he is now resorting to the use of search lights for ground observation at night."

In the frontier area of Libya British patrols on Thursday engaged enemy armoured cars which beat a rapid retreat. In Syria the movement of British and Indian troops to the occupied strategic points in northern area is continuing. There is nothing of importance to report in Abyssinia.

R.A.F. ATTACKS IN MIDDLE EAST

The harbours of Benghazi and Tripoli and other enemy positions were heavily attacked on the nights of July 15|16 and 16|17 by R.A.F. heavy bombers, states a Middle-East R.A.F. 'communique.'

At Tripoli, many hits were observed on the Spanish quay followed by a number of explosions one of which is believed to be an enemy merchant vessel. In a later raid, aircraft of the Fleet Air Arm torpedoed amid-ships a 6,000-ton tanker which was enveloped in black smoke. A violent explosion occurred after several bombs hit the Spanish mole.

At Benghazi, several tons of bombs were dropped on quays, coal stores, railway workshops and sheds. Successful results were obtained at Derna where bombs were seen to drop on the port near the Post and Telegragh Office, barracks, power station, military garages and repair shops. A large number of explosions and fires followed.

At Bardia, huts and tents were set on fire. A large formation of Macchi two-hundreds which flew over Malta on Thursday morning was intercepted by British fighters. Two were shot down and others damaged. Two British fighters are missing.—Reuter.

NAZIS BOMB TOWN IN N. E. ENGLAND

LONDON, July 18.

German air activity over England last night (Thursday) was not on a large scale, states the Air Ministry. Activity over land was almost entirely confined to a town in North-East England which was sharply attacked. Some damage was done and there were a number of fires.

Details of casualties are not yet known but it is feared they may prove to be heavy. Bombs were dropped at few other points but from these no damage or casualties have been reported.

Sharp Attack Over Hull

The town in north-east England which was the scene of a sharp attack by German bombers last night is now officially revealed as Hull.

HEAVY BOMBS ON EAST COAST

Last night's (Thursday's) attacks on the east coast of Britain were the heaviest for some time, relays of bombers dropping a large number of heavy bombs. Houses, commercial buildings, shops and two industrial premises were damaged. There were a number of fatal casualties as the result of widespread damage, particularly where shelters were hit.

NO REPLY FROM DJIBUTI GOVERNOR

Evacuation Of Women And Children From Fr. Somaliland

CAIRO, July 18.

An offer to evacuate women and children from French Somaliland was made to the Governor of Djibuti, but as no reply was received definite orders were made for such evacuation giving the date and place, says an official 'communique' issued at the G.H.Q. So far no acceptance has been received. In the meantime, a supply of milk for children known to be in French Somaliland is being sent over the border.

Attack On Italian Nav Base

An Italian communique states that the R.A.F. again bombed the naval base of Palermo last night (Thursday).

R. A. A. F In Middle East

SYDNEY, July 17.

The Government is considering the establishment of R. A. A. F. Administrative units in the Middle East and England.

This is in order to co-operate with R. A. F. Commands in view of the many Australian airmen fighting in those war theatres, declared Mr. McEwen, a member of the War Cabinet. It is proposed to review the policy of not publishing the names of airmen distinguishing themselves, he further declared.—Reuter.

EAN ON SAILING AT NIGHT

LONDON, July 18.

The Turkish Government has ordered all Turkish ships in the Black Sea not to sail at night according to the Swiss Radio.—Reuter.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

(Established 41 years.)

INDIA'S FUTURE DEPENDS ON EXPERT SALES MANAGEMENT, INSURANCE, BANKING, COMMERCE AND JOINT STOCK COMPANY EXPANSION

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TUITION THROUGH POST A SPECIAL FEATURE

Consult, PRINCIPAL DAVAR or Apply for Prospectus giving details.

51, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

To Help People Stranded By Gujarat And Malabar Floods

B. P. C. C. President's Appeal

The President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has issued the following press statement:—

From the available reports the citizens of this City must have become aware of the wide-spread disasters that have been caused by the floods in Gujarat, Malabar and other parts of the country. The Mayor of Bombay proposes to call a meeting of the citizens to consider the formation of a Citizens' Committee for collecting Funds which will be utilised for giving relief to the people in the affected areas This step is certainly to be welcomed and all must join in making a united effort to collect as large a sum as possible.

Till the formation of such a Committee those persons who are desirous of contributing to this great cause are requested to send their contributions to the Congress House, Bombay No. 4. If donors desire that the amounts contributed by them should be utilised in a particular area or for a particular purpose, they may do so and care will be taken to see that the said desires will be carried out. When the Citizens' Committee is formed the funds collected will be handed over to the said Committee unless they are earmarked.

The citizens are requested to contribute generously to this most worthy cause.

B. P. C. C. TO HELP FLOOD-STRICKEN GUJARAT

BOMBAY, July 18.

Alarming reports from various parts of Gujarat of devastation caused by heavy rainfall and high floods have been received in Bombay. Southern Gujarat, particularly parts of Surat District namely Bulsar, Pardi and Jalalpore Talukas including Navsari Prant of Baroda territory have been said to be hard hit.

In view of this calamity and the interruption in rail and road communication between these districts and Ahmedabad, the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee decided to send a representative from here to survey the extent of damage caused by floods. Accordingly Sjt. Nanubhai Desai proceeded to Bulsar last Sunday and is back with his report.

His preliminary investigation shows that the extent of damage cannot be adequately estimated and it demands immediate rush of help to the afflicted people of these parts.

He has organised in Bulsar a joint Committee of the citizens in Bulsar and the Congress workers who are out have in right earnest started the relief. The B.P.C.C. has already remitted Rs. 2,000/- to the Bulsar Committee for immediate relief.

The B.P.C.C. has arranged to

Wound Up Years Back

Bombay Central Flood Relief Fund

Mr. J. K. Mehta writes:—

Recently, there have been some statements in the press to the effect that some Rs. 2 lakhs out of the amount collected by the Bombay citizens during the last Gujerat floods 14 years ago still remained in the coffers of the Central Flood Relief Committee. As this is likely to create a misunderstanding, I should like to make the position clear.

The accounts, duly audited and attached to the Report of the Bombay Central Flood Relief Fund, showed a balance of Rs. 1,98,239-3-10 1/2 To this was added Rs. 62,359 and odd being refunds of unspent amounts and Rs. 12,360 being interest on short deposits. From this Rs. 1,47,000 were spent by the Trustees, Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, C.I.E., M.B.E., Mr. J. G. Ridland, Mr. Ebrahim G. Currimbhoy, Mr Furrokh E. Bharucha and Mr. J. K. Mehta, for earmarked purposes, like reconstruction of Dharmashalas, construction of village drinking wells, construction of wells for Antyajas etc.; Rs. 5,076-6-6 were spent on stationery, office establishment, postage and telegrams etc.; Rs. 1,19,000 were returned to the Indian Peoples Famine Trust as per condition made with them. Rs. 868 were spent on printing of the report. Honorarium for the staff etc. and Rs. 1,078-10-8 1/2 were finally sent to the Indian Peoples Famine Trust. It will be thus seen that the Bombay Central Flood Relief Fund was wound up years back, and no amount now remains with any agency.

Military Commissars As Political Leaders In Red Army

All-Powerful For Conduct Of Military Operations And Behaviour Of Troops: Censorship On Cowards, Panick-Mongers And Deserters

LONDON, July 17.

Military Commissars as political leaders are to be introduced into the Red Army, according to a decree broadcast this morning by the Moscow radio

The decree says, the war has radically changed the conditions of political work in the Red Army It has increased the volume of work of the political workers, and demands that they should not confine their work to propaganda but should also take upon themselves the responsibility of work at the front.

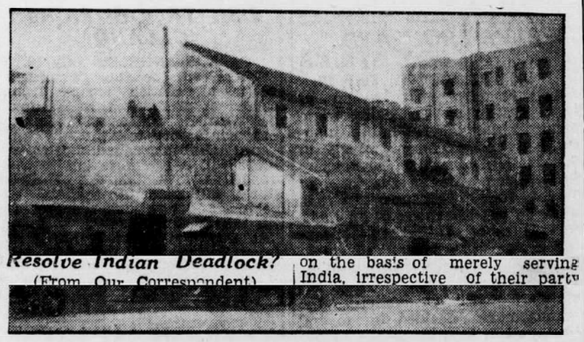
On the other hand, the war has made the work of commanders of regiments and divisions more complex. It demands that they should be fully assisted by political workers not only as regards political work but also in the military field.

Military Commissars, next to commanding officers will be responsible for the conduct of military operations and behaviour of the troops. The military commissars must give full assistance to the commanding officers.

They must report to the High Command, all commanding officers and political workers unworthy of their position. They must set a personal example to their units and inspire them in the flight.

They must "carry on a ruthless struggle against all cowards, panic-mongers and deserters, cut at the very root of all treason and set up a revolutionary order and military discipline."

All orders will be signed by the commanding officers and military commissars. "Military commissars and political leaders are to be introduced into the Red army according to a decree broadcast on Thursday morning by the Moscow radio, etc.—Reuter.



Godown on Mahomedali Road which caugh fire on Friday morning. The smoke is seen gushing out.

IT'S NOT EXPENSIVE TO GO TO KASHMIR ON THE Cheap G.I.P. PLAN

Are you one of the many who haven't visited the most picturesque holiday resort in all India? Why? Is it the expense or is it the elaborate preliminary arrangements for the road journey to Srinagar that keep you back? Whatever may be your difficulty, the G.I.P. Rail-cum-Road Return Ticket will smooth it out.

These through tickets are issued to save passengers a lot of money and to afford them convenience by making it unnecessary to have separate arrangements made for the journey by road.

RAIL-cum-ROAD RETURN TICKETS 1st, 2nd, Inter and 3rd class tickets are issued from the following stations to Srinagar (Via Delhi and Rawalpindi or Jammu Tawi):—

Bombay (Victoria Terminus)	Gwalior
Poona	Agra
Nagpur	Muttra
Jubbulpore	Jhansi
Bhopal	Nasik

Rs. 155-15 2nd Class Return

Available for completion of return journey within six months or 30th November, 1941, whichever is earlier. Passengers holding Rail-cum-Road Return Tickets from Bombay (Victoria Terminus) to Srinagar are allowed to return from Delhi by the B. B. & C. I. Railway route. To give you an idea of the low fares, the 2nd class rail-cum-road return fare from Bombay (Victoria Terminus) to Srinagar is only Rs. 155-15.

Full particulars from the Information Bureau, Victoria Terminus, Bombay and all important stations.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

promoters and the Congress Government as to conserve in the "grease-spots" left by Indians on chair-backs and carpets. Speaking at the Oxford Summer School, the Deputy Hich Commissioner for India made a very fine contribution on the question of colour prejudice in England. Said Mr. Lall—the Deputy High Commissioner for India, mind you—"I have had personal experience of discrimination in England itself where accommodation has sometimes been refused on the ground of colour." The words "personal experience" are significant, when you bear in mind the official standing of this official. This, says Mr. Lall, "was not due to unfamiliarity on the part of the Indian with English customs as is sometimes alleged (Grease spots theory?) In my opinion the real cause of the trouble can be traced to ideas of Imperialism which had been held by a few Englishmen who have returned after long spells from parts of the far-flung Empire. That they should be proud of the achievements of their country is understandable and even commendable, but that this should produce an attitude of racial superiority is deplorable."

* * * *

Mr. Lall gave a very interesting illustration of how this attitude is to be traced to Imperialism. He points out that colour prejudice began to grow in Italy after the conquest of Abyssinia! Indians and Abyssinians were denied access to cinemas and restaurants. "A nation which becomes empire-minded develops race and colour prejudice."

* * * *

I wrote something about a publication called "War" produced by the Director of Information, Bombay. To-day another Government publication comes to hand and I am almost surprised to find I have to say it is good. Entitled "Indian Information" and issued by Jossleyn Hennessy, Principal Information Officer of the Government of India, it is the first realisation any publicity pamphlet has shown of the words "Indian", and "Information" One thing, however, I cannot help pointing out. In telling of "The Gallantry of Lt. P. S. Bhagat", the first Indian V. C. of this war. "Indian Information" says: "He earned it by what his commanding officer described as one of the longest continued feats of sheer, cold courage, I have ever met." That's not true—You have "never" met such courage!

the medical science in the world. And we trust the Baden College kas of Southern Gujarat and Sjt. Rangildas Kapadia has been asked to proceed there this afternoon.

MALABAR CYCLONE RELIEF

Response From Bombay Artis's

How a distress signal from humanity in the grip of calamities like flood, famine and cyclone is promptly responded to by artistes also is illustrated in the co-operation offered by some well-known artistes of Bombay, dancers, vocalists and instrumentalists to the South Indian Association, Bombay, in the Variety Entertainment organized by them in aid of Malabar Cyclone and Flood Relief on Sunday the 20th instant, at the South Indian School, Matunga, at 3-30 p.m. Unfettered by the lure of pecuniary gain and unaffected by considerations of provincial distances and diversities the artistes who are going to participate in the programme and contribute their best will assert that social service is one of the noble ideals of art.

Mr. Mohanlal Pande, a front rank Kathak teacher, and Miss Rohini Wagle, a young educated Maharastrian lady, who has taken to dance out of love for the art, will, along with Malati, represent Navinyakalalaya, a school of Kathak technique in the city. Recently, Mr. Mohanlal and Miss Wagle with the other members of the school gave a series of performances in various places in Hyderabad State, which were highly appreciated. And now they are going to contribute three Kathak items to the programme such as Kite dance, Snake charmer in Trithal. The 6-year-old baby Sudha will appear in vegetable vendor's dance, an interesting solo item. Baby Anjali, the dance prodigy, will constitute another attraction, who will contribute Devadasi and Milk-maid dances.

North Indian Music will be represented by the well-known school of Indian Music of Prof. Deodhar. Kumar Gandharva, an all-India star and an outstanding pupil of Prof. Deodhar will entertain the audience with his enchanting vocal music and the students will present their own orchestra. In Srimati Gangabai and Miss Chellam we have two new South Indian artistes, the former as vocalist and the latter as violinist. Besides, selected scenes in Tamil and Malayalam by enough. What India wants is these the programme of entertainment. It is a rare event of unusual interest that for the first time in Bombay the two schools of Music, North Indian and South Indian, meet together on a common platform. It is hoped the public will avail of this opportunity and come forward with their generous donation and contribution in return for a sumptuous feast of dances and music.

Flood Relief To Agriculturists In Baroda State

"The recent heavy rains in the Mehsana district have adversely affected the condition of agriculturists. The Government have therefore directed that Rs. 20,000 (Twenty thousand) should be placed at the disposal of the Suba, Mehsana district for urgent gratuitous relief to needy agriculturists. In cases where sowing operations have already been completed and where the floods have washed away the seeds and resowing is necessary the Suba, Mehsana district is authorised to grant tagavi free of interest to agriculturists paying an assessment of Rs. 21 and above for purchase of seeds and to grant gratuitous help for the purchase of seeds to those paying less than Rs. 21, as assessment.

G. I. P. Service Returns To Normal

Booking Of Parcels On B. B. & C. I.

BOMBAY, Friday.

Although train communications between Bombay and other centres which provide the city with vegetables have now been restored, vegetable dealers do not seem to be in a mood to give up profiteering.

Tomatoes are sold in the city markets at 6 annas to 8 annas a pound though sufficient stocks have also been arriving by lorries from Nasik. Excessive rains resulting in the destruction of tomato plants is held out as an excuse for the high prices.

The other vegetables are also sold above the normal level.

The meat market however, is normal.

Communications on the B. B. and C. I. are improving.

Miyagam-Palej Traffic Resumption

The line to Bombay between Miyagam and Palej where a passenger train had collapsed on July 2, completely blocking the track, is expected to be restored within a day. The Railway line at this point, it may be recalled, had subsided due to heavy rains in the beginning of July and the slow passenger train to Ahmedabad which was running on the line, sank but did not get completely overturned. Several bogies lay balanced at an angle of 40 degrees. After persistent efforts, the coolies working on the line seem to have succeeded in clearing the line.

On the Champaner-Shivrajpur-Pani Mine line, repairs have been completed between Shivrajpur and Pani and booking of passengers resumed.

On the Ahmedabad-Dholka line, train service will be extended up to Bhurti from Dholka. Repairs between Dholka and Kothgangad are in progress. The repairs between Bhurti and Hadala Bhal are expected to take a long time.

A speed restriction of 5 miles per hour has been imposed on the repaired portion of line between Kanij and Barejadi.

TIMINGS FOR GUJARAT AND KATHIAWAR

The following are the train timings for Gujarat and Kathiawar with effect from Saturday:—The train which used to leave the Bombay Central at 10-5 a. m. will leave the Bombay Central with effect from Saturday at 6-45 p.m. and reach Ahmedabad at 6-4 a. m. and Viramgam at 8-25 a. m.

The train which used to leave the Bombay Central at 11-20 a. m. will leave the Bombay Central with effect from Saturday at 7-50 p. m. and reach Ahmedabad at 6-50 a. m.

An additional shuttle train will leave the Bombay Central at 1 p. m. and arrive at Bilimora at 7-30 p. m.

The shuttle train which leaves the Bombay Central for Bilimora at 8 a. m. is extended up to Ahmedabad, arriving there at 5-10 a. m. the next day.

RS. 50,000 DAMAGE IN BLAZE

BOMBAY Friday.

Estimated damage of Rs. 50,000 was caused by fire that broke out at about 8 o'clock this morning and devastated a building situated between Mahomad Ali Street and Chakla Street, belonging to Messrs. K. S. Shivji and T. Shivji. Though about ten fire-engines appeared at lightning speed within the twinkling of an eye, the fire-fighters had to battle against a conflagration that had already developed ino a blaze of no mean dimensions. Two hours elapsed before the fire was ultimately brought under control.

It was at 8 a.m. that dense smoke was seen emanating from the ventilators on the second floor of the building where the offices are situated.

The furniture shops and the kerosene oil godowns on the ground floor were completely consumed by the fire by the time the engines came to the spot. The kerosene oil stored in the godown aided the spreading of the conflagaration that was however subdued after strenuous fight and prevented from spreading to either wing.

The flames could be seen from a distance of two miles. It was at about 10 a.m. that the fire was brought under control though the premises the bundles and their contents were still smouldering for long after. The cause of the fire is not known.

Booking Of Parcels

BOMBAY, July 18.

The B. B. and C. I. Railway authorities have issued the following communique:—

"Booking of parcels from Grant Road and Dadar only in Bombay is now opened for all stations upto Viramgam and beyond and as far as Morwani on the Delhi side. Silver can also be accepted at Chuchgate.

As the trains for Kathiawar and Ahmedabad leave at 18-45 and 19-50 hours, parcels for these trains will not be accepted after 15 hours."—A.P.

Resolve Indian Deadlock?

(From Our Correspondent)

number of persons detained on suspicion of doing intelligence

on the basis of merely serving India, irrespective of their party

At the age of 18 a girl knows a lot more about men than a man

Full particulars from the Information Bureau, Victoria Terminus, Bombay and all important stations.

HAVE NEAT, HEALTHY HAIR This safe, easy way

1 Keep your hair neat by rubbing in a little "Vaseline" Pomade before you comb it. See how it brings out the luster, how well groomed you look with every hair in place.

2 "Vaseline" Pomade keeps your hair healthy, too. It contains nothing to harm your hair, dry your scalp or turn your hair grey. It is absolutely pure.

Give your hair this simple double-acting treatment tomorrow morning. See how it improves your hair—your appearance. Buy a jar of "Vaseline" Pomade today.

LOOK FOR THE NAME EVEREADY TRADE-MARK ON YOUR

USED TOGETHER THEY INSURE BRIGHTER LIGHT—LONGER LIFE

MUTT AND JEFF—And About This Time a Strong Friendship Started to Thaw By BUD FISHER

MUTT, I WAS JUST THINKIN'! AIN'T IT WONDERFUL HOW YOU AND ME STUCK TOGETHER THROUGH ALL THESE YEARS?
YEH!
IT'S GREAT HOW WE BECAME PALS AND ALWAYS STOOD BY EACH OTHER THROUGH THICK AND THIN!
YEH!
NOT MANY FRIENDSHIPS ARE AS STRONG AS OURS, EH, MUTT?
YOU SAID IT, PAL!
MUTT!
WHAT?
WILL YOU LOAN ME A BUCK?
?
DRAW YOUR OWN CONCLUSION!
INK
3-26

Hand-Loom v. Power-Loom

Competition Of "Karkhanas" With Power-Looms Tells Adversely On Hand-Loom Weavers In Cottages

We published the other day a summary of the Memorandum by the Bombay Millowners' Association to the Fact Finding Committee (Handloom and Mills) appointed by the Government of India. The Association submitted also answers to the Questionnaire issued by the Committee, from which we cull the following:—

QUESTION: What proportion of the handlooms are found in the cottages and what proportion in karkhanas or small factories?

ANSWER: The Association has no detailed information, but it would probably be true to say that, as far as cottage looms in the Province of Bombay are concerned, the bulk are not operated by independent weavers but by weavers working for master weavers or mahajans. Similarly, the number of handlooms operated in karkhanas is perhaps as great, if not greater than, the number operated in cottages as far as Bombay is concerned.

QUESTION: What proportion of the handlooms are engaged in weaving cotton, silk, artificial silk, wool, jute or other fibre and mixtures thereof?

ANSWER: The Association has insufficient information to enable it to make anything like an accurate estimate for India as a whole. Such information as has come to hand relates mainly to the Province of Bombay and indicates that only a small proportion of looms are engaged on 100 per cent cotton goods. There appear to be a certain amount of silk and artificial silk weaving, but the bulk of the looms in the Province produce mixed fabrics.

HAND-SPUN YARN

QUESTION: How many looms in your area are confined to hand-spun cotton yarn? Are there any indication to show that the number of such handlooms is increasing or is likely to increase?

ANSWER: The Association has no reliable data as to how many handlooms work wholly on handspun yarn, but it is fairly certain that the number is relatively small compared to the number working on mill-made cotton yarn. The use of handspun yarns by handloom weavers is unlikely to increase because of the high cost of handspun yarn and the low production which its use gives in the preparatory processes and in weaving. Handspun yarn has a much lower tensile strength than mill-made yarn and must be considered as a luxury article for the reason that it cannot be made at anything like the cost at which yarn can be made on ring frames. The cloth produced from it is also not attractive because of its unevenness.

The above view is supported by the result of an experiment made in the Kamatgi centre (Bijapur District) of the Bombay Province to introduce handspun yarn in place of mill-made yarn which is described as follows in the Annual Report of the Department of Industries, Bombay, for the year 1939-40:

"Working of the Associations organised during the last year.—The new Associations which were organised in the last year at Shoiapur, Malegaon and Kamatgi have been progressing slowly. The last one which started functioning from September 1938 tried an experiment in the use of handspun yarn by the weavers who were accustomed to using mill-yarn for their production but it was found extremely difficult to persuade them to take to handspun yarn. The Association had made arrangements with the All-India Spinners' Association, Karnatak Branch, for the supply of handspun yarn and also for the sale of cloth produced from handspun yarn. But as the demand for work from a very large number of weavers in the District came to the Association it was decided by the Board of Directors of the Association that the work in mill-yarn should be started as on the lines of other Associations."

It is true that handspun and handwoven cloth has been given an exalted status and a preferential treatment by the Congress Party, but in spite of costly subsidies and other help given for production of such cloth, its output has not increased substantially. In our view the subsidising of the production of handspun yarn by Governmental agencies in any shape or form cannot be justified as an economic proposition.

COMPETITION OF POWER LOOMS

QUESTION: How has the handloom weaver been affected by the introduction of powerlooms? Has the number of handlooms diminished since?

ANSWER: The fact that large quantities of cotton yarn have been made available for hand weaving during the last few years would seem to suggest that the Cotton Mill Industry and the handloom industry (cotton) are complementary to each other. The competition of the small power loom factory has, to some extent, adversely affected the handloom industry (cotton), since these power looms are stated to be producing cloths similar in type to those woven on handlooms. In this connection, the observations made by the Bombay Economic and Industrial Survey Committee will be of interest:

"The relation between the small scale and cottage industries is also of a mixed kind. Partly it is one of co-operation and partly one of competition. Perhaps the latter aspect is more prominent because production being on a small scale, the commodities in small demand which the large scale industries would not touch, become profitable to the small scale industries to manufacture. Thus the complaints of the handloom weavers have been far more bitter about the competition of the power looms of Bhiwandi, Ichalkaranji and Sangli than about that of Bombay and Ahmedabad Mills."

From the broad facts available, it does not appear that the introduction of the power looms has meant a diminution in the number of handlooms. The 'per capita' consumption of cloth in India has been increasing steadily in the last few decades, and the total population of India has grown to about 400 millions. The result is that there is an expanding market for cotton cloth in India, and the village hand and power loom industries appear to have shared this increased market with large scale power loom factories.

As far as the cottage handloom weavers are concerned, their most serious competitors are the handloom karkhanas and the small scale village power loom establishments. The steady increase in recent years in the number of factories containing 20 to 30 second-hand power looms, mostly with dobbies on, purchased from mills which have been closed down seems to suggest that this type of establishment is a profitable and expanding business. The Association is not, however, in a position to express an opinion as to whether this type of competition should be penalised or encouraged.

"BRITAIN'S WAR IS INDIA'S WAR"

European M. L. A.'s Plea For Co-operation

KARACHI, July 17.

"This is India's war, and the happiness and great destiny of India are bound up with the success of the allied cause," declared Mr. Griffith, M.L.A., addressing a public meeting at Khalikdina Hall. Sir Hugh Dow, the Governor presided.

Dealing with people who held that there was nothing to choose between Hitlerism and Imperialism, he drew attention to how far autonomy was working in India in which people exercised control not only over the details of administration but the enactment of law and compared it with the lives of people under Nazi rule.—A. P.

LAHORE.—An appeal to members of the depressed classes to assist Great Britain at this juncture by joining the army and navy in large numbers is made by Mr. Telu Ram, General Secretary of the Punjab Balmiki League (Depressed Classes).

TYPHOID IN THE SUBURBS

Public Opposition To Extension Of Life Of Municipality

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, July 16.

Since I last reported on the local typhoid situation my worst fears have unfortunately come true. Despite the tendency developed generally by speculative health authorities it is being admitted that Vile Parle can claim a proud share in the infiltration of the epidemic now being stabilized in Bombay city.

There appears to be some difference of opinion in 'authoritative' circles regarding the exact behaviour of typhoid germs and the typhoid 'season' in suburbs and the city. The season we are having must disconcert all these diagnostic scientists.

The truth of the matter is that typhoid has no strictly regulated 'seasons.' It bloweth where it listeth, that is, when you neglect the cause and try to tinker with effect. To talk of typhoid season is to admit that the disease that is to-day stamped out of even in countries less defenceless and poorer than ours is accepted as a permanent feature of our existence and that those who are responsible for public health are not in a position to control it effectively.

So far as this suburb as a distributing centre is concerned, the local Municipality must be held responsible for first minimizing the seriousness of the outbreak and then adopting measures that can only be characterized as haphazard and technically inefficient and thus directly contributing to the dissemination of typhoid into the city.

WHOSE RESPONSIBILITY?

If for any reason the municipal authorities were unable to cope with the situation it was clearly their duty to approach Government which maintains an expensive and fully-equipped Department of Public Health instead of trying to shoo away the epidemic. When the people started dying the Municipality started inoculation indiscriminately with the result that in many cases where the infection had already spread inoculation defeated its primary object of immunization.

Every outbreak of typhoid must have a definite cause. The causative factor must be first determined on evidence. Our health 'experts' take the view that 'contaminated' wells are the cause. But there are wells in other suburban and district areas and they are worse kept. Even if the wells were the cause, which appears highly improbable, it is the Municipality's duty to adopt measures to see that they are not allowed to be infected. Does it not amount to admission of inefficiency in discharging one of the duties of sanitation of municipal area?

The immediate cause in majority of cases is not wells but 'safe' water—the process may set in at some focal point in internal distribution, not at the source. In any case, the definite cause must be discovered—if the army of 'experts' can.

There are no reliable data to show that the epidemic has slackened. But if it has, it must thank itself because every epidemic loses it virulence and subsides after some time. Post-epidemic measures, as experience proves, are inefficient and expensive. Even their technique is defective and objectionable. The local doctors who inoculated have not maintained a record of persons in whose houses there were typhoid cases at the time. Then, the Municipality sells to the public a 'protective drug for oral use the efficacy of which was challenged by the "Lancet" the British medical organ. Anti-typhoid inoculations are the only reliable immunity agency that is, when the weapon is used scientifically by taking into consideration the contraindication prescribed, followed out.

The tenure of the existing Municipality expires in next November when election takes place. But the Municipality has approached the Collector to extend the term till the end of March. The local Property Owners' Association has however represented to the Collector the undesirability of adopting this course.

OFFICIAL ACTION URGED

The public feeling is strong on the point as it is felt that the Municipality failed to adopt all necessary measures in coping with the epidemic. There is a large 'floating' population in the suburb that has taken fright and its exodus would come after the rains. It hits all classes of people. It is felt that the town will be ruined at this rate if the suburb becomes unattractive on account of its having formed the focus of typhoid.

The fault is, of course, the public's. They must put forward and elect men who would work energetically for the common civic good instead of turning the Municipality into a cock-pit of party politics. The trouble started when the 'amalgamation' of Parle and Andheri municipalities was permitted, as the 'patriots' of these towns are always trying to advance claims and counter-claims on every question that comes up for discussion in the Municipal meetings. This is a highly undesirable state of affairs. The 'party' system is completely discredited and it is to be hoped that the public would learn the lesson at the next election.

The Divisional Commissioner who has already been approached by a large number of ratepayers in the matter of epidemic conditions must take necessary action in regard to such administrative arrangements as are calculated to restore the balance of co-operation by eliminating any cause of dissension if necessary through disamalgamation.

PROBLEM OF RIOTS

Savarkar's Appeal To Viceroy

MADRAS, July 17.

The "United Press" reliably understands that the most important subject dealt with in the Savarkar-Viceroy correspondence concerns the communal riots and hardships caused to the Hindus thereby. In course of a previous communication to Mr. Savarkar His Excellency the Viceroy is reported to have given an assurance that the Provincial Governors would do everything in their power to protect the lives and property of the Hindus in the riot affected areas.

In the present correspondence Mr. Savarkar, it appears, has drawn the Viceroy's attention to the serious communal riots that have taken place in Bengal, Bihar and Bombay, specially the riots ing that His Excellency's assurance contained in his previous correspondence had not been fully implemented.

Mr. Savarkar has, it is understood, asked the Viceroy as to what the Government of India and the Provincial Governors are going to do in future to suppress the riot menace.

The Hindu Mahasabha President has also, it is said, urged His Excellency that the inactivity of the India Government should terminate at an early date and something should be done to catch the public imagination which will impel the whole country to rally towards war effort.

Mr. Savarkar is stated to have expressed to the Viceroy that his August announcement should be implemented at an early date. In this connection, according to one report, it is said that Mahasabha would not press for its representation in the expanded Executive Council so long as the Hindus were taken in.—United Press.

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This easy way: When your family gets tired of the same old routine-meal—it's time you go and buy a pound or two of Desiccated Coconut. It will put new zest and aroma into your favourite dishes. No cooking ingredient can compare with Desiccated Coconut in flavour, handiness and price.

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1—The actual number of germs killed in 15 seconds by undiluted Listerine Antiseptic were over 600 million.
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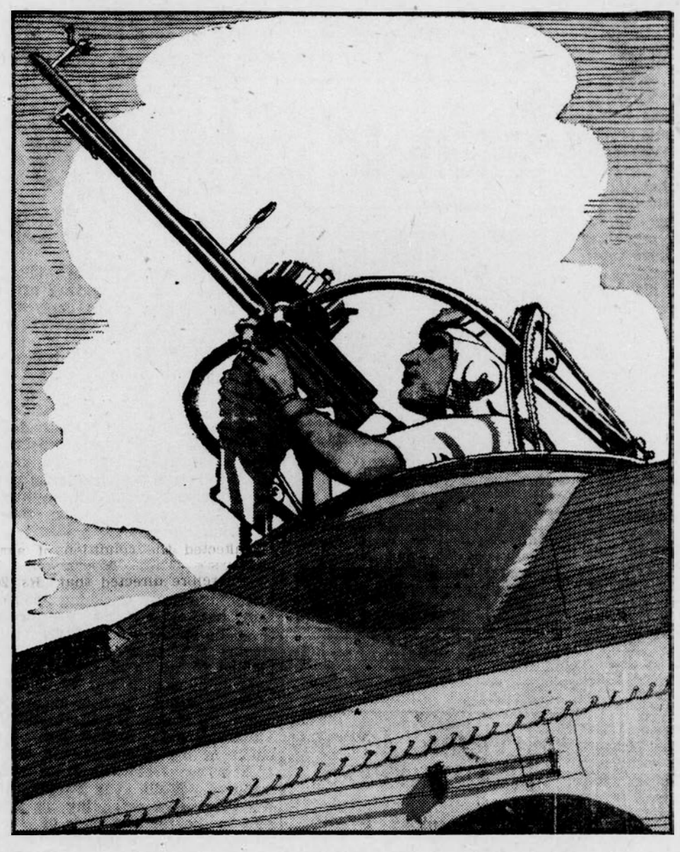

SAVE FOR SAFETY WITH DEFENCE LOANS

An I. A. F. Officer at Machine-gun practice

NOW, India may yet have to be protected against Nazi bombers. Thousands of young men of all creeds and castes are therefore learning to engage in the tournament of the skies. Thousands more are becoming the engineers who will maintain ground services for the fighting machines.

All these new Indian officers and men now wear uniforms made in India. Buckingham & Carnatic Mills are wholly concentrated on equipping the Indian Air Force, the Indian Army and the Royal Indian Navy with their uniforms.

THEN, when victory has been secured, civilian life will reclaim most of these young men. They will need good clothes in which to celebrate the return of Peace, and durable clothes for the work of reconstruction.

Buckingham & Carnatic Mills will be ready to clothe them and you again in Fine Shirtings and Anti-crease Cotton Suitings designed for the Well Dressed Man.

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New And Old Indian Films In Town

Winayak's Grip Over 'Amrit'

It Can Be Felt In Every Scene Of Film

To those who have seen 'Amrit' now running to crowded houses at Central in its 5th week, one most notable feature of Winayak's direction appears to be that he has never surrendered himself to the temptation of introducing special effects at the expense of the story.

This does not mean that Winayak is incapable of introducing any such effects. Far from being incapable, he has shown in 'Amrit' how to make appropriate use of montage. The scene in which the cobbler's wife visions herself uprooting the palm trees is the best example of montage effects.

This scene alone affords sufficient proof of Winayak's mastery over film technique. But, the point is that he has not made any deliberate attempt to show his cleverness. He has adhered to the principle that art lies in concealing art.

For this reason one finds that one cannot choose a single sequence or a scene from 'Amrit' to point out that only in this or that particular scene Winayak's ability as a director is seen. On the contrary, it can be said that 'Amrit' bears the stamp of Winayak on every single strip of the film.

In highly dramatic sequences song situations, romantic interludes as well as in comedy scenes one recognises that distinctive method of Winayak in handling stars and situations. Thus, for instance in light as well as serious situations we notice the same natural and human method of narration. Even in the most melodramatic scenes the artistes never tend to be affected or theatrical in their speeches; and in comedy scenes too the same naturalness in gestures and diction is scrupulously maintained.

Sharing Winayak's success in Amrit are V. S. Khandekar, the author, Pandurang Naik, the cameraman, all the eight artistes headed by Lalita Pawar, Baburao Pendharkar and other members of the team responsible for this remarkable production of Navyug.

'NAYA SANSAR' AT ROXY

Quite a number of people had to deny themselves the pleasure of seeing 'Naya Sansar' owing to the Curfew Order. There were others who wanted to see the film again. With the exit of the Curfew they are now bound to rush to Roxy.

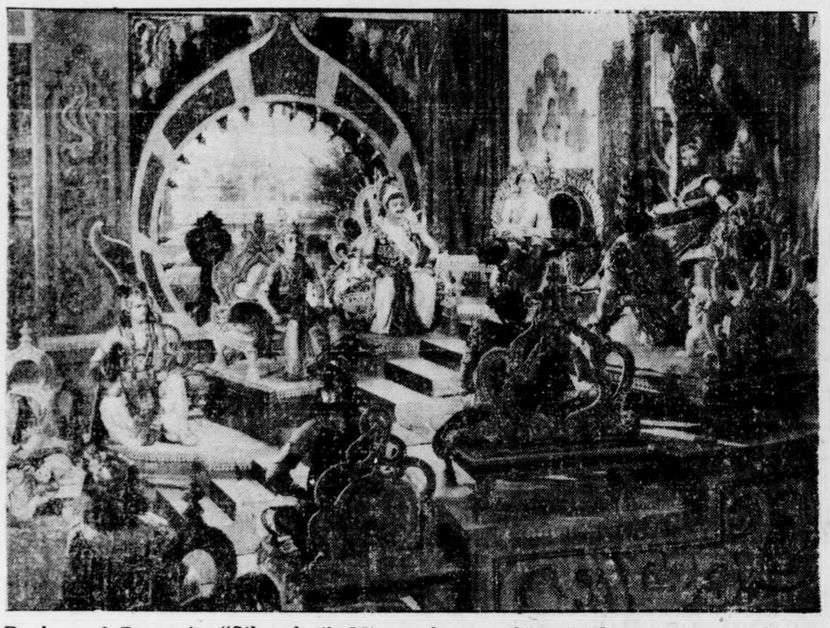
This Bombay Talkies picture is well in tune with the crescendo of the Studio's reputation. One recalls that it made quite a stir by grossing fifteen thousand in the first week at the Roxy, and it had proceeded in that strain, when the riot caught up with it in the fourth week.

Now "Naya Sansar" will come into its own again. There were obvious signs of that even last weekend. The excellent performance of Ashok Kumar, the graceful acting by Renuka Devi, the impressive dances by Auzurie, those inspiring songs by Pradeep; they cannot fail to have their due appreciation from the public.

"Pardesi" For 2nd Week At Chitra

The Ranjit Super Picture "Pardesi" which features such popular stars as Motilal, Khurshid, Snehprabha and E. Billimoria is continued for its second week's run at the Chitra.

Kusum Deshpande in 'Padesi Desi' at West End.



Durbar of Porus in "Sikandar", Minerva's new historical, nearing completion.

'Sikandar' Awaiting Release

Damuanna Malvankar in 'Amrit'.

The name Minerva stands for something big, bright and spectacular.

The expectations of the million of Minerva fans are always great and the pictures which carry the Minerva seal never fall short of those expectations.

"Sikandar", Minerva's historical super under production, can be safely guaranteed to stand up to Minerva's high ideals. The outdoors being finished Sohrab Modi is now engaged in giving finishing touches to "Sikandar." The picture being nearly complete he has simultaneously taken up the work of its editing which is the most strenuous and laborious task.

"Sikandar" depicts the heart-beating tale of Alexander the Great, who marched on in full force upto Iran smashing everything that came in his way. From there he started for India and reached the banks of Jhelum. Here he had to face a rock that would never give way, it was Porus, one of the greatest warrior-kings of India. He challenged the might of Alexander and offered him the battle of his life-time. But what a difference between these two war-lords. While one fought for the passion of extending his Empire to the farthest ends of the globe, the other sacrificed his all for the glory of his motherland. History tells us that Alexander met his match in Porus. While dreaming of the conquest of the world, Alexander had lost his heart to the woman of his dream This romantic episode in Alexander's life enriches the picture with that touch of romance that always thrills the audience.

The picture takes us 2300 years back in the mystic past and provides it with an inspiring background.

The time of "Sikandar" dates as far back as 327 B.C. and Sohrab Modi, true to his reputation, has neither spared money nor labour to make the picture an exact replica of those ancient times in all details as regards architecture, manners, modes, dresses and the like. The atmosphere of "Sikandar" deals with three architectures, Grecian, Iranian and Indian.

'MANTHAN' ACTORS BECOME STARS

Fifth Crowded Week At Imperial

Entering fifth week today at the Imperial Cinema is the delightful picture "Manthan" produced by the Wadia Movietone Company. When "Manthan" was released four weeks ago in Bombay, the artistes, who have played important roles in the film were not boosted as stars. But one can say with confidence today that Radha Rani and Rajkumari have become so popular on account of their performance in "Manthan" that they can easily be termed as stars in their next films.

The gripping story of Manthan the devotional music, fine acting by the veteran Dalpatram in the role of Vikram, are some of the features that have appealed to the public in this film. Another feature that leaves a lasting impression on the mind of the filmgoer is the highly emotional climax, dialogues which were written by Mr. J. B. H. Wadia, the producer—himself. Direction by Ramji Arya is intelligent.

Venus Pictures Start Work

Venus Pictures is the latest addition to film concerns in the city. The company was formally inaugurated last Friday by Mrs. Chanchal Behn Ghia in the presence of a large and distinguished gathering at the Wadia Movietone Studios, Parel.

The occasion was awaited for the "Muhurat" of their maiden picture which is being directed by Gunjal. In the cast are Lalita Pawar, P. Jairaj, Jagdish Sethi.

The concern is promoted by Mr. Mukundrai D. Desai, Bar-at-Law. Venus pictures were formerly known as Gujarat Kala Mandir.

Censor Passes "Akela"

Mr. Kikubhai B. Desai's ambitious picture "Akela" has been passed by the Bombay Board of Film Censors and is now awaiting release.

This picture which shows all promise of being a bold expose of life's miseries, features Mazhar Khan and Bibbo in the lead, supported by such famous artistes as E. Billimoria, Moti, Hadi, Bose and Pratima Devi.

Sabita Devi in 'Holiday In Bombay' coming shortly.

'HOLIDAY IN BOMBAY' READY

Shortly To Be Released At Imperial

Sarvottam Badami who gave us hits like "As You Please" and "300 Days" has reverted to the production of comedies. His conception of an ideal holiday in Bombay will be seen in the Sudama picture "Holiday in Bombay" produced at the Ranjit Studio and scheduled for release shortly at the Imperial Cinema.

"Holiday in Bombay" stars two leading ladies of the Indian Screen, Sabita Devi and Shobhana Samarth. The supporting cast is led by Vatsala Kumptekar, Arun, E. Billimoria, Jal Merchant and Kantilal.

"Premier City of India", "Nerve Centre of India's Commerce and business" that is how Bombay is described in all nooks and corners of India The moonlit Taj, a spree on the Marine Drive, an hour on the Race Course, a Sunday at Juhu, are some of the attractions of Bombay.

Starting with the story of two girls who come to Bombay apparently for a holiday and in reality for a suitable match for one of them, Sarvottam Badami takes us through all the holiday spots in Bombay including a place almost unknown to all holiday makers—which is 20 miles from Bombay.

Primarily the story is that of the girl whom the parents wish to marry away and send to Bombay with her friend who is a married lady. Things get mixed up in Bombay and the fun starts when almost a crowd of suitors including solicitors, salesmen doctors claim her hand.

Sabita Devi plays the chief role of the unmarried girl while Sobhana Samarth plays the married woman.

'SHADI' IN SECOND WEEK AT OPERA HOUSE

'Shadi' Ranjit's new musical film was released at Royal Opera House last Saturday when the theatre was fully crowded.

It is the story of the exposure of a Hindu husband who was obviously unjust and cruel to his loyal wife But although the gist can be told in a sentence like this it is actually a very interesting screen-play. The appreciation of the audience was frequently registered by the peals of laughter arising among them at the antics of the celebrated Ranjit tricksters.

Khurshid's songs are a positive invitation to Royal Opera House, apart from whether you like the rest of the things in this picture.

"Lagan"—16th Week At Minerva

With a good type of story material and with a cast of equally good merits led by Saigal, Kanan Bala, Nawab, Nemo and others, New Theatres' creation "Lagan directed and photographed by Nitin Bose, is drawing crowded houses wherever it is released and is doing excellent business in Bombay, Lahore, Delhi, Kolhapur Belgaum, Nasik, etc. "Lagan" will linger long in our memory and once visited will call for the repeated visits. "Lagan" is in its 16th week at Minerva.

'Asra' Running Very Well

With Exit Of Curfew It Will Do Even Better

'Asra' National Studios' first comedy, which is now in its 5th week at Pathe Cinema is having a successful run in the city.

Indeed, a light comedy of the type of 'Asra' provides interesting relief from the gloom induced by the inclement weather on the one hand and unsettled conditions on the other. 'Asra' stars Sardar Akhtar with Amar, Husn Bano, Wasker, Kanaiyalal, Bhudo Advani and others and has been directed by Lalitchandra Mehta and Chimankant Gandhi under the supervision of Mehboob.

Now that the Curfew is withdrawn, 'Asra' is expected to be even better appreciated than it is now.

In the meanwhile the picture has been released at Delhi and Lahore, at both of which places it has now almost finished its second successful week. Booking for other centres is proceeding briskly both at the Head Office of National Studios Ltd. for Bombay Presidency and also Messrs. Manoranjan Pictures, Dossani Film Corporation, Supreme Films and Select Pictures Circuit for the various circuits.

DURGA KHOTE AND ATRE HAVE DONE IT

Best Role Of Her Career In 'Payachi Dasi'

Durga Khote is rightly receiving tributes from all film goers and cine-critics for the most remarkable role of her career as the typical mother-in-law in 'Payachi Dasi' now running, for the fifth week at West End.

And yet as a critic said all her efforts would have gone in vain if the characterization was slipshod, illogical and pointless. But thanks to Mr. Atre the characterization of the mother-in-law is as remarkable as Durga Khote's delineation of it. In mother-in-law of "Charano-Ki-Dasi" Mr. Atre has not only created a most interesting character but has presented a composite picture of all bad mothers-in-law, woven in one personality. Naturally both Atre and Durga Khote together are equally responsible for making the dictator of the domestic world (mother-in-law), immortal on the screen.

In addition, "Charano-Ki-Dasi" is remarkable for Jagirdar's superb direction, Hardip's beautiful photography, and fine portrayals by Vanmala, Jagirdar, Kusum Deshpande, and Avinash.

'Chitralekha' In 6th Week At Edward & Lamington

"Chitralekha", the Film Corporation of India picture, running to good houses simultaneously at Edward and Lamington, tells the colourful tale of a famed saint who went the way of all flesh, whose asceticism melted before the beauty of the court-dancer.

Kedar Sharma, who rose to fame as director of the previous Film Corporation hit "Aulad", has directed "Chitralekha". He adapted the story from the novel of the same name by Bhagvati Charan Verma. Credit for the sparkling dialogues, well-knit screenplay and tuneful songs also goes to him.

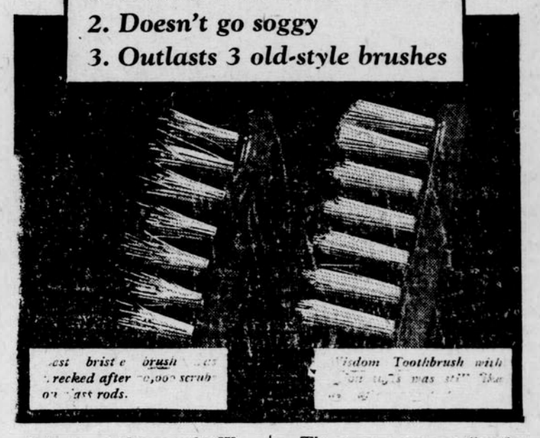
Sharma has directed "Chitralekha" and invested it with his usual care and attention. As an instance of his skill in fine scenario-writing may be mentioned the contrast he has cleverly emphasised in "Chitralekha" of the attitude of the saint when he first meets Chitralekha and his adoration of her in his ashram when he is a victim of her striking beauty.

This contrast is vividly brought out by a carefully written screen play and by the fine acting of Gyani in the role of the saint and Mehtab as Chitralekha. Others in the film are Nandrekar, Ram Dulari, Monica Desai, and others.

Leela Chitnis in 'Chandan' coming shortly.

WHY THIS NEW TOOTHBRUSH IS TAKING THE LEAD

1. Bristles won't come out
2. Doesn't go soggy
3. Outlasts 3 old-style brushes



...est bristle brush ... wrecked after ...,000 scrubs on ...ast rods.

Wisdom Toothbrush with ... was still like ...

A few months ago the Wisdom Toothbrush was first put on the market. Since then hundreds of thousands have bought Wisdom. People told their friends about the wonderful new toothbrush, they saw the Wisdom display stand on chemists' counters and tested the nylon tufts for themselves Chemists all over the country explained how the Wisdom brush lasts longer than three best bristle brushes.

NYLON TUFTS DON'T COME OU

That's the whole secret — nylon has far greater spring than even best bristles, because it resists water. Nylon tufts won't come out, don't get soggy, keep their new springiness. No wonder the Wisdom toothbrush became a success overnight.

The shape is new as well as the tufts. It enables the brush to clean the backs of your wisdom teeth as easily as behind the centre arch. Addis will tell you this is the best brush they have ever made — and they made the first in 1780!

THE SOG TEST

Stand a Wisdom Toothbrush and a best bristle brush side by side in a glass of water for ten minutes, then compare. The nylon tufts of the Wisdom will be springy, as if dry. The best bristle brush will be soggy. Those nylon tufts resist water — stay springy through months of cleaning life. The tufts stay clean, too.

Remember the name WISDOM next time you buy a toothbrush. If your own chemist hasn't got a Wisdom, it's worth going out of your way to find one.

REGD Wisdom TOOTHBRUSH

Outlasts 3 best bristle brushes

MADE IN ENGLAND BY ADDIS — MAKERS OF THE FIRST TOOTHBRUSH IN 1780

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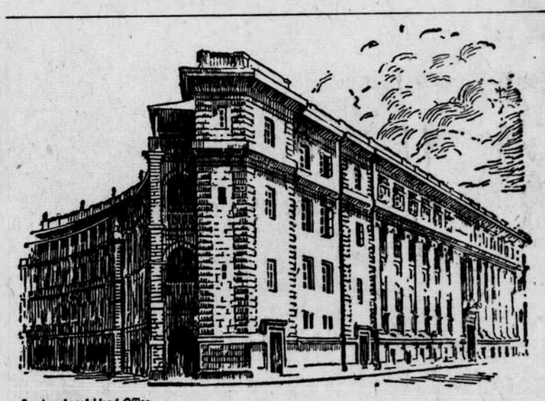

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Truth About Stalin Line

No Maginot Complex In Red Army

By Major HASTINGS (In A Recent B. B. C. Talk)

It has been very clear for some days past that temporarily at any rate the blitz has faded out of the blitzkrieg. The German High Command in fact admits this and suggests that the pause is in order to enable them to take up new positions.

This may very well be true, but if it had not been for the very strong Russian resistance, it is certain there would have been no halt for the German columns, at least before reaching Kiev and Moscow.

Nazi communiques have lately persistently referred to the fact that they are now fighting on the Stalin line. The idea, of course, is to magnify unduly in advance the importance of any fresh forward thrust that may be made. One Nazi commentator said that the German troops expected strong defence at this line, but that the break through would come and that then the way would be open for the German armies to march in to the interior.

No one need be misled by this clumsy nonsense. The Russian High Command since the first thrust has shown a nice appreciation of the strategic position, and of the suitable method of dealing with the Panzer attack.

They are not so fatuous as to tie themselves up to the rigid defence of a 1,400 mile inferior Maginot Line. Their object is to keep their forces in being and to smash the German flanks or spear-heads whenever conditions are suitable.

I notice that in one Russian communique dealing with the German thrust in the north they say: "On the Dvina we gave the enemy a series of short and sharp blows." Precisely. No Maginot Psychology in this. These are the proper tactics for conducting an elastic retreat.

About the actual fighting to date, I would hazard the opinion that the main weight behind the German thrust at present is in the Kiev area. The weather hereabouts, which according to the Germans held them up for some time, has probably improved. Further north they are having a heat wave.

All this part of the Ukraine is well adapted for large scale tank movements. There are practically no obstacles of any kind until the Dniiper is reached. The Hungarians are coming up also from the south-east. There is no doubt at all about the great importance of this campaign on Kiev and the Dniiper crossings both from the military and economic point of view.

On the Rumanian frontier, right away in the south, the Russians have made a successful counterattack but I feel this is probably for the purpose of disengaging their main force, whose position here is compromised by the German advance towards Kiev, and enabling it to retreat in good order.

GERMANS FEAR NORWEGIAN SABOTAGE BEHIND FINNISH LINES

50 Arrested At Port Vadso

LONDON, July 16.

German fear of sabotage behind the Finnish lines in Northern Norway has resulted in widespread arrests of persons suspected of sympathising with the Russians, according to information reaching the Norwegian telegraph agency in London.

50 persons are reported to have been arrested in the small port of Vadso immediately the hostilities started. Owing to the attitude of Norwegian crews, steamers loading at Kirkens on the Norwegian-Finnish Frontier were ordered to leave partially loaded and express mail steamers on the coastal route round North Cape, and were not allowed to complete their journey.

SOVIET PLANES GIVE IT HOT TO NAZIS

The following cable has been received from London:—

For the first time the Nazi radio has admitted that the Russian Air Force, which it formerly claimed had been completely destroyed, is making "such ceaseless mass raids as we have never before experienced. They are everywhere."

"We are attacked almost continuously by Russian Rata (fighter) planes", said the war reporter, Joachim Richter, broadcasting from the front. Richter was then heard talking to the Commander of a German Battery whose gun had been put out of action. During the conversation Russian Martin bombers appeared over them. The Commander began to swear. "These Russian planes simply won't be driven off", he shouted. Such ceaseless raids we have never before experienced. The devil knows where they all come from. They must have been transferred from other sectors of the front. I cannot explain these masses of Soviet planes otherwise".

"Blitz" Tactics Fail

How the new technique of Russian resistance is forcing Germany to alter her Blitz tactics was described by the Moscow radio on the 13th, which said that, instead of crashing on far ahead and along regardless of what opposition they leave behind. German tanks are now being protected against the staggering casualties of the first three weeks of war. They are being escorted by slow anti-aircraft units, which reduce their pace by more than half and complicate transport and supply. They are also being constantly protected by swarms of Messerschmitt fighters which try to clear the air ahead.

NAZIS BEING BEATEN IN RESEARCH WORK

Biggest Bombers Of Br. Will Soon Be Ready

The "Daily Mail" Air correspondent writes:—

British and American air research workers are beating the Nazis in an all-important battle in which "the sky is the limit." Recent experiments have brought nearer the day when Britain's biggest bombers will wing their way through the stratosphere — over searchlights.

Significant hints of Britain's progress in this battle for height were given by Lt.-Col. Moore-Brabazon, Minister of Aircraft production, in the House of Commons, last week. He commented rather cryptically that "great attention is now being devoted to the problem of height." It is easy to envisage the time when substratosphere bombers — probably equipped with pressure cabins A—will be flying regularly. A pressure cabin is a special cabin which does away with the present oxygen mask. Pressure would be regulated by the pilot, fresh air being drawn in through the wings and compressed and foul air exhaled through the tail.

Bombers would be out of reach of guns and searchlights, until over their targets. And then—with Britain's and America's improved bomb sight—they might still elude other ground defences.

Enemy air losses last week in all areas except Eastern Europe totalled 135 planes. Of these 22 were shot down over Britain and 82 over Germany.

The R.A.F. lost 96 planes, but eight pilots are safe.—A. P.

SIR SHANMUKHAM IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, July 18.

Sir R. K. Shanmukham Chetty, Head of the Indian Purchasing Mission to America, arrived here to-day from Madras.—A. P.

Hyderabad Elections Under Joint Electorate

KARACHI, July 17.

The Hyderabad Municipality is the third in the province to have civic elections on the Joint Electorate System. Polling commenced in the town yesterday.

There were in all over sixty candidates contesting 35 seats. It may be mentioned that Congress candidates had withdrawn from the elections in pursuance of the All-India Congress Committee circular.—A. P.

Chief Officer Of Karachi Board Dismissed

KARACHI, July 17.

A Government notification announces to-night that as a result of an official enquiry into the allegations of misappropriation and misconduct against Mr. Kazi Abdul Raheman, Chief Officer of the Karachi District Local Board, the enquiry officer has held that the charges have been proved against him.

The Provincial Government has, therefore, ordered his removal from the office of Chief Officer of the Board with effect from 31st July 1941, adds the notification.—A. P.

"SLIGHTLY HIGHER" CASUALTIES

Nazis' Modest Admission!

The following cable has been received from London:

The "Daily Telegraph" writes: in a broadcast from the German-controlled Paris radio last night, it was admitted that German losses in the Russian campaign have been "slightly higher than in the campaigns in Poland, France, the Balkans and Crete."—A. P.

PLEADER'S CONVICTION SET ASIDE

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Sen)

Anant Shankar Nimbkar—Appellant (Original Accused)

v

Imperator.

The accused, a pleader practising in the Chiplun Court in the Ratnagiri District for about 9 years had, on 6th March 1941 been sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and to fines of various amounts aggregating to Rs 500/- for the offences of giving and of using false evidence, forgery, using as genuine a forged document as well as of forging the record of a court under Sections 193, 196, 465, 471 and 468 respectively of the Indian Penal Code by Mr. A. K. Phadkar, Additional Sessions Judge, Thana. From these convictions the accused appealed to the High Court.

In 1939 the accused was instructed by one Virkar who was his client to file an execution application in the Sub-Judge's Court at Chiplun. Presumably through oversight the accused did not file the application in Court till 11th March 1940, which was the last day for filing the application in time—10th being a Sunday. The prosecution alleged that some time after the 12th March it must have occurred to the accused that the execution application which he had filed was time-barred and that in order to get over the bar of limitation he himself forged the copy of the decree and the Court's Registers which he obtained from the Court Clerk by altering the date of the decree from "10th March 1937" to "20th March 1937". The accused totally denied these charges and pleaded "not guilty". His defence was, however, rejected by the Additional Sessions Judge who sentenced him as above on the circumstantial evidence advanced by the prosecution.

Their Lordships in appeal set aside the convictions of the accused by the learned trial judge, allowed the appeal and ordered that the fines, if paid, should be refunded.

Mr. K. A. Somjee with Mr. Vijaya R. Desai and Mr. G. A. Desai appeared for the accused.

The Government Pleader, Mr. R. A. Jaghirdar, appeared for the Crown.

PATNA.—In a "Gazette" Notification the Government of Bihar has proscribed under the Defence of India Rules a Hindi booklet entitled 'Kisan Pucar' and has declared all its copies forfeited to the Government.—A. P.

Around The Courts

3 RIOT SUSPECTS DISCHARGED

BOMBAY, Friday.

Three persons who were alleged to have thrown stones on a crowd during the recent disturbances in the city, were discharged to-day for want of sufficient evidence by Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagon Court.

One man was sentenced to one month's R. I. and Rs. 100 fine or in default one week's further imprisonment for carrying a knife, by the same Magistrate, to-day.

FINED FOR BREACH OF LIGHTING RULES

Found guilty of the charge that they did not properly screen the lights in their respective houses as required by the A. R. P. lighting restrictions nine persons who were arrested by the Gamdevi Police were sentenced to pay fines ranging from Rs. 5 to Rs. 20 by Mr. D. S. Babrekar, Presidency Magistrate of Girgaum Police Court to-day.

Of these accused Salebhai Kamruddin and Haribux Nandlal were fined Rs. 20 and Rs. 8 respectively. All the rest accused were fined 5 each.

RUN OVER BY TRAIN.

Dadoo Soma aged 30, a labourer in the G.I.P. Railway Power House at Kurla, was knocked down by a train between Bandra and Mahim, while trespassing on the railway tracks, on the 16th July. Death was instantaneous.

The city coroner recorded a verdict of accidental death at the inquest to-day.

WOMAN COMMITS SUICIDE

Sakinabai Meheralli Agal 35, resident of Nishanpada Road, who had been suffering from abdominal pain for a long time, was found her room with extensive burns yesterday afternoon. She was removed to the hospital.

When questioned by her husband she said that her abdominal pain having become unbearable she had poured kerosene oil on her sari and set fire to it.

The coroner recorded a verdict of death caused by extensive suicidal burns at the inquest to-day.

ALL SCARE AND NO STONES!

Three persons who were alleged to have thrown stones from one building on a neighbouring one, during the recent communal disturbances in the city, were acquitted by Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, to-day.

At a demonstration staged at the place on the visit of the Magistrate, stones thrown by the police could not reach the spot where they were said to have fallen. The Magistrate came to the conclusion that no stones fell and it was only a scare and that the only good thing that emerged out of the whole affair was the daring and pluck of the police officer. Mr. M. A. Shaik, who jumped from the roof of one house to the terrace of another in a vain endeavour to apprehend the alleged miscreants.

RETURN EXTERNEE GETS ONE YEAR

Raghunath Shankar, a return externee, who was arrested by the Bhoiwada Police on June 19, was sentenced to undergo one year's R. I. by Mr. K. C. Thakore, Presidency Magistrate of Dadar Court.

Serious Motor Car Accident At Khar

(From Our Correspondent)

KHAR, July 18.

A serious accident occurred on Thursday morning at about 11 a.m. on the Ghod-bunder Road between Khar and Santacruz when a De-luxe car driven by Sjt. Rasiklal Choksi, a prominent citizen of Santacruz, collided with a motor-lorry coming from the opposite direction.

The car was completely overturned and the occupant Syt. Choksi was injured seriously. He was removed to the hospital immediately. The driver who was the other occupant escaped unhurt and the motor-lorry received little damage only. The Police are making vigorous enquiries.

CUTTACK.—Eight Congress Commissioners of the Cuttack Municipal Council, including its chairman have, it is understood, tendered resignation of their seats following the adoption of the "War Resolution" by the Council.—A. P.

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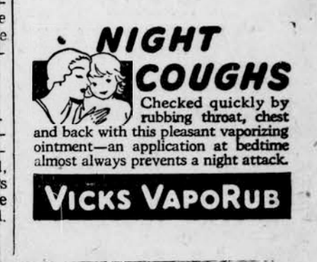
STOPS ALL CHAFING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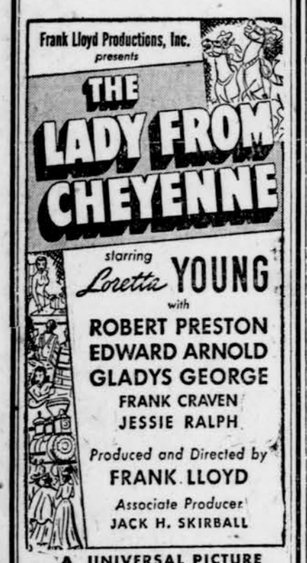

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This Thing Called Love
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First Time Together!
This Thing Called Love
with
BINNIE BARNES
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Based upon the play by Edwin Burke, as produced by Patterson McNutt
Screen play by George Seaton, Ken Englund, P. J. Wolfson
Directed by
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NEW EMPIRE
4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

In Technicolour
TOMORROW 10 A.M.
OPERA HOUSE

Rates: As. 4, 7, 12 and Re. 1|2.

Co-operative Societies Make Headway

Increase In Numbers, Members And Reserve Funds

Increases in the numbers of societies and of members and in the reserve and other funds were features of the working of co-operative societies in Bombay Province during 1939-40.

The number of societies rose from 5,126 to 5,239 and of members from 611,888 to 631,346. The total share capital increased from Rs. 2.39 crores to Rs. 2.52 crores and reserve and other funds from Rs. 2.39 crores to 2.48 crores. The total working capital, however, decreased by Rs. 13.83 lakhs, the fall being mainly due to the decrease in the bank loans outstanding, members' deposits and other outside liabilities. There was a decrease of Rs. 20.55 lakhs in the overdues—a distinct sign of gradual return of the co-operative movement to healthier conditions.

Loans to the extent of Rs. 66.58 lakhs and Rs. 3.93 crores were advanced by the agricultural and non-agricultural co-operative credit societies respectively. The bulk of finance by agricultural credit societies was of a short-term nature for current agricultural needs. Loans for unproductive purposes like ceremonials were discouraged and showed a downward tendency. Loans for redemption of old debts were advanced through the land mortgage banks—an appropriate agency for dealing with long-term finance. In the case of non-agricultural societies, the major portion of the loans were advanced for trade, commerce and allied purposes.

THRIFT AND CREDIT

Of the 209 societies registered during the year, 53 were thrift and credit societies and 54 multi-purpose societies. Next in order were the salary earners' and better farming societies—31 and 10 respectively. The remaining 52 consisted of six credit societies, three land mortgage banks, 17 non-agricultural credit societies, 10 urban credit societies, two housing and 14 producers', consumers' and other societies.

The large number of thrift and credit and multi-purpose societies registered was, to some extent, due to the increased demand from rural areas for credit, especially for current agricultural needs, but mainly it was the result of the propaganda carried by the Department to popularise these multi-purpose societies. The main feature of these societies has been to link credit with thrift and/or marketing and supply. They have thus helped to tide over the main draw-back found in the older type of societies which confined their operations to credit only.

The registration of 19 better farming societies, intended to promote improved methods of agriculture and function as complements of multi-purpose societies, offers scope for improving the agricultural industry.

The sale societies, particularly cotton sale societies in Gujarat and the Karnatak, continued to be the most outstanding feature of non-credit activities and were instrumental in securing better prices for the farmers and in saving members and other customers from the dishonest practices of many private dealers.

FINANCES OF D. C. BANKS

The Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank continued to be well managed and its working capital increased by Rs. 2.19 lakhs. The financial position of the district central banks continued to be sound. The total number of land mortgage banks in the Province at the close of the year was 17 primary land mortgage banks with the Provincial Co-operative Land Mortgage Bank as the apex institution. The urban banks continued to contribute to the development of trade and industry by the provision of finance and other facilities.

The Bombay Co-operative Insurance Society continued to maintain satisfactory progress. Under the consumers' movement, there was an increase in the number of societies, members, sales, profits and the working capital. In the housing movement, the increase in the share capital, reserve and other funds and working capital and the reduction in the Government loans were satisfactory.

16 The TOP-NOTCH
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Confessions of a NAZI SPY
WARNER BROS' stirring drama, with
EDWARD G. ROBINSON
FRANCHOT TONE
LEDERER
George Sanders
Paul Lukas · Henry O'Neill
New UNCENSORED COPY!

Shri. H. K. Bane, prominent Congress worker of Chinchani, who offered Satyagraha on 14th morning, was arrested and sentenced to 4 months' simple imprisonment by the Additional District Magistrate of Thana.

Minimum Wage For Thana And Kolaba Forest Workers

The Government of Bombay has sanctioned the enforcement, for a further period of one year in the case of contracts for coupes sold in the Thana and Kolaba divisions, of the condition regarding payment of minimum daily wages to the labourers at the rate of 5 annas for a man, 4 annas for a woman and 2-1/2 annas for a boy under 18.

INDIAN REFORMS COMMISSIONER

SIMLA, July 18.

It is understood that Mr. H. V. Hodson, Reforms Commissioner, will leave Simla on July 27 for Bombay from where he visits Nagpur and then Allahabad where he stays with Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru. From Allahabad he goes to Lucknow and returns to Simla from there.—United Press.

PATNA.—Ten members of the Congress Party in the Shahabad District Board have been expelled for a period of five years from the Congress by the Working Committee of the Bihar Provincial Congress Commitee.—A. P.

Muslim University Resignations

Malik Khuda Baksh's Suggestion

(From Our Correspondent)
PESHAWAR, July 13.

Malik Khuda Bakhsh, Speaker of the Frontier Assembly and a member of the Aligarh Muslim University Court has issued the following statement to the press:

"I have been closely watching the progress of events of the Aligarh Muslim University and was under the impression that the affairs had resumed abnormal condition after the recent election of the Vice-Chancellor. But I have been surprised to read in the press that three prominent members of the Executive Committee of the Muslim University, Nawab Mohammad Ismail Khan, Dr. Zakir Hussain Khan of the Jamia Millai Islamia, and Khan Bahadur Habibullah Khan have announced their resignation from the membership of the body, because they thought that the spirit of party and faction has come back to Aligarh in all its intensity and they wish to dissociate themselves from it in an unmistakable manner.

Certainly there must be something very seriously wrong with the administration of the University which has compelled these three prominent Muslims to join together in severing their connections from the only institution with which the hopes of Indian Muslims are bound up. I wish that instead of taking this drastic step, they had once more made efforts to bring about reforms from within. What is done can still be undone, and from this far off corner of India, I appeal to the gentlemen concerned to think over the matter again and to return to the institution of which the interest must be as dear to them as to anybody else.

"In the circumstances it is the bounden duty of the Vice-Chancellor Dr. Sir Ziauddin Ahmad to take into serious consideration the future of the University which is under his charge and to so conduct its administration as to be able to bring in its fold such persons as have not so far taken any interest in the University. He should not alienate the sympathies of those who have for years been working for the advancement of the Muslim University and who must be feeling a great pang of the heart when they feel obliged to say good-bye to an institution for which I have no doubt they have been always prepared to make any sacrifice."

Puerto Rico's New Social Legislation

(Continued from Page 6.)

for an Authority for the Utilization of Water Resources—a sort of tropical TVA. In a country essentially agricultural and industrially undeveloped like Puerto Rico the importance of the development of hydro-electric power can never be understated. One of the several private corporations, for instance, now serves thirty-five municipalities, including the Capital, San Juan. An accessory law provides for the government acquisition of this corporation. Another company serving the Ponce area is already under government control.

Passage of these vital new laws was no push-over. With a bare majority, the Popular Party had to depend in the Lower House on the support of an insignificant three-party coalition which, at the zero hour, threatened to withdraw support. Munoz Marin then made a dramatic move. In a five-station radio hook-up he appealed directly to the Puerto Rican people for moral support. It was a daring move and might have resulted in a terrible fiasco, but it worked. Thousands of telegrams flooded the dissident legislators with the most picturesque messages, and within forty-eight hours the proposed basic legislation was again making progress.

The success of this novel appeal is likely to have unexpected results. One of these is the probable ruin of the political career of Miguel A. Garcia Mendez, former Speaker of the House, sugar mill owner, corporation lawyer and leader of the recently defeated party, who is credited with having engineered the attempted schism in the Lower House. This alleged conspiracy to defeat the basic legislation has been denied time and again, but uppermost in most people's minds now is the desire to see the whole basic legislation enacted, and incidental plots are momentarily forgotten.

Indeed, this island is experiencing a true social upsurge. The Police have been given an eight-hour day, teachers have been given twelve-month contracts, an organized campaign to reduce the 33 per cent of illiteracy is now under way, liberal-minded lawyers with progressive views are being appointed to fill court vacancies, efficient public servants are actually being retained regardless of partisanship—even the newspapers give increasing evidence of a desire to catch up with the new spirit.

The only possible anti-climax to this is that such a really democratic new order should have come at a time when democracy is under fire, when the whole Caribbean area is regarded as a line of defence. Those who attempt to look into the future are wondering how long the blessings of honest-to-goodness damocracy are to last in an island that has known victimization for centuries. In many ways Puerto Rico is still a colony. Its democratic form of Government is limited. Detrimental distinctions between islander and continental still come from official quarters, testifying to racial prejudices that die hard. But the fight is on. (Nofrontier News Service.)

PATIALA.—Seventeen candidates have been selected for preliminary training at the Mahendra College, Patiala, for Emergency Viceroy's Commissions. The classes will start from 19th July next.—A. P.

Is this Your Platonic LOVE?

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cried out an orthodox papa to her westernised daughter

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Partake of your favourite dishes, paratas, chappetis, purees, luchees, etc., without fear of unpleasant after effects.
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BOXES OF 50 & 100 TABLETS SUFFICIENT FOR 1 and 2 WEEKS
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New Epoch In Science Of Ayurved

KNIGHT INAUGURATES ANANDILAL PODAR COLLEGE AT WORLI

"To-day marks an epoch in the science of Ayurved in the province of Bombay" remarked Mr. F. H. Knight, Adviser to the Government of Bombay, inaugurating the Rambilas Anandilal Podar Ayurvedic College at Worli. A large gathering, including Major General R. H. Candy, the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay was present on the occasion.

The new college owes its existence to the magnificent gift of Rs. 4 lakhs made by the late M. Anandilal Podar in memory of his son Seth Rambilas Podar. This money has been utilized for the construction of the college and the hospital buildings. The Government of Bombay will defray the running expenses of the college. The management of the college is vested in an advisory council of five members, two of whom will be nominated by the donors, and three by the Government.

After referring to the thousands of years of learned tradition behind the Ayurvedic system of medicine, and of the marvellous Sanskrit works in which the theory and the practice of that system were enshrined, Mr. Knight said that an effort would be made by the new institution to raise the standard of education in the science of Ayurved and to supplement that system in those directions in which in the past the system had appeared deficient, especially in surgery, gynaecology, and to add to its methods, hallowed by tradition, the scientific advances made more recently in other systems of medicine.

In the old days said the speaker, the Ayurvedic physician acquired his knowledge by being a pupil or apprentice to a heridi tary 'vaid'. The individual nature of the training could not but result in great variations in the qualities of the practitioners turned out. Therefore, the passing of the Indian Medical Practitioners' Act and the institution of the Board of Indian Systems of Medicine was a step towards ensuring a more uniform qualification among those who practised Indian medicine and securing to the public that such practitioners reached an adequate degree of medical education. The Board had now laid down the standards and prescribed examinations. Instruction would be imparted in the college in science, anatomy and physiology, surgery and midwifery,—a course designed to produce an education combining the best of both systems of medicine.

Continuing Mr. Knight remarked that in these days every science had to welcome strangers within its gates. If science failed to do so and adopted a policy of isolation and of withdrawal from the stream of human progress then its power of helping humanity would inevitably decrease. Doubtless in the eyes of some people the progress of the college would be measured by its assimilation to allopathic medicine and in the eyes of others by its adherence to the great traditions of the past. Neither view must prevail. The Podar College should aim at the conservation within Ayurved and the absorption into Ayurved of all the therapeutic knowledge which could be proved to be good and useful whether it coincided with Ayurvedic ideas or with allopathic views.

NEED FOR A CRITICAL MIND

Addressing those starting their career in the college Mr. Knight said that they were embarking on a profession which had probably greater potentialities for service to mankind than any other. He advised students to cultivate a critical mind and to realise that advance in science and knowledge proceeded by trial, error and proof. He asked them to remember that the hospital attached to the college afforded them an opportunity for post-graduate work and for research, and he hoped that much might be done to extend the knowledge of the effect of various Ayurvedic drugs and treatment which hitherto had merely been emperical. He hoped the college would fulfil its mission by helping to breathe new life into the venerable and comprehensive science and making a real contribution to the knowledge and practice of medicine. He also hoped the practitioners turned out by the college would always uphold the selfless standards of humanitarian service, the proud distinction of the medical profession.

PROGRESS OF AYURVED

The Principal of the College, Kavi Raj Ashanand Khatri thanked the donors for the gift of the buildings of the college and hospital. The construction of a pharmacy block (Rasa-shala) was under contemplation. It was now an established fact that Ayurveda was a regular science based on sound principles. The Government of Madras was the first in India to encourage the study of Ayurveda by starting a college in 1925. In 1922, it appointed an inquiry committee which collected evidence of prominent vaidyas and doctors from all parts of the country when ample proofs were provided to show that the system was based on scientific principles. Other provincial Governments followed suit. The U. P. Government was now spending more than Rs. 1,50,000 on teaching institutions on Indian medicines and about the same sum on charitable dispensaries of the Indian system. The Behar Government had a college of its own, the Punjab Government was aiding several institutions and the Bengal Government had established a medical committee of Ayurvedic practitioners. The Matriculation examination or other equivalents fixed at present as a preliminary qualification for admission was necessary because the present curriculum of Ayurvedic studies demanded it, but arrangements would be made in the college to give more training in Sanskrit to the students.

Major-General R. H. Candy said that they all viewed this experiment not only with great interest, but with the hope that it would create a class of practitioners who would be very useful especially in the rural districts of the Presidency.

Vaidya Jadavji Tricumji Acharya congratulated Messrs. Ramdevji and Ramnathji Podar on having filled in a crying need of the Bombay presidency by providing an Ayurvedic College. He also congratulated the Government on having undertaken to manage it. He reminded all concerned that students might take necessary western knowledge but the primary object should be study and propagation of Ayurved.

Moving a vote of thanks to Mr Knight, Mr. Ramdeo Podar paid a glowing tribute to the untiring zeal of the late Congress Ministry which promoted education in the Indian system of medicine.

Wavell Issues Order Of The Day

SIMLA, July 18.

"On assuming the appointment of Commander-in-Chief in India, I desire to make known to all ranks of the Royal Indian Navy, the Army and the Air Forces in India my sense of the high honour conferred on me by His Majesty the King Emperor in placing in my hands the great responsibility of the Defence of India," says General Sir Archibald Wavell in an "Order of the Day."

"I feel very proud to assume command of that army which responded so whole-heartedly on every occasion on which as Commander-in-Chief in the Middle-East I asked for its assistance.

During the struggle with Italy in East Africa units of the Royal Indian Navy took a notable share in overcoming the enemy's threat to the Red Sea.

I should like to take this opportunity to pay a tribute to the courage, discipline and skilful leadership of Indian troops, which contributed so largely to the victory at Sidi Barrani, the destruction of the Italian armies in East Africa, the halting of the German attack in Cyrenaica, and the occupation of Syria, during which the capture of Damascus showed the fighting qualities of the Indian Army at its best and will form a brilliant episode in its history.

I would also like to pay a special tribute to the gallant action of the 3rd Motor Brigade at Mechili where, at the cost of great sacrifices, it enabled other troops which were in danger of being cut off to be successfully withdrawn.

"I am aware of your great regret at the departure of your late Commander-in-Chief who was so well-known to you all. It is fitting that he should be given the opportunity of leading in battle those Indian troops who have fought so well under my command. You will, I am sure, be sensible of the honour done to the Indian army in selecting one of her Generals to command troops from all parts of the Commonwealth, and those of our allies, in the most important theatre of the war at the present time. I shall do my best to carry on in India the work he had so successfully begun, and to ensure the defence of India and the welfare of her soldiers."—A.P.

25 P. C. OF LAND PASSES ON TO MONEY LENDERS

100 Crores Required For Rescuing Peasantry

(From Our Correspondent)

HYDERABAD, July 17.

Mr. S. M. Bharucha who was Additional Secretary to the Revenue Department last year submitted a Note to the Government last year in conjunction with Mr. Liakattulla Khan, Finance Secretary and Mr. Fazlullah, Secretary to the Co-operative Department on the need for a State bank.

Among the reasons given was the urgency of relieving the peasantry from indebtedness.

After careful and conservative calculation they estimated that rural indebtedness amounted to over a crore of rupees and that "one-fourth of the land had permanently passed and gone out of the possessions of the agriculturists," and concluded, "In short the country-side has during the past been only exploited by local and foreign money-lenders instead of being helped to develop itself."

The Note finally proposed that "the only remedy for this state of affairs is provision by the State of facilities for long term borrowing, including land mortgage banking, in which capital is provided partly by Government and partly by the public."

Finding such a huge sum as hundred crores is no easy task specially when it considers that it has to be got at the lowest possible rate of interest.

However, the State authorities have decided that the problem shall be got over without any further delay and the launching of a full-fledged State bank is well on the way.

As far as public contributions to the bank are concerned it is proposed to give facilities to local financiers in the first case. At the same time everything will be done to see that there is no wholesale transfer of land from the farmers to the State bank.

To do this the bank will have a supervising staff to see that the money lent to the farmers is spent on productive activities.

PESHAWAR, July 18.

The Governor of the North West Frontier Province has returned to Peshawar from Parachinar Kurram accompanied by the Chief Secretary.—United Press.

"BE EQUIPPED FOR FUTURE"

Begum Rasul On Indian Women's Post-War Condition

SIMLA, July 17.

"Our future will be determined, not by our capacity to revolt, but our training and equipping ourselves for what we aspire.

In estimating our individuality, in understanding our potentialities, and in moulding our destinies according to our convictions and our traditions lies a great future for us and for society."

In these words Begum Aizaz Rasul, Deputy Speaker, United Provinces Legislative Council, commented on the future of Indian women in the post-war period, in the course of an address to the Simla branch of the Delhi Rotary Club to-night. Sir Gurunath Bewoor presided.—A. P.

Association Of Indian Industries

Secretary, The Association of Indian Industries, writes: —

The Annual Dinner of the Association of Indian Industries will be held on Sunday the 20th July 1941, at 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Bombay Presidency Radio Club 157, Arthur Bunder Road, Colaba Bombay when Sir M Visvesvaraya will be the principal guest.

The Association has also invited all the members of the Committee of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry and several other distinguished guests.

PRISONER'S BOLD BID FOR ESCAPE

Jumps 25 Feet Down Balcony On Being Convicted

BELLARY, July 17.

A sensation was caused in the Ballary Sessions Court when a prisoner who was sentenced to ten years R. I. for attempted murder made a bold bid for escape.

As soon as the sentence was announced he got out of the clutches of the police, dashed out to the balcony from where he took a jump down a height of 25 feet only to fall on the ground unconscious sustaining serious injuries.

He was removed to the local hospital where he is lying in a precarious condition.—A. P.

C. R. SRINIVASAN FOR BOMBAY

MADRAS, July 18.

Mr. C. R. Srinivasan Editor of the Swadesimitran, is leaving for Bombay to-morrow to attend the meeting of the Central Board of the Reserve Bank of India at Bombay on Monday July 21. And also the meetings of the Indian and Eastern Newspaper Society and the Standing Committee of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference to be held there next week.

Mr. Srinivasan will also attend the non-Party Leaders' Conference at Poona on July 26 and 27. —A. P.

LAHORE.—Mr. Dev Raj Sethi, M.L.A., (Congress) will be released on July 26th next from the Gujrat Special Jail after the expiry of his sentence.

WORLD'S QUICKEST AND PLEASANTEST WAY TO END INDIGESTION

"I FOUND 80 SECOND REMEDY ON BUS" writes Mr. J.W. of Bombay

"I tried numerous remedies, X-Ray and doctors for serious gastric trouble without relief", says this sufferer.
Then one day, when indigestion was at its height, "I found an unopened packet of Rennies on a local bus."
He looked, found that Rennies needed no water, unwrapped two tablets, tucked them like sweets and: "They controlled the pain immediately."
Now he has no pain and "I can eat anything, thanks to this great remedy — Rennies."

Gone are the days when you had to wait in discomfort or agony until you could get home and "drink down" some indigestion remedy. Now, when excess acid distends your stomach with wind, when burning acid rises up and scalds your poor throat, when a sharp twinge of pain transfixes you after eating — you can take an instant remedy at once, no matter where you are.

Just slip a Rennie tablet into your mouth. No water needed. Just suck like a sweet. In 80 seconds Rennies' powerful anti-acid ingredients kill excess acid, stop pain immediately. 1,198 doctors use and recommend Rennies. They should know! Now you benefit too.

Get a packet of Rennies from your chemist.

NOTE TO H.M. FORCES AND A.R.P. WORKERS IN INDIA

Always carry a few Rennie tablets in your pocket and eat what you please without painful after-effects. These little pain-killers stop indigestion in a twinkling.

COSTS LESS THAN HALF ANNA PER DOSE

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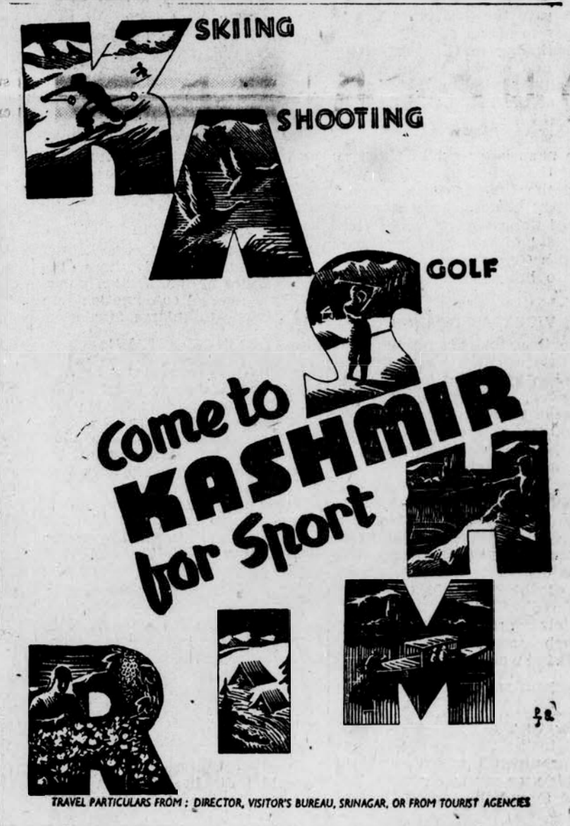

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 19, 1941

Hitler's Plan After Beating Soviet

Revelations About Speech To Party Leaders On Eve Of War With Russia

WASHINGTON, July 17.

Extracts from what is stated to be a confidential speech delivered by Hitler to party leaders in Berlin on May 4, published in the news letter "Foreign Correspondence" throw some light on the events leading to the attack on Russia.

The news letter remarks that the speech was very different from the hymn of victory, which Hitler delivered to the Reichstag later on in the same day. It says that Hitler mentioned the difficulties which might necessitate modifications in the German military, political and economic plans and also referred to the deterioration in Russo-German relations, accusing Russia of openly intriguing against the "New Order" and German interests in consequence of which he had ordered the German Ambassador in Moscow to demand that acts, not words, prove that Russia would not sabotage the new order but would co-operate.

BREAK WITH RUSSIA

"I gave the Soviets an opportunity to affirm their friendship by adhering to the Tri-Partite Pact and placing at our disposal all facilities for the destruction of the British Empire, failing which I gave the order for the armies to march."

The news letter quotes Hitler as saying that when Britain is defeated the United States will not dare fight alone and accusing "a band of war-mongers under Mr. Roosevelt" of trying to provoke war with Germany before she was "able to bring Britain to her knees."

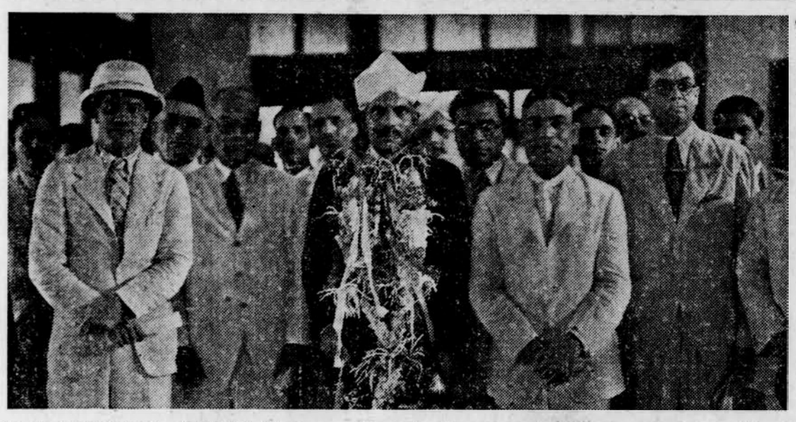
VICHY ASSURANCE

He then told his hearers that M. Debrinon, the Vichy Ambassador in Paris, had formally undertaken, in the event of a war between Germany and the United States, that bases at Dakar and Morocco would be placed at Germany's disposal.

Hitler is also quoted as saying that some Party leaders had urged him to approach Britain with a peace offer but this would be taken as a sign of weakness but if Britain offered to negotiate on the basis of the "New Order" under German direction, he would immediately order the "cease fire" but such peace talks must be with Britain alone.

STRUGGLE OF TITANS AHEAD

Hitler then said: "We must preach to the German people that the war which I was anxious to end this year must continue. I wanted to end the people's suffering and privations but they must continue. Every German man, woman and child must be taught to give the last ounce of strength to feed the war industries, which must equal industrial output of America. It will be a struggle of Titans."—Reuter.



Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar, Commerce Member, Government of India, snapped with the members of Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, on Tuesday last.

Ever Growing Danger Of Destruction To India

Moore Advises Indians To Shed Petty Quarrels & Britain To Do Her Duty As Well

LONDON, July 18.

Mr Arthur Moore, speaking at the India Summer School at Oxford, referring to reports of an impending new move to get a more truly Indian Government in India and release new energy for the prosecution of war, said, "Even now with the Germans thrusting at Moscow and maturing their thrust to the Caucasus and to the oil wells not only of Baku but of Iraq and Iran, with Japan preparing to strike through Indo-China at Burma, Singapore and the Netherlands Indies, our India, which is a menaced country, containing 400 million people, a country full of brave men, rich in all materials needed for great industries to sustain modern armies and airforces is a sleeping giant in the face of mortal danger.

Indian troops have done great things, but what is India's share in the war effort compared with China's struggle against Japan or compared with what Australia with its seven millions has done in Libya and Syria to defend India itself.

I think the British in India have learnt that their function is not to drive Indians. They share the great desire of the British public at home for real co-operation in the struggle to enlarge freedom.

DUTY OF BRITAIN.

Let us play our part in Asia too. It is for us to bring home to India in a ringing clarion call that will wake the very dead to the fact that she has to show herself a nation now and not tomorrow, that with every week that passes the danger of utter destruction will grow greater unless she proves herself a nation, quits her petty quarrels, fights united as a nation with the same full equal status as Australia or any other country now throwing all its weight into the struggle.

It is for us to make it plain that she can have the status now without delay. Let us show to India and all the world that we are not merely fighting to save old freedoms but create new ones, not merely to save an old world, but to build a better world.

Could India live if China died? Could India live if Germany bestrode the Asia Minor and Central Asia?

It is for Britain and India to kindle in Asia such a fire of enthusiasm as will burn to nothing the plans of Hitler and the schemes of the Japanese staff.—Reuter

"EIRE'S NEUTRALITY NOT AN ERROR"?

Opposition Leader Cosgrave Supports Ireland's Neutrality

DUBLIN, July 17.

In the Dail this evening the Deputy Leader of the Opposition Mr. Dillon, said that he believed the policy of neutrality was the policy of the majority of the people and of the Government.

Yet he believed it was not the correct course of conduct for Eire Parliament should ascertain precisely what operation Great Britain and the United States might require to ensure success against the Nazi attempt at world conquest, and as explicitly as possible afford to the United States and Great Britain co-operation to the utmost of their resources, including, of course, the sending of Irish troops abroad.

The Leader of the Opposition Mr. Cosgrave, said that he had no information regarding the statement which Mr Dillon had considered it advisable to make. The wisdom of making such a statement had not impressed him.

Mr. de Valera replying to a debate on external affairs in the Dail to-night said: if anybody attacks us, then every one of us can die, if necessary, fighting for what we are certain is a just cause.

And I say that, no matter from which side we are attacked. That is the position we are taking up and it is not a cowardly position. If we are attacked at all we will be attacked by one of the big nations of the world. We have to face that and we are prepared to face it. We are determined to live our own life."—Reuter

Colour Prejudice In England

Not Due To Unfamiliarity With English Customs But To Imperialism

LONDON, July 14.

Speaking yesterday at the Oxford Summer School, the Deputy High Commissioner for India Mr. S. Lall, said that colour prejudice tended to embitter Indo British relations.

Mr. Lall said he had personal experience of discrimination in England itself where accommodation was sometimes refused on the ground of colour. This was not due to Indian unfamiliarity with English customs as was sometimes alleged. "In my opinion the real cause of the trouble can be traced to ideas of Imperialism which had been held by a few Englishmen who have returned after long spells from parts of the farflung Empire. That they should be proud of the achievements of their country is understandable and even commendable, but that this should produce an attitude of racial superiority is deplorable."

Mr Lall pointed out that colour prejudice began to grow in Italy after the conquest of Abyssinia. The Abyssinians and Indians were denied access to cinemas and restaurants used by Europeans. Thus it seemed inevitable that nations which become empire-minded developed race and colour prejudice. The only antidote for this was the development of racial, political and social equality which had been guaranteed by Queen Victoria but which had never been put into practice.

Other speakers at the Summer School which had been called for the improvement of Indo British relations were Sir George Schuster and Mr Rushbrook Williams —"The Hindu".

"SOLDIERS OF THE WORLD! STRIKE!" BANNED

BANGALORE, July 17.

The British Resident in Mysore has passed orders forfeiting to His Majesty's Government all copies found in the civil and military station of Bangalore of a pamphlet in English entitled "Soldiers of the World! Strike!" issued by the New History Society, New York, U.S.A.—A. P.

PONDICHERRY.—"Fete nationale", the Republican Day was celebrated in Pondicherry with great enthusiasm, on Wednesday. His Excellency M. Louis Bonvin, the Governor of French India and representative of General de Gaulle in India, inspected a Guard of Honour presented by a contingent of the public forces of French India. There was a dinner at the Government House.—A. P.

AMERICAN BOMBERS FOR BRITAIN

Spurt In Production And Encouraging News Of Arrivals In Britain

LONDON, July 17.

Encouraging news regarding the numbers of American bombers arriving in Britain was given in official circles to-night.

Daily, twin-engined lockheed Hudsons, four-engined consolidated liberators and flying fortresses and Catalina flyingboats are flown across the Atlantic and not one has been lost.

Facilities for receiving them have been expanded so that Britain is now in a position to meet the spurt in American production.

Arrangements have been completed for sending back by air as many as possible of the pilots and crews who are ferrying the bombers to Britain.

No time is wasted in getting the men back to their bases on the other side of the Atlantic, so ensuring that no bombers ready for delivery are held up for lack of pilots and crews.—Reuter.

20 BOEING FLYING FORTRESSES FLOWN TO BRITAIN

LONDON, July 11.

The "Daily Telegraph" reports: Twenty Boeing Flying Fortress bombers have already been flown to this country from the United States. Some are now with the operational units of the R.A.F. ready to take part in the ever-growing onslaught on Germany and Nazi-occupied territory.

These giant bombers which have a wing span of 103 ft. 9 in. and are 67ft. 10in in length—continued the original order of the British Government and delivery is now complete. Fresh arrivals under the provisions of the Lease and Legislation will take place regularly.

Equipped with four 1,200 h.p. engines, the Flying Fortress can maintain a speed of 305 m.p.h. at 25,000 ft. and has been known to attain a ceiling of over 36,000 ft.

1,800 PERSONS & FIRMS BLACKLISTED IN LATIN AMERICA

WASHINGTON, July 17.

The United States has blacklisted 1,800 persons and firms in Latin America in an effort to bolster National defence and close export channels to Germany and Italy.—Reuter.

U. S. CHARGES AGAINST GERMAN NEWS AGENCY

WASHINGTON, July 18.

The trial of the Germn Transocean News Agency on charges of failing to register as an agent for a foreign principal, opened sensationally in the District Court here to-day.

Judge Davidson took the unusual precaution of sequestering the jury for the duration of the trial in order to prevent possible attempts being made to influence the jurors.

The Department of Justice charged the agency as being "the propaganda arm of the Nazi Government" and asserted that its articles distributed in Latin America were "highly coloured and inflammatory propaganda, designed to promote ill-feeling against the United States."—Reuter.

Lady Halifax Wishes Godspeed To Thousandth U. S. Bomber For Britain

LOS ANGELES, July 17.

The thousandth Hudson bomber for Britain took off for England to-day to the cheers of 30,000 aircraft workers and in the presence of Lord Halifax, the British Ambassador and Lady Halifax.

Jimmy Mattern, the famous United States airman, was at the controls and in wishing it Godspeed, Lady Halifax expressed Britain's appreciation of the efforts of United States aircraft workers, adding, "Now your labour will take wings. Go, Jimmy Mattern, and God bless you!"

Mattern twice circled the factory field before flying eastward.

Officials stated that Jimmy Mattern would not take the plane all the way to England.

10,000 Italian Troops Stationed In Samos Island

HITLER TO PAY ATTENTIONS TO TURKEY NOW?

LONDON, July 18.

"It is authoritatively learned in Ankara that during the past few weeks, Italians have placed a garrison of some 10,000 troops on the former Greek island of Samos, a few miles off Turkey's southern Aegean coast," said Martin Agronsky, National Broadcasting Company's Ankara correspondent, in a broadcast early Friday morning.

"Over 7,000 of these troops were landed on Samos three weeks ago aboard nine troop transports.

It is reliably reported in Ankara that German reinforcements are expected in the Greek Aegean islands by the middle of August.

This Axis move, combined with the puzzling military activities of Turkey's Bulgarian neighbour, is one more sign that after Russia, Turkey is fated to become the favourite object of Axis intentions.—Reuter.

WELLINGTON.—Introducing the New Zealand budget on Wednesday Mr. Nash, Finance Minister and acting Prime Minister, said taxation would not be increased in the current year.

Social security benefits would be extended to give additional benefits to families with children.

"GERMAN DEFEAT SURE WITH U. S. HELP TO ALLIES"

NEW YORK, July 18.

"Germany's defeat would be assured were the United States to throw the entire weight into the war to-day" declared Mr. William B. Ziff, publisher of the well-informed magazine "Flying and Popular Aviation" in an interview.

"With England serving as our base we would have the advantage of being only a few hundred miles from Germany while Germany would be thousands of miles from us." He added that the United States was now in a "superb tactical position to pour on Germany deadly destruction, grippling all her operations without fear of retaliation."

CALCUTTA.—The office of the Bengal Provincial Hindu Maha Sabha was searched on Thursday by the Special Branch of the Calcutta Police. Several papers, some letters and a typewriter machine have been seized by the Police.—A. P.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE YELLOW BEETLE

WHERE ARE WE GOING?
YOU'LL FIND OUT!
IT'S THE RIVER POLICE!
POLICE !---
KEEP YOUR MOUTH SHUT OR YOU WON'T EVER OPEN IT! NOW DO AS YOU'RE TOLD!
A GIRL? NAW, WE AIN'T SEEN NOBODY --- JUST TH' TWO OF US . . .
STAND BY, WE MAY COME ABOARD!
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